## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

November 13, 2024

Commission File Number 001-36761

## Kenon Holdings Ltd.

1 Temasek Avenue #37-02B Millenia Tower Singapore 039192 (Address of principal executive offices)

 $Indicate \ by \ check \ mark \ whether \ the \ registrant \ files \ or \ will \ file \ annual \ reports \ under \ cover \ of \ Form \ 20-F \ or \ Form \ 40-F.$ 

Form 20-F 

Form 40-F □

EXHIBITS 99.1 AND 99.2 TO THIS REPORT ON FORM 6-K ARE INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE IN THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-201716) OF KENON HOLDINGS LTD. AND IN THE PROSPECTUSES RELATING TO SUCH REGISTRATION STATEMENT.

#### CONTENTS

#### Periodic Report of OPC Energy Ltd. for the Nine Month and Three Month Periods Ended September 30, 2024

On November 13, 2024, Kenon Holdings Ltd.'s subsidiary OPC Energy Ltd. ("OPC") reported to the Israeli Securities Authority and the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange its periodic report (in Hebrew) for the nine-month and three-month periods ended September 30, 2024 ("OPC") Feriodic Report of the Board of Directors for the Nine-Month and Three-Month Periods ended September 30, 2024 and (ii) the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements as at September 30, 2024, each as published in OPC's Periodic Report are furnished as Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2, respectively, to this Report on Form 6-K. In the event of a discrepancy between the Hebrew and English versions, the Hebrew version shall prevail.

## Forward Looking Statements

This Report on Form 6-K, including the exhibits hereto, includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You can generally identify these statements by the use of words like "may", "voild", "believe", "expect", "plan", "estimate", "forecast", "potential", "intend", "target", "future", and variations of these words or comparable words. These statements with respect to construction and development projects and tenders, including expected start of construction and completion date of projects, estimated investment in projects, and characteristics of projects (e.g., capacity and technology) and stage of development of such projects, including expected commercial operation date ("COD"), and other informancin relating to construction and development projects and tenders including the total MW in various stages of development, estimated construction cost, expected competitive advantage, the description of projects in various stages of development, carbon capture projects or projects with carbon capture potential such as the Basin Ranch project, and statements relating to expectations about these projects, expected timing for completion for maintenance work, the agreements by CPV Group to acquire additional holding the terms and expected liming of completion of the invascations of the transactions for OPC, the agreements by CPV Group to acquire additional holding the terms and expected invastent and expected invastent in the state of the transactions of the transactions for the expectation for operation of the transactions and CPV's intention to examine opportunities to increase stakes in projects it owns, the expected impact on CPV Group's results of the availability prices in the PJM published in July 2024 including the expectations of the expect and the agreements and expected impact, expectations with respect to interest rates, the war in Israel and potential impact on OPC including statements about insurance policies covering war and terrorist risk, the

## Exhibits

- 99.1 OPC Energy Ltd. Report of the Board of Directors for the Nine-Month and Three-Month Periods ended September 30, 2024, as published on November 13, 2024 with the Israeli Securities Authority and Tel Aviv Stock Exchange\*
- 99.2 OPC Energy Ltd. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements as at September 30, 2024, as published on November 13, 2024 with the Israeli Securities Authority and Tel Aviv Stock Exchange\*

 $* English \ convenience \ translation \ from \ Hebrew \ original \ document.$ 

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

KENON HOLDINGS LTD.

Date: November 13, 2024 By: /s/ Robert L. Ro

By: /s/Robert L. Rosen
Name: Robert L. Rosen
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 99.1

## OPC ENERGY LTD.

Report of the Board of Directors regarding the Company's Matters for the nine-month and three-month periods ended September 30, 2024

The Board of Directors of OPC Energy Ltd. (hereinafter – "the Company") is pleased to present herein the Report of the Board of Directors regarding the activities of the Company and its investee companies (hereinafter together – "the Group"), as at September 30, 2024 and for the nine-month and three-month periods then ended (the Period of the Report").

Except for the data reviewed in the Company's interim consolidated financial statements as at September 30, 2024 (hereinafter – "the Interim Statements") that is included in this report below, the data appearing in the Report of the Board of Directors has not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditing CPAs.

This Report of the Board of Directors is submitted on the assumption that the interim reports and all parts of the Company's Periodic Report for 2023, which was published on March 12, 2024 (Reference No.: 2024-01-021301) ("the Periodic Report for 2023"), are before the reader and references to the Company's reports include the information presented therein by means of reference.

## 1. Executive Summary<sup>1</sup>

 $\underline{Main\ financial\ parameters}\ (in\ millions\ of\ shekels)$ 

	_	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			For the Three Months Ended September 30		
	<u>-</u>	2024	2023	%	2024	2023	%
Consolidated	Adjusted EBITDA after						
	proportionate consolidation	984	813	21%	401	379	6%
	Net income	74	140	(47)%	86	101	(15)%
	Adjusted net income	77	166	(54)%	81	100	(19)%
	FFO	572	644	(11)%	245	366	(33)%
Israel	Adjusted EBITDA	541	445	22%	255	235	9%
	FFO	383	430	(11)%	145	261	(44)%
<u>U.S.</u>	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	456	388	18%	151	151	0%
	FFO	228	272	(16)%	84	116	(28)%
	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation						
	energy transition	451	437	3%	163	169	(4)%
	Adjusted EBITDA – renewable energies	84	17	394%	21	(2)	1,150%

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation, adjusted net income and FFO are not recognized in accordance with IFRS – for definitions and the manner of their calculation – see Sections 4A and 4B to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023 and Section 4A below.

The Executive Summary below is presented solely for convenience and it is not a substitute for reading the full detail (including with reference to the matters referred to in the Summary) as stated in this report with all its parts (including warnings relating to "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, 1968 ("the Securities Law") definitions or explanations with respect to the indices for measurement of the results and including the information included by means of reference, as applicable). This Summary includes estimates, plans and assessment of the Company, which constitute "forward-looking" information regarding which there is no certainty it will materialize and the readers are directed to the detail presented in this report below.

## 1. Executive Summary (Cont.)

### Main developments in the third quarter and thereafter

Israe

Ramat Beka project – in September 2024, the Group Made an initial payment to Israel Lands Authority (ILA) in respect of the Ramat Beka 2 tender, in the amount of about NIS 178 million (the Company's share – about NIS 142 million), constituting 20% of the aggregate consideration for the areas of the second tender. The Company is continuing to advance a consolidated project for generation of electricity using photovoltaic technology with integrated storage with a cumulative capacity of about 505 megawatts and about 2,760 megawatts per hour of storage. See also Section 6A(1) below.

Refinancing in Israel – in August 2024, OPC Holdings Israel signed two bank financing agreements, with an aggregate scope of NIS 1.65 billion, which were used mainly for purposes of early repayment of the project financing of the Zomet and Gat power plants. See also Note 7A(2) to the interim statements.

U.S.

Investment in the area of renewable energy activities in the U.S. – in August 2024, binding investment agreements were signed, in the aggregate amount \$300 million, in CPV Renewables, in exchange for 33.3% of the ordinary rights in CPV's renewable-energy activities, based on a value "before the money" of \$600 million. At the end of October 2024, the regulatory approval for the investment agreement was received. As at the approval date of this report, In CPV's estimation, the transaction is expected to be completed in the next few days. See also – Section 10D below.

Transactions for increase in the holdings in the Shore and Maryland power plants in the area of Energy Transition in the U.S. – in October 2024, acquisition of 25% of the Maryland power plant was completed and binding agreements were signed for acquisition of an additional 25% of Maryland and 31% of Shore. The total amount required in connection with the transactions, including as a result of their closing (if closed) is expected to amount to about \$200 million – \$230 million. In CPV's estimation, the additional acquisitions are expected to take place in the fourth quarter of 2024. See also Section 10C below.

Availability tenders in the PJM market for the period July 2025 through September 2026 – in July 2024, the results of tenders for availability prices in PJM were published, with a significant increase in the prices to about \$270 per megawatt per day. In CPV's estimation, the additional to its revenues from availability for the period of the tender us estimated at about \$89 million: about \$54 million from prior holdings in the power plants in PJM and about \$35 million in respect of an increase in the holdings in Shore (31%) and Maryland (50%) See also Section 3.3L below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Including the expected amount in connection with reduction of the leverage in respect of the holdings being acquired in one of the projects.

## 1. Executive Summary (Cont.)

U.S. (Cont.)

Start of construction of the Rogue's Wind project (wind-energy power plant with a capacity of 114 megawatts located in Pennsylvania) – in August 2024 a Work Commencement Order was issued for construction of the Rogue's Wind project, concurrent with closing the financing for the project. See also Section 6A(2) below.

Refinancing Fairview and reduction of interest in Maryland – in August and September 2024, the undertakings for refinancing Fairview and reducing the interest in Maryland were completed. See also Section 9 below.

Tax partner agreement in the Backbone project (solar technology-based power plant with a capacity of 179 megawatts, in the state of Maryland) – in October 2024, a binding agreement was signed with a tax partner for investment of an aggregate amount of about \$116 million. See also Section 6A(2) below.

Group headquarters

 $\underline{Raising\ of\ capital}-in\ July\ 2024, the\ Company\ completed\ raising\ of\ capital, in\ the\ amount\ of\ about\ NIS\ 800\ million.$ 

Credit rating – in July 2024, S&P Maalot reconfirmed the credit rating of the Company and its debentures at the level of ilA– and updated the rating outlook from negative to stable.

## Portfolio of about 10.1 GW and about 2.8 GWh of storage (for details - see Section 6 below)

### United States (\*)



(\*) The above chart does not include increase in the holdings in the Shore power plant at the rate of 31% and in the Maryland power plant at the rate of 25%, and the investment agreement in the renewable-energy area, which as at the approval date of the report had not yet been completed.

(\*\*) Natural gas with carbon capture potential – presented in the above diagram based on the rate of holdings of CPV (70%). In addition, the CPV Group has additional projects in the area of natural gas with carbon capture potential with a scope about 5GW (CPV's share – about 3.9GW) that are in the initial development stages.

Israel (\*)



(\*) The early development does not include the Hadera 2 project, with a capacity of 850 megawatts, in light of the Government's decision to reject the plan, as stated in Section 10A below. As at the approval date of the report, the Company had filed a petition with the High Court of Justice against the Government's decision to reject one of the plans.

That stated with respect to the development stages, capacities and expectations regarding construction of the development projects constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based on the Company's estimates at the date of the report and regarding which there is no certainty they will be realized. Ultimately, there could be changes in the characteristics of the projects and/or delays due to regulatory and/or operating factors and/or realization of one or more of the risk factors to which the Company is exposed, as stated in Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023. Advancement of the development projects is subject to the discretion of the Company's competent organs and existence (fulfillment) of additional conditions, as stated in Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.

## 2. Brief description of the areas of activity

The Company is a public company the securities of which are listed for trade on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange Ltd. (hereinafter – "the Stock Exchange").

For details regarding the Group's activity segments in the period of the report – see Part 2 of the Report of the Board of Directors that is included in the Periodic Report for 2023 ("Report of the Board of Directors for 2023") and Note 27 to the annual financial statements.

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment

### 3.1 General

A. Macro-economic environment (particularly inflation and interest) – for details regarding the business environment and the macro-economic situation in which the Group companies operate, significant changes that occurred in 2022–2023 and the impact thereof on the Group's activities – see Section 3.1A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

In the U.S, in the interest-rate decision made in September 2024, the interest rate was cut by 0.5% to the level of 4.75%–5%, and in the interest-rate decision made in November 2024, the interest rate was cut by 0.25% to the level of 4.75%–5%, and in the interest-rate decision made in November 2024, the interest rate was cut by 0.25% to the level of 4.5%–4.75%. Pursuant to estimates published by the U.S. Federal Reserve Bank, during 2024 an additional rate reduction of 0.25% is expected to the level of 4.25%–4.5%. In Israel, in the January 2024 interest decision Bank of Israel decided to reduce the interest rate to 4.5% while in the other interest-rate decisions there was no change, where according to the forecasts published by Bank of Israel, against the background of continuation of the war no change is expected in the interest rate in 2025.

Set forth below is data with reference to the currency exchange rate, Consumer Price Index (CPI) in Israel and in the U.S. the interest rates of Bank of Israel and the interest rates of the Fed in U.S.:

Dollar/shekel exchange rate*	2024	2023	Change
At the end of the prior year	3.627	3.519	3.1%
On September 30	3.710	3.824	(3.0)%
On June 30	3.759	3.700	1.6%
Average January- September	3.701	3.642	1.6%
Average July- September	3.714	3,744	(0.1)%

\* The dollar/shekel exchange rate shortly before the approval date of the report (on November 10, 2024) is 3.722.

	Israeli CPI	U.S. CPI	Bank of Israel Interest Rate	Federal interest rate
On November 10, 2024	115.0	315.3	4.5%	4.75%-4.50%
On September 30, 2024	115.2	314.8	4.5%	4.75%-5.00%
On June 30, 2024	113.4	314.1	4.5%	5.25%-5.50%
On December 31, 2023	111.3	307.1	4.75%	5.25%-5.50%
On September 30, 2023	111.2	307.0	4.75%	5.25%-5.50%
On June 30, 2023	110.3	304.1	4.75%	5.00%-5.25%
On December 31, 2022	107.7	297.7	3.25%	4.25%-4.50%
Change in the first nine months of 2024	3.5%	2.5%	(0.25)%	(0.5)%
Change in the first nine months of 2023	3.3%	3.1%	1.5%	1.00%
Change in the third quarter of 2024	1.6%	0.2%	0%	(0.5)%
Change in the third quarter of 2023	0.8%	1.0%	0%	0.25%

For details regarding credit linked to the CPI or to prime – see Section 9B of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023, and that stated in Note 7A(2) to the interim statements. For additional details regarding impacts of the changes in the macro-economic environment on the results of the Group's activities – see Section 11 of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

#### 3.1 General (Cont.)

B. <u>Domestic and geopolitical instability in the defense (security) situation in Israel</u> – 2023 was characterized by significant instability against the background of internal domestic events and geopolitical defense (security) matters as stated in the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023. As at the approval date of this report, the war that broke out on October 7, 2023 is still ongoing, including increased combat activities and defense (security) tension in additional areas, particularly in the northern part of the country and against Iran. The war and the security situation led to impacts and restrictions on the Israeli public that include, among other things and based on the actual situation, a large call for military reserves duty (soldiers), limitations on gatherings, temporary closing of air traffic routes, etc. As at the approval date of the report, the restrictions are being partly applied and based on the security situation existing in the State and the relevant combat areas.

In addition, as at the approval date of the report the War has had external (consequential) impacts including, among others, interruptions in the marine routes due to attacks on commercial and supply ships and a significant cutback of the activities of the foreign airline companies in Israel. These impacts have an occasional impact and could have an adverse impact on the arrival of equipment and foreign teams to Israel (including equipment and teams required for purposes of maintenance and construction of the Group's activity sites in Israel) and the time schedules for their arrival.

Furthermore, as at the approval date of the report the War could impact Israel's foreign relations which, in turn, could also impact the State's economic situation. The said events involve significant uncertainty and could impact the macro-economic environment, including a negative impact on the strength of the Israeli economy and the financial position of the State of Israel, including possible unfavorable changes in Israel's credit rating (as at the approval date of the report, certain rating companies reduced the credit rating of Israel) and of the Israeli institutions, particularly the Israeli banking system (as at the approval date of the report, certain rating companies reduced the credit rating of some of the Israeli banks), adversely affect investments in the Israeli economy and trigger a removal of money and investments from Israel, increase the costs of the financing sources in Israel, cause a weakening of the exchange rate of the shekel against the other currencies (particularly the dollar), harm the activities of the business sector and create instability in the Israeli capital market (including increased volatility, falling prices of traded securities, and limited liquidity and accessibility). Also, the possible impacts of the War, including events such as the Iranian attacks, could impact the possibility of acquiring insurance policies covering war and terrorist risks to the Group's assets in Israel or a significant worsening of the terms of these policies. As at the approval date of the report, the Company had renewed the said insurance policies in Israel up to May 31, 2025. To the extent the above estimates materialize, wholly or partly, or in a case of a worsening of the security situation, this could negatively impact the Company's activities and the availability and cost of the capital and financing sources that are required by the Company, particularly for purposes of supporting its continued business growth. As of the approval date of the report, there is no certainty regarding the duration

C. Global events and broad impacts on raw-material prices and the supply chain - for details - see Section 3.1C of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

#### 3.2 Activities in Israel

D. Update of the electricity tariffs — on February 1, 2024, the annual update to the tariff for 2024 for electricity consumers of Israel Electric Company entered into effect. Pursuant to the decision, the generation component was updated to NIS 0.3007 per kilowatt hour, a decrease of 1.1% compared with the generation component at the end of 2023 — this being mainly due to the surplus receipts expected from sale of the Eshkol power plant, which led to a reduction in the generation sector. In addition, as part of the said tariff update decision, the usan total that pursuant to the decision designation of the receipts from sale of Eshkol was determined — the surplus receipts from the sale will first be used to cover expenses incurred during the war, including costs of diesel oil, and only thereafter will the surplus receipts be used to cover non-recurring past expenses.

Set forth below is data regarding the annual weighted-average generation component (the prices are denominated in agurot per kilowatt hours):

	Period	2024	2023	Change
January-September average		30.11	30.57	(1.5)%
July-September average		30.07	30.39	(1.1)%

It is noted that the results of the Group's activities in Israel are materially impacted by changes in the electricity generation component tariff, in such a manner that an increase in the electricity generation component has a positive impact on the Group's result, and vice-versa.

- E. Supplementary arrangements and granting of a supply license to Rotem further to that stated in Section 3.2E of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023 regarding a proposed decision regarding the matter of supplementary arrangements and imposition of certain covenants on Rotem ("the Hearing"), on March 13, 2024 a decision of the Electricity Authority was announced further to the Hearing ("the Decision"). In general, the arrangements in the Decision are not significantly different than the arrangements included in the Hearing, which include, among other things, imposition of certain covenants on Rotem, including with respect to the matter of deviations from the consumption plans and the market model, along with provision of a supply license to Rotem, this being against the background of the intention of the Electricity Authority to consolidate in many respects the regulation applicable to Rotem with that of other bilateral electricity generators, and thus, to permit Rotem to operate in the energy market in a manner similar and equal to the said generators. The Decision entered into effect on July 1, 2024 and for the period covering Rotem's generation license. For additional details see Section 7.3.18.5 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.
- F. Decision regarding the matter of "smart meters" pursuant to the decision of the Electricity Authority, which entered into effect on July 1, 2024 with respect to virtual suppliers (which do not have means of generation) and will enter into effect on November 1, 2024 with respect to conventional suppliers (which have means of generation, such as the Company) it will be possible to assign household consumers with no smart meter to private transactions based on a normative consumption model of a household consumer. The Decision permits the Company to increase the diversity of its customers by means of selling electricity directly and/or indirectly to all households.

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

#### 3.2 Activities in Israel (Cont.)

- G. Public announcement regarding bilateral market regulation for generation facilities in the transmission network on April 17, 2024, the Electricity Authority published a public announcement with respect to principles for a bilateral market regulation for generation facilities in the transmission network. Pursuant to the public announcement, the Electricity Authority is considering determination of a regulation whereby facilities for generation of renewable energy and storage facilities that are connected to the transmission network will be permitted to sell the electricity generated in bilateral transactions pursuant to a mechanism whereby the generator will sign a deal with a virtual supplier for sale of availability, which will convey the supplier a right to acquire energy from the network at the market price, in a capacity that will conform to the facility's technology through use of a "conformance coefficient", as detailed in the public announcement, in every year up to the amount of the capacity stated in the availability certificate it acquired from the generator, and the generator will sign and the generator will sign and the generator will sign it in ancial hedging transaction covering the energy generated in the facility. According to the public announcement, in the first stage it will apply solely to generation facilities using renewable energy, including with integrated storage, and to independent storage facilities that are connected to the transmission network, provided that certain conditions specified in the public announcement have been met. It is noted that the Ramat Beka solar project that is being developed by the Company, might operate under this regulation, to the extent it is actually advanced and subject to the final regulations that will be determined off any).
- H. Targets of the Israeli government regarding emission of greenhouse gases and amendment of the Excise Tax on Fuel Order further to that stated in Section 7.2.9 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, in September 2024 an amendment to the Excise Order on Fuel (Imposition of Excise Tax), entered into effect commencing from January 1, 2025. The language of the amended Order includes an increase in the Excise Tax are imposed on various fuel types, including natural gas, such that in 2025 the Excise Tax on natural gas will increase in the Excise Tax on Install Qualifornia (Installation of Installation of Installa

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Company's estimate regarding the impact of the decision with respect to amendment to the Excise Order on the Company and the possibility of its reduction constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized. Ultimately, the impacts of amendment to the Excise Order might not be reduced and may not be expressed as a part of the generation component due to the manner of determination of the generation component, which is not under the Company's control.

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.1 General (Cont.)

I. Public Announcement regarding the methodology for determination of the SMP tariff and a hearing with respect to determination of the maximum tariff for the electricity tariffs – on August 27, 2024, the System Operator published a process for the public's participation regarding the way for calculating the market price under the SMP method, which it intends to implement starting from the beginning of 2025. The System Operator's position is that the appropriate method chosen, which includes as part of the calculation the restrictions and constraints existing in the Israeli electricity market, will provide a response to the present and future needs of Israel's electricity market and will change the level of the market price with reference to the existing market prices in such a manner that will allow its implementation along with implementation of the tariff ceiling for the protective tariffs being advanced by the Electricity Authority.

On September 4, 2024, the Electricity Authority published a hearing for determination of maximum tariffs for the electricity tariffs for generators connected to the transmission grid that operate under the market model. The calculation pursuant to the decision, if it is set as provided in the hearing, will apply retroactively starting from the publication date of the hearing. As part of the hearing, the Electricity Authority proposes setting of a ceiling for the price offers on the basis of which the generators are paid the protective tariffs in cases where the System Operator loads the generator other than based on economic considerations (or does not load the generator contrary to economic considerations) and thus caused the generator to suffer a loss or lost profits – this being against the background of the Electricity Authority's contention that generators raise the price offers with the goal of increasing the payments of the System Operator to them and while knowing that the payments to them will be calculated based on their offers as part of the supplementary tariff and not based on the market prices (SMP).

The supervisory mechanism proposed by the Authority will be applied such that instead of the generator being entitled to receive the protective tariff, the generator will be entitled to a payment that is calculated based on the minimum between its price offer and the tariff determined by the Authority ("the Ceiling Tariff for the Protective Tariffs"). The Ceiling Tariff for the Protective Tariffs will be calculated based on the average gas price published by the Gas Authority for the quarter plus 15% in a case of a day-ahead calculation or an addition of 40% in a case of a real-time calculation and variable operating cost components pursuant to the normative costs provided in Decision 914.

In the Company's estimation, in light of the structure of its revenues, which is not significantly impacted by the SMP price or the supplementary tariffs, as stated above, the impact of the said Public Announcement and hearing on the Company's activities is not expected to be material<sup>4</sup>.

The Company's estimate constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based on the language of the hearing and the structure of the Company's revenues solely as at the date of the report, and could change as a result of the final arrangements that will be provided in the Decision (if provided), changes in the electricity market and the competition therein and/or events affecting the structure of the revenues, including entry of new projects into operation (if ultimately executed).

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.1 General (Cont.)

J. Public Announcement regarding a proposal for changes in the tariff structure – on November 6, 2024, the Electricity Authority published a Public Announcement regarding a proposal for changes in the tariff structure, which details proposed changes to the principles for determination of the tariff to customers of Israel Electricity Company and to suppliers, against the background of the inputs occurring in the electricity sector as reviewed by the Electricity Authority as part of the Announcement ("the Public Announcement").

The Public Announcement addresses three main proposals: (1) a proposal to change the methodology for determination of the generation component such that the basis for the determination will be the SMP price (the price of the competitive market, for details of a parallel public announcement regarding a change in the methodology for determination of the SMP price itself—see Section 3.3I above)) plus a normative fixed component that will be determined by the Electricity Authority; (2) a proposal to apply a mechanism for economic signaling of pricing of external costs of emissions such that it will be part of the marginal cost; and (3) a proposal to automatically and more frequently update the tariff based on index changes.

Based on the Public Announcement, implementation of the proposals may be in "one-shot" or on a gradual basis.

It is clarified that the said proposal for change in the generation component and the manner of its determination were published as part of a "public announcement" for receipt of in-principle positions from the public prior to publication of a hearing that will be subject to responses, changes and administrative proceedings and, therefore, at this preliminary stage there is no certainty regarding the final arrangements that will be stipulated in the decisions (if ultimately so stipulated) and the timing thereof, which could be different (even materially) than that stated in the Public Announcement. As at the approval date of the report, the Company is studying the arrangements proposed as part of the Public Announcement, the possible impacts thereof on its activities (should they ultimately be stipulated in the decision) and the manner of its response, and at the present time it is number to predict the impact of the Public Announcement, if any, on its financial results. It is further clarified that unfavorable changes in the generation component could have a negative impact (even a material one) on the results of the Company's activities in Israel, as detailed, in among other places, in Section 19.2.1 to Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.

K. Additional information regarding the renewable energy activities in Israel — as part of the Company's strategy to expand its activities in the generation and supply sector utilizing renewable sources in Israel, as stated in Section 7.9 of Part A of the Annual Report for 2023, the Company engages in and/or attempts to engage in transactions for acquisition of rights in renewable energy projects in Israel (particularly solar and/or storage) and/or acquisition of rights in lands designated for projects as stated, including as part of projects in the framework of joint ventures with holders of rights in projects or lands as stated.

As at the approval date of the report, there is no certainty regarding the scope of the Company's undertakings in transactions as stated and/or execution of projects as stated if they are advanced by the Company based on its said activities (the completion of which is subject to fulfillment of various conditions, including completion of development, planning, licensing and financing processes similar to projects of this type that are in the development stages).

For additional details regarding developments of the Group's activities in Israel - see Section 6 below.

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S.

### Electricity and natural gas prices

The results of the activities of the CPV Group are impacted to a significant extent by the electricity prices in effect in the areas in which the Group's power plants operate. The main factors impacting the electricity prices are demand for electricity, available generation capacity (supply) and the natural gas price in the area in which the power plant operates.

With respect to the area of "energy transition" activities, in general, the natural gas price is significant in determination of the price of the electricity in most of the regions in which the power plants of the CPV Group operate that are powered by natural gas. For the most part, in the existing production mix, over time, to the extent the natural-gas prices are higher, the marginal energy prices will also be higher, and will have a positive impact on the energy margins of the CPV Group due to the high efficiency of the power plants it owns compared with other power plants operating in the relevant activity markets (the impact could be different between the projects taking into account their characteristics and the area (region) in which they are located).

### Electricity prices

The following table summarizes the average electricity prices in each of the main regions in which the power plants in the area of energy transition activities of the CPV Group are active (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt hour)\*:

Region	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			For the Three Months Ended September 30		
(Power Plant)	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
PJM West (Shore, Maryland)	33.52	31.97	5%	37.10	33.32	11%
PJM AEP Dayton (Fairview)	30.14	30.64	(2)%	32.21	31.83	1%
New York Zone G (Valley)	34.74	33.86	3%	35.36	32.46	9%
Mass Hub (Towantic)	37.10	37.55	(1)%	38.08	33.22	15%
PJM ComEd (Three Rivers)	25.87	N/A	N/A	29.00	30.86	(6)%

<sup>\*</sup> Based on Day-Ahead prices as published by the relevant ISO.

It is noted that the actual electricity prices of the power plants of the CPV Group could be higher or lower than the regional price shown in the above table due to the existence of a Power Basis (the difference between the power plant's specific electricity price and the regional price). The Power Basis is a function of transport pressures, local cost of electricity generation, local demand for electricity, losses in the transmission lines and additional factors. For details regarding the Power Basis data for 2021–2023 – see Section 3.3H to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

In the period of the report, there were no significant changes in the electricity prices compared with the corresponding period last year. The rise in the electricity prices in some of the power plants shown in the above table in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the corresponding period last year, stemming mainly from an increase in the RGGI price (carbon emission tax). It is noted that the Fairview and Three Rivers power plants are located in areas that as at the approval date of the report are not subject to RGGI. For additional details – see Section 5B(1)).

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

#### Electricity and natural gas prices (Cont.)

At the macro level, electricity prices continue to be impacted by supply and demand trends in the activity areas of the CPV Group's power plants: an increase in the demand for electricity as a result of electrification in the transportation, real estate and industry sectors, and due to the increase in the demand for electricity in the data-center sector, as a result of the transition to "cloud" and growth in the Artificial Intelligence (AI) activities. At the same time, the available generation capacity is continuing to decline as a result of closing of old, inefficient and polluting conventional power plants (mainly coal-powered power plants), on the one hand, and limited new supply of power plants due to a relatively slow entry rate of renewable energies and a lack of construction of new conventional power plants, on the other hand. For details regarding the EPA regulations relating to carbon emissions – see Section 3M(2), below.

### Natural gas prices

Set forth below are the average natural gas in each of the main markets in which the power plants of the CPV Group operate (the prices are denominated in dollars per MMBtu)\*:

Region	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			For the Three Months Ended September 30		
(Power Plant)	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
Texas Eastern M-3 (Shore, Valley – 70%)	1.98	1.94	2%	1.50	1.39	8%
Transco Zone 5 North (Maryland)	2.55	2.73	(7)%	1.77	2.83	(37)%
Texas Eastern M-2 (Fairview)	1.62	1.63	(1)%	1.41	1.25	13%
Dominion South Pt (Valley - 30%)	1.57	1.63	(4)%	1.41	1.27	11%
Algonquin City Gate (Towantic)	2.56	3.02	(15)%	1.75	1.93	(9)%
Chicago City Gate (Three Rivers)	2.09	N/A	N/A	1.78	2.31	(23)%

<sup>\*</sup>Source: The Day-Ahead prices at gas Midpoints as reported in Platt's Gas Daily. It is clarified that the actual gas prices of the power plants of the CPV Group could be significantly different.

In general, in the period of the report there were no significant changes in the natural gas prices compared with the corresponding period last year, except with respect to the Towantic power plant where the natural-gas price remained at relatively low levels due to lower transport costs between the Iroquois Zone 2 region and the Algonquin City Gate region (the region in which the Towantic power plant operates) which increased the competition and created downward pressure on the price. In the third quarter of 2024, in general, the natural-gas prices in the U.S. were low compared with the corresponding period last year, due to, among other things, the levels of the inventories of natural gas as a result of the relatively mild winter and summer. With respect to the Maryland power plant, which is located in the Transco Zone 5 region, the sharp decline in the natural-gas prices stems from operation of a new gas transport pipeline (Mountain Valley Pipeline) that connects the region with a number of additional regions, including the Texas Eastern M2, which have lower natural gas prices. In addition, operation of the pipeline in regions having lower natural gas prices, where in the Valley, Shore and Fairview power plants are also located, led to an increase in demand for natural gas and an increase in the gas prices in these plants.

## Electricity margin in the operating markets of the CPV Group (Spark Spread)

Spark Spread is the difference between the price of the electricity in the relevant area (zone) and the price of the natural gas used for generation of the electricity in the relevant area (zone). (It is clarified that RGGI is not included in calculation of the Spark Spread but rather in the energy margin as detailed in Section 4E below)

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

## L. <u>Electricity and natural gas prices</u> (Cont.)

Electricity margin in the operating markets of the CPV Group (Spark Spread) (Cont.)

The Spark Spread is calculated based on the following formula:

 $Spark\ Spread\ (\$/MWh) = price\ of\ the\ electricity\ (\$/MWh) - [the\ gas\ price\ (\$/MMBtu)\ x\ thermal\ conversion\ ratio\ (MMBtu/MWh)]$ 

Set forth below are the average Spark Spread margins for each of the main markets in the power plants of the CPV Group are operating (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt/hour)\*:

Region		For the Nine Months Ended September 30			For the Three Months Ended September 30		
Power Plant <sup>5</sup>	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change	
Shore	19.86	18.61	7%	26.75	23.70	13%	
Maryland	15.93	13.15	21%	24.89	13.77	80%	
Valley	21.93	21.13	4%	25.20	23.11	9%	
Towantic	20.46	17.94	14%	26.71	20.67	29%	
Fairview	19.61	20.04	(2)%	23.05	23.67	(3)%	
Three Rivers	12.29	N/A	N/A	17.43	15.86	10%	

<sup>\*</sup> Based on electricity prices as shown in the above table, with a discount for the thermal conversion ratio (heat rate) of 6.9 MMBtu/MWh for Maryland, Shore and Valley, and a thermal conversion ratio of 6.5 MMBtu/MWh for Three Rivers, Towantic and Fairview. It is clarified that the actual energy margins of the power plants of the CPV Group could be significantly different due to, among other things, the existence of Power Basis and a different breakdown in the scope of the electricity sold in the peak and off-peak hours in CPV's power plants and that shown above (which was calculated based on the assumption of generation in all the hours of the 2-bour period).

In the period of the report and in the third quarter of 2024, compared with the corresponding periods last year there was an increase in the electricity margins (Spark Spread) stemming from, among other things, an increase in the electricity prices (as detailed above) in most of the activity areas of CPV's power plants. In addition, there was a more significant increase in the electricity margins in the Maryland and Towantic power plants, stemming from a decline in the natural-gas prices, as detailed above.

It is noted that the hedging plans of the electricity margins in the power plants of the CPV Group that are powered by natural gas is intended to reduce the fluctuations of the CPV Group's electricity margin resulting from changes in the natural gas and electricity prices in the energy market (for details regarding agreements hedging of the electricity margin of the CPV Group – see Section 4E below).

For details regarding a forecast of the EOX company of electricity and natural gas prices at the end of the third quarter of 2024 in the activity regions of the CPV Group up to the end of 2024 and for 2025–2026 – see Appendix A below.

For additional details regarding the energy margin of the CPV Group – see Section 4F below.

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

### M. <u>Capacity revenues</u>

Capacity is a component that is paid by regulatory bodies that manage demand and loads (system operators) for electricity generators, with respect to their ability to generate energy at the required times for purposes of reliability of the system. This revenue component is an additional component, separate and apart from the component based on the energy prices (which is paid in respect of sale of the electricity). Definition of the capacity component, as stated, including entitlement to revenue for seeing to availability of the electricity, including provisions regarding bonus or penalty payments, are governed by the tariffs determined by the FERC of every market. Accordingly, NY-ISO, PJM and ISO-NE publish mandatory public tenders for determination of the capacity tariffs. It is noted that, in the nature of things, an increase in the capacity prices favorably impacts CPV's results, and vice-versa. The extent of the impact on the overall results changes as a function of the energy margins, which is the most significant component of the gross profit (margin for generation of the electricity and the sale thereof) – this being taking into account that the weight of the capacity component is usually lower than the weight of the energy margin component.

#### PIM marke

In the PJM market, the capacity payments vary between the market's sub-regions, as a function of local supply and demand and transmission capabilities.

Set forth below are the capacity tariffs in the sub-regions that are relevant to the CPV Group's power plants and in the general market (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt per day). It can be seen in the following table that in prior years, generally, the capacity prices have declined from period to period up to a significant reversal in the trend in the last tender for the period from June 2025 through May 2026.

Sub-Region	CPV Plants <sup>6</sup>	2025/2026	2024/2025	2023/2024	2022/2023
PJM RTO		269.92	28.92	34.13	50
PJM COMED	Three Rivers	269.92	28.92	34.13	-
РЈМ МААС	Fairview, Maryland, Maple Hill	269.92	49.49	49.49	95.79
РЈМ ЕМААС	Shore	269.92	54.95	49.49	97.86

Source: PJM

The Three Rivers power plant, which commenced commercial operation in July 2023, is entitled to capacity payments, from this date.

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

- 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)
- M. <u>Capacity revenues</u> (Cont.)

Results of capacity tender in the PJM market for the period from June 2025 through May 2026

In July 2024, PJM published the results of tenders on capacity prices for the period from June 2025 through May 2026 – this being after in October 2023, PJM submitted to FERC changes in the format for the capacity market that entered into effect commencing from the present tender (at this stage for a one-year period starting from the middle of 2025). The changes include, among others, adjustments to the scope of capacity permitted to be sold, examination requirements for generators and adjustment of planning parameters with an increase in the weight of the winter reliability risk parameter.

The significant increase in the availability tariff in the tender, as shown in the above table, relates to, among other things, the forecast of an increase in demand, an increase in the reserves required and a decline in the total supply as a result of demands and a change in the manner of calculating capacities and load capability of the generation sources by PJM. The change in the manner of calculating availability capacities of the power plants caused a decrease in the availability capacity that is provided for sale in most of the PDW proper plants. The impact of the said change on the power plants of the CPV Group operating in the energy transition area is a decline in the availability capacity provided for sale from about 96% to about 79%. In the estimation of the CPV Group, the addition to its revenues from availability from all its power plants in the PJM market for the period from June 2025 through May 2026 compared with the period from June 2024 through May 2025 is estimated at about \$54 million, and upon completion of the transaction for acquisition of 31% of the Shore power plant and an additional 25% of the Maryland power plant, if ultimately completed, the addition to the capacity revenues of the CPV Group is expected to amount to about \$89 million (for details – see Section 10C below)?

In September 2024, complaints were filed with the FERC in order to make certain changes in the upcoming availability tenders in the PJM market. In response, PJM proposed an up to six-month postponement of the tender that was originally scheduled for December 2024 in order to make changes, including, among others, inclusion of about 2GW of RMR (Reliability Must Run units) as part of the offer. In addition, PJM is considering an update of the manner of determining the demand curve. In the estimation of the CPV Group, as at the date of the report, if the said changes in availability tenders are accepted and approved by the FERC the fluctuations in the availability tariffs should be moderated.

That stated in this Section regarding the estimate of the CPV Group constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized. Ultimately, the revenues of the CPV Group from availability could be different (even significantly) as a result of, among other things, regulatory changes (including appeal processes or other processes in the PJM market or as part of other municipal authorities), operating factors, changes in the business environment and/or the occurrence of one or more of the risk factors to which the CPV Group is exposed. In addition, as at the approval date of the report the increase of the additional holdings in the Shore and Maryland power plants had not yet been completed, the completion of which is subject to conditions that have not yet been fulfilled and there is no certainty regarding their fulfillment.

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

## M. <u>Capacity revenues</u> (Cont.)

## NYISO market

Similar to the PJM market, in the NYISO market capacity payments are made in the framework of a central mechanism for acquisition of capacity. In the NYISO market, there are a number of submarkets, wherein there could be various capacity demands as a function of local supply and demand and transmission capability. NYISO makes seasonal tenders in every spring for the upcoming summer (the months of May through October) and in the fall for the upcoming winter (the months of November through April). In addition, there are supplemental monthly tenders for the balance of the capacity not sold in the seasonal tenders. The power plants are permitted to assure the capacity tariffs in the seasonal tender, the monthly tender or through bilateral sales.

Set forth below are the capacity prices determined in the seasonal tenders in NYISO market, the capacity prices rose compared with prior periods – this being mainly due to exit from the system of power plants and an anticipated increase in demand (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt per day):

Sub-Area	CPV Plants	Winter 2024/2025	Summer 2024	Winter 2023/2024
NYISO Rest of the Market	-	66.30	168.91	127.25
Lower Hudson Valley	Valley	66.30	168.91	128.9

Source: NYISO - the Company's processing in order to convert from dollars for kilowatt per month to dollars for megawatt per day.

The decline in the availability prices in the winter of 2024/2025 in the NYISO market stems from relatively stable demand for electricity over the past years, mainly against the background of a slower than expected recovery from the Coronavirus, along with an increase in renewable energy and an improvement of the energy costs.

It is noted that the Valley power plant is located in Area G (Lower Hudson Valley) and the actual capacity prices for the Valley power plants are impacted by the seasonal tenders, the monthly tenders and the SPOT prices, with variable capacity prices every month, as well as bilateral agreements with energy suppliers in the market.

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

### M. Capacity revenues (Cont.)

## ISO-NE market

The Towantic power plant, which operates in this market, participated for the first time in a capacity tender for 2018–2019 at a price of \$313.97 MW/day and determination of the tariff for seven years in respect of 725 megawatts linked to the Handy Whtiman Price Index, which will apply up to May 2025.

Similar to the PJM market, in the ISO-NE market capacity payments are made as part of a central mechanism for acquisition of capacity. In the ISO-NE market, there are a number of submarkets, in which there should be capacity requirements that differ as a function of local supply and demand and transport capacity. ISO-NE executes forward tenders for a period of one year, commencing from June 1, three years from the year of the tender. In addition, there are supplementary monthly and annual tenders for the balance of the capacity not sold in the forward tenders. The power plants are permitted to guarantee the capacity payments in the forward tenders, the supplementary tenders or through bilateral sales.

Set forth below are the capacity payments determined in the sub-regions that are relevant to the Towantic power plant (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt per day):

Sub-Region	CPV Power Plants	2027/2028	2026/2027	2025/2026
ISO-NE	Towantic	117.70	85.15	85.15
Rest of the Market	Towantic	117.70	65.15	65.15

Source: NE-ISO - the Company's processing in order to convert from dollars for kilowatt per month to dollars for megawatt per day.

It is noted that the actual availability prices for the Towantic power plant are impacted by forward tenders, supplementary annual tenders, monthly tenders with capacity prices that change every month and bilaterial agreements with energy suppliers in the market.

## M. Additional information regarding the activities in the U.S.

1. Further to that stated in Section 17.1 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, as part of the activities of the CPV Group to strengthen its position as a significant player in the energy transition area through, among other things, holding and managing effective and reliable conventional means (natural gas), which will support the rising demand for electricity in the U.S., the CPV Group is examining business opportunities with respect to increasing its holdings in certain of the power plants it holds, subject to formulation of appropriate terms with the other holders in the said power plants. For details regarding undertakings of the CPV Group for acquisition of additional rights in the Shore and Maryland power plants – see Section 10C below. As at the approval date of the report, there is no certainty that the said activities and/or additional similar activities will be executed and/or will come to full fruition.

## 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

- 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)
- M. Additional information regarding the activities in the U.S. (Cont.)
  - 2. Further to that stated in Section 8.1.4 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, in April 2024 the U.S. EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) published final emissions' regulations in the framework of the Clean Air Act. Pursuant to the new rules, up to January 1, 2032, a reduction of emissions will be required at a carbon-capture rate of 90% for coal-fired generation facilities that are expected to operate after 2039 and new baseload natural gas-fired generation facilities that were not under construction as at May 2023). Less stringent requirements were provided for, among other things, existing coal-fired generation facilities that integrate natural-gas fired generation that are expected to discontinue their operations prior to 2039. For new gas turbines, the regulations require that full baseload (as defined) generation through use of natural gas combustion will be executed with maximum utilization of efficient technologies in order to limit emissions to no more than 800 lbs. CO2/MWh-gross until January 1, 2032 and thereafter a reduction to 100 lbs. CO2/MWh-gross via 90% carbon capture or co-firing with hydrogen. Efficiency requirements and reduced emission restrictions were provided with respect to gas turbines that generate at a partial baseload or a low baseload. The various states have two years to develop compliance plans for the existing coal plants but compliance for new natural gas plants (the construction of which started after 2023) is immediate. In July 2024, the U.S. Appeals Court rejected a request for an injunctive order filed by several state Attorneys General with respect to the new regulations, which is intended to stay their enforcement. In October 2024, the U.S. Supreme Court rejected a request to delay implementation of the said regulations, whereby they will remain in effect so long as the court proceedings (deliberations) are ongoing.

The development portfolio of the CPV Group, which includes wind energy and solar projects, with a scope of more than 4.6 gigawatts, and natural gas projects with carbon capture potential with a scope of about 6.3 gigawatts (the share of the CPV Group is about 4.9GW), is expected to benefit from a significant tailwind due the regulation, to the extent it is implemented in the manner it was published (or at all). In addition, in the estimation of the CPV Group its active natural-gas powered power plants are expected to have a competitive advantage under the said regulation in light of their high level of efficiency along with entry barriers that are expected to be created in the market for construction of new natural-gas powered power plants.

As at the approval date of the report, there is no certainty regarding the actual impacts of the said new regulation on the market and on the CPV Group, and the matter depends on, among other things, the policies and the manner of implementation of the rules (in whole or in part) by the relevant electricity authorities and entities, as they will be from time to time, and/or on legal proceedings in connection therewith as well as operational factors and the scope of the executions of the Company's development projects (if ultimately executed).

For additional details regarding developments of the Group's activities in the U.S. - see Section 6 below.

## 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS)

The Group's activities in Israel and the United States are subject to seasonal fluctuations.

In Israel, the TAOZ tariffs are supervised (controlled) and published by the Electricity Authority. Generally, the electricity tariffs in Israel in the summer and the winter are higher than those in the transition seasons. It is noted that acquisition of the gas, which constitutes the main cost in this activity area, is not impacted by seasonality of the TAOZ (or the demand hours' brackets).

In the United States, the electricity tariffs are not supervised (controlled) and are impacted by the demand for electricity, which is generally high in periods in which the weather is cold or hot compared with the average (generally in the summer and the winter seasons) and they are materially impacted by the natural gas prices, which are usually higher in the winter compared with the annual average and depending on the weather. In addition, in connection with renewable energy projects, in wind projects the wind speeds tend to be higher in the winter and lower in the fall and winter months.

## Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

## Statement of income8

Section		For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
Section				
	2024	2023		
Revenues from sales and provision of services (1)	2,190	1,971		
Cost of sales and provision of services (without depreciation and amortization) (2)	(1,493)	(1,395)		
Depreciation and amortization	(245)	(205)		
Gross profit	452	371		
Administrative and general expenses	(191)	(182)		
Share in earnings of associated companies	150	179		
Business development expenses	(33)	(47)		
Compensation for lost revenues	44	-		
Other expenses, net	(50)	6		
Operating income	372	327		
Financing expenses, net	(200)	(143)		
Loss from extinguishment of financial liabilities	(49)	-		
Income before taxes on income	123	184		
Taxes on income expenses	(49)	(44)		
Net income for the period	74	140		
Adjustments	3	26		
Adjusted net income for the period <sup>9</sup>	77	166		
Attributable to:				
The Company's shareholders	85	140		
Holders of non-controlling interests	(8)	26		

The results of the associated companies in the U.S. (mainly in the Energy Transition segment) are presented in the category "Company's share in earnings of associated companies".

Adjusted net income or loss – net income or loss in accordance with IFRS plus or minus the adjustments detailed in Section G below. It is emphasized that "adjusted income or loss" as stated in this report is not a recognized data item that is recognized under IFRS or under any other set of generally accepted accounting principles as an index for measuring financial performance and should not be considered as a substitute for income or loss or other terms provided in accordance with IFRS. It is possible that the Company's definitions of "adjusted income or loss" are different than those used by other companies. Nonetheless, the Company believes that the "adjusted income or loss" provides information that is useful to management and investors by means of eliminating certain line items (categories) that do not constitute an indication of the Company's ongoing business activities.

- $4. \qquad Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.) \\$ 
  - $A. \qquad \underline{Statement\ of\ income}\ (Cont.)$
- (1) Changes in revenues:

Revenues	For the Nine	e	Board's Explanations
	Months Ende		
<del>-</del>	September 3	2023	
Revenues in Israel	2024	2023	
Revenues in Israel  Revenues from sale of energy to private customers	1,138	1,154	
Revenues from sale of energy to the System Operator and to other suppliers	1,138	1,134	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 48 million, stems from the commercial
Revenues from safe of energy to the System operator and to other suppliers	129	93	operation of Zomet at the end of the second quarter of 2023.
Revenues in respect of capacity payments	127	/3	Most of the increase stems from the commercial operation of Zomet at the end of the
te remes in respect of capacity payments	127	30	second quarter of 2023.
Revenues from sale of energy at cogeneration tariff	42	34	
Revenues from sale of steam	44	45	
Other revenues	23	50	Most of the decline derives from sales of electricity recognized in the corresponding period
			last year, in the amount of about NIS 26 million, from the Zomet power plant prior to the
			commercial operation at the end of June 2023.
Total revenues from sale of energy and others in Israel (without infrastructure services)	1,503	1,406	
Revenues from private customers in respect of infrastructure services	332	373	
Total revenues in Israel	1,835	1,779	
Revenues in the U.S.			
Revenues from sale of electricity from renewable energy	164	89	
			starting from the second quarter of 2023 and the commercial operation of the Maple Hill and
			Stagecoach projects starting from the fourth quarter of 2023 and the second quarter of
Revenues from provision of services (as part of the other segment) and other revenues	191	103	2024, respectively.  The increase stems mainly from an increase in the scope of sale of electricity from
Revenues from provision of services (as part of the other segment) and other revenues	191	103	renewable sources (retail) to commercial customers.
Total revenues in the U.S.	355	192	renewable sources (retain) to commercial customers.
Total revenues in the C.G.	333	1,2	
Total revenues	2,190	1,971	
	22		

- $4. \qquad \text{Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.) } \\$ 
  - $A. \qquad \underline{Statement\ of\ income}\ (Cont.)$ 
    - $(2) \quad \text{Changes in the cost of sales and provision of services (not including depreciation and amortization):} \\$

Cost of Sales and Provision of Services	For the Nine Months Ende	d	Board's Explanations
	September 3		
	2024	2023	
Cost of sales in Israel			
Natural gas and diesel oil	495	489	
Expenses in respect of acquisition of energy	280	249	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 29 million stems from an increase in
			customer consumption in the period of the report.
Cost of transmission of gas	41	29	The increase stems mainly from the first-time consolidation of Gat, starting from the second
			quarter of 2023 and the commercial operation of Zomet starting from the end of the second
			quarter of 2023.
Salaries and related expenses	33	27	
Operating expenses	87	56	The increase stems mainly from the first-time consolidation of Gat commencing from the
			second quarter of 2023 and the commercial operation of Zomet starting from the end
			second quarter of 2023.
Other expenses	18	60	In 2023, includes mainly natural gas and other expenses were recorded in the Zomet power
			plant at the end of June 2023.
Total cost of sales in Israel without infrastructure services	954	910	
Expenses in respect of infrastructure services	332	373	
Total cost of sales in Israel	1,286	1,283	
	23		

## $4. \qquad \text{Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.) } \\$

## $A. \qquad \underline{Statement\ of\ income}\ (Cont.)$

(2) Changes in the cost of sales and provision of services (not including depreciation and amortization): (Cont.)

Cost of	fealer and	services in	the II C

Cost of sales and services in the U.S.		
Cost of sales in respect of sale of electricity from renewable energy	53	35 The increase stems mainly from the first-time consolidation of the Mountain Wind project, commencing from the second quarter of 2023 and commercial operation of the Maple Hill and Stagecoach projects, starting from the fourth quarter of 2023 and the second quarter of 2024, respectively.
Cost in respect provision of services (as part of the "others" segment) and other costs	154	77 The increase stems mainly from an increase in the scope of sale of electricity from renewable sources (retail) to commercial customers.
Total cost of sales and provision of services in the U.S.	207	112
Total cost of sales and provision of services	1,493	1,395
	24	

## $\textbf{4.} \qquad \textbf{Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)} \\$

## B. EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt

For details regarding "EBITDA indices", "EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation", "FFO" and "net cash flows after service of the project debt" – see Section 4B to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

The said indices are not recognized in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as indices for measurement of financial performances and are not intended to be considered a replacement for gross profit or loss and operating income, cash flows from operation activities or other terms relating to operating performances or liquidity indices in accordance with IFRS.

EBITDA calculations, including adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation (in millions of NIS):

	For the Nine Months September	Ended
	2024	2023
Revenues from sales and provision of services	2,190	1,971
Cost of sales (without depreciation and amortization)	(1,493)	(1,395)
Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and amortization)	(179)	(172)
Business development expenses	(33)	(47)
Share in income of associated companies	150	179
Compensation for lost revenues	44	-
Consolidated EBITDA	679	536
Elimination of the share in income of associated companies	(150)	(179)
Addition of the share of Group in proportionate EBITDA of associated		
companies (1)	451	423
EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	980	780
Adjustments for consolidated companies (see detail in Section G below)	=	18
Adjustments for associated companies (see detail in Section G below) (1)	4	15
Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	984	813

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - B. EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
    - $(1) \quad \ \ Calculation of the Group's share in the proportionate EBITDA of associated companies (\underline{in millions of NIS}):$

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024	Fairview	Towantic	Maryland	Shore*	Valley	Three Rivers	Total
Revenues from sales of energy	155	145	120	122	259	48	849
Cost of natural gas	66	59	48	57	95	28	353
Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)**	00	30	21	32	65	20	148
Cost of sales – other expenses (without		50	21	32	0.5		140
depreciation and amortization)	2	3	5	5	5	2	22
Gain on realization of transactions hedging	<u> </u>	,	3	5	3	<u> </u>	44
the electricity margins	18	(5)	(1)	7	45	12	76
Net energy margin	105	48	45	35	139	30	402
Revenues from capacity payments	13	89	9	14	45	3	173
Other income	3	4	5	4	2	1	19
Gross profit	121	141	59	53	186	34	594
Fixed costs (without depreciation and							
amortization)	10	15	13	20	51	9	118
Administrative and general expenses							
(without depreciation and amortization)	4	3	3	4	6	1	21
Group's share in proportionate adjusted							
EBITDA of associated companies	107	123	43	29	129	24	455
For the nine months ended September 30, 2023	Fairview	Towantic	Maryland	Shore*	Valley	Rivers	Total
Revenues from sales of energy	161	142	112	98	207	11	731
Cost of natural gas	68	70	58	48	81	6	331
Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)**	1	20	14	18	32	-	85
Cost of sales - other expenses (without							
depreciation and amortization)	2	3	7	5	4	-	21
Gain on realization of transactions hedging							
the electricity margins	28	(4)	8	1	53	-	86
Net energy margin	118	45	41	28	143	5	380
Revenues from capacity payments	20	77	17	20	42	1	177
Other income	3	1	2	3	2	-	11
Gross profit	141	123	60	51	187	6	568
Fixed costs (without depreciation and							
amortization)	8	13	13	21	51	3	109
Administrative and general expenses							
(without depreciation and amortization)	3	3	3	4	6	-	19
Group's share in proportionate adjusted						_	
EBITDA of associated companies	130	107	44	26	130	3	440

<sup>\*</sup> At the Shore power plant – gas transport costs (totaling in the first quarter of 2024 and 2023 about NIS 17 million) that are classified in accordance with IFRS 16 as depreciation expenses and, accordingly, are not included in the adjusted

EBILDA.

\*\* It is noted that as at the approval date of the report, in Pennsylvania RGGI is not imposed. For details regarding a legal proceeding underway regarding the matter and possible implications of imposition of RGGI on costs of the Fairview power plant and the electricity prices throughout the PJM – see Section 8.1.5B of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023. In the period of the report, there was an increase of 55% in the average RGGI tariff compared with the corresponding period last year.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - B. EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
    - (2) Set forth below is a breakdown of the adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation data broken down by the subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) and the associated companies (on a proportionate basis, based on the rate of the holdings of the CPV Group therein) (in NIS millions):

	Basis of	For the Nine months er September 30,		For the Nine months of September 30	
	presentation in the Company's financial statements	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	FFO	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	FFO
Total operating projects and					
accompanying business activities (1) (2)	Consolidated	557	400	466	451
Business development costs,					
headquarters in Israel	Consolidated	(16)	(17)	(21)	(21)
Total Israel		541	383	445	430
Total operating projects (1)	Associated	455	271	440	307
Other costs	Consolidated	(4)	(2)	(3)	(3)
Total energy transition in the U.S.	Consondated	451	269	437	304
Total operating projects (1)	Consolidated	104	77	46	45
Business development and other costs	Consolidated	(20)	(51)	(29)	(29)
Total renewable energy in the U.S.		84	26	17	16
Total activities as part of the "others"					
segment	Consolidated	(2)	(2)	6	6
Headquarters in the United States <sup>10</sup>	Consolidated	(77)	(65)	(72)	(54)
Total United States		456	228	388	272
Company headquarters (not allocated					
to the segments)	Consolidated	(13)	(39)	(20)	(58)
Total consolidated (3)		984	572	813	644

(1) See Section 3 below.

(3) In the period of the report, the consolidated FFO without adjustments for changes in the working capital was about NIS 554 million (in the corresponding period last year – about NIS 483 million).

<sup>(2)</sup> The accompanying business activities in Israel include mainly virtual supply activities through OPC Israel, sale of electricity from facilities for generation of energy on the customer's premises through OPC Power Plants and commerce in natural gas, including with third parties through OPC Natural Gas.

After elimination of management fees between the CPV Group and the Company, in the amounts of about NIS 23 million and about NIS 21 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

#### EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)

(3) Set forth below is additional information regarding the revenues, net (in Israel net of infrastructure services and in the U.S. – revenues from sale of energy, availability and other), adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt of the Group's active power plants broken down by activity segments and subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) and the associated companies (on a proportionate basis, based on the rate of the holdings of the CPV Group therein) (in NIS millions):

		Fo	r the Nine Months Ended S	September 30, 2024		Fo	or the Nine Months Ende	1 September 30, 2023	
Main projects in operation	Basis of presentation in the Company's financial statements	Net revenues	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consol- idation	FFO	Net cash flows after service of project debt	Net revenues	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consol- idation	FFO	Net cash flows after service of project debt
Rotem <sup>11</sup>	Consolidated	716	31912	277	299	759	344	370	334
Hadera	Consolidated	249	97 <sup>13</sup>	39	(22)14	248	78	65	32
Zomet15	Consolidated	220	10913,16	46	(2)17	79	14	19	19
Gat	Consolidated	97	33 <sup>18</sup>	31	(8)17	78	35	12	6
Accompanying									
business activities	Consolidated	198	(1)	7	13717	192	(5)	(15)	(15)
Total operating projects in Israel and accompanying									
business activities		1,480	557	400	404	1,356	466	451	376
Fairview <sup>19</sup>	Associated (25%)	171	107	90	270	184	130	125	29
Towantic	Associated (26%)	238	123	108	38	220	107	80	(32)
Maryland <sup>20</sup>	Associated (25%)	134	43	4	2	131	44	16	8
Shore <sup>21</sup>	Associated (37.5%)	140	29	4	4	121	26	3	(6)
Valley	Associated (50%)	306	129	55	1	251	130	83	25
Three Rivers	Associated (10%)	52	24	10	10	12	3	-	
Total energy									
transition in the U.S. <sup>22</sup>		1,041	455	271	325	919	440	307	24
Keenan	Consolidated	67	39	34		62	34	30	12
Mountain Wind <sup>15</sup>	Consolidated	50	22	16	(3)	27	12	15	-
Maple Hill <sup>15</sup>	Consolidated	33	29	16	16	-	-	-	-
Stagecoach <sup>15</sup>	Consolidated	14	14	11	11	-	-	-	_
Total renewable energy in the U.S.		164	104	77	24	89	46	45	12

Not including a repayment of loans to shareholders of Rotem and payments of intercompany taxes in the consolidated tax reconciliation statement.

The decrease in the FFO in the period of the report compared with the corresponding period last year stems mainly from planning maintenance in Rotem in the first quarter of 2024 and from changes in working capital, in the amount of about NIS 100 million, due to an update of the "hourly rates" brackets starting from January 2023 and timing differences.

In 2024, the financial results of the Zomet and Hadera power plants include compensation, in the amounts of about NIS 26 million and about NIS 18 million, respectively. For additional details - see Note 8A(3) and Note 10B(3) to the

In the period of the report, the net cash flows after service of the Hadera project debt includes early repayment of the long-term loans, in the amount of about NIS 25 million, further to receipt of compensation from the construction contractor at the end of 2023, as detailed in Note 28A(4) to the annual financial statements.

The financial results of the projects were included starting from the initial consolidation or the commercial operation dates, as applicable, which occurred in 2023. The financial results of the Stagecoach project were included starting from

the commercial operation date, in the second quarter of 2024.

For details regarding an increase in the availability tariffs in the Zomet power plant starting from January 2024 – see Section 7.13 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.

Net cash flows after service of the project debt includes cash raised by OPC Israel and cash used by Zomet and Gat to make early repayment of the project financing. For additional details – see Note 7A(2) to the Interim Statements. For details regarding unplanned maintenance in the Gat power plant that had an unfavorable impact on its result for the period – see Section 4C(1) below.

The net cash flows after service of the debt in Fairview includes taking out of additional financing for the project as part of a refinancing of the project in the third quarter of 2024 (which was distributed as a dividend to the partners in the project). For details – see Section 9A(4) below.

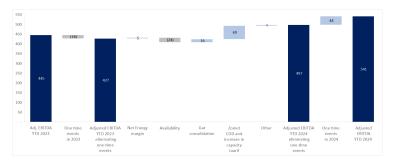
The FFO in the period of the report includes a payment for upgrading of the facilities at the Maryland power plant, in the amount of about NIS 8 million.

The FFO in the first quarter of 2023 includes a payment, in the amount of about NIS 9 million, in respect of significant planned maintenance work performed.

It is noted that the financing agreements of the CPV Group including mechanisms of the "cash sweep" type in the framework of which all or part of the free cash flows from the project is designated for repayment of the loan principal on a current basis in addition to the predetermined minimum repayment schedule with respect to every long-term loan. Accordingly, there could be an acceleration of execution of repayments upon occurrence of certain events and there are limitations on distributions to the owners.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - C. Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA Israel segment

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA in Israel in the period of the report compared with the corresponding period last year (in NIS millions):



1. Availability (operational) — as stated in Section 7.11.1 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, in the period of the report, the Rotem power plant was shut down during March 2024 for purposes of planned maintenance work, which lasted for 17 days, which negatively impacted its results in the period of the report, including compared with the corresponding period last year.

It is noted that during above-mentioned maintenance, sale of electricity to customers continued, where Rotem purchased electricity from the System Operator in order to supply the full demand of their customers during the shutdown.

It is further noted that as at the approval date of the report, the Gat power plant has been undergoing unplanning maintenance, starting from July 2024, due to a breakdown that caused a shutdown of the power plant's activities and had a negative impact on its results in the period of the report including compared with the corresponding period last year.

As at the approval date of the report, the Company estimates that subject to completion of the maintenance as planned the said maintenance is expected to be completed during the Q4 202423.

That stated with respect to the Company's estimate regarding completion of the maintenance work, the date thereof and its impact on the Group's results constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized. Ultimately, delays in completion of the maintenance and return of the power plant to operation could be caused, this being due to, among other things, various factors, such as, impacts of the defense (security) situation in Israel (including in connection with movement and arrival of equipment and teams and execution of maintenance activities), breakdowns in performance of the maintenance, operational failures and/or other factors that are not under the Company's control.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - C. <u>Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA Israel segment</u> (Cont.)
    - Commercial operation and increase in availability tariffs in Zomet in the period of the report, planned maintenance was performed a number of times at the Zomet power plant which had a negative impact on the power plant's availability (for details see Section 4H) and on its results accordingly. It is noted that maintenance in a similar format in Zomet is also planned for the fourth quarter of 2024 and during 2025. On the other hand, starting from 2024 there has been an increase in Zomet's availability prices that has had a positive impact on its results in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the corresponding quarter last year.
    - 3. One-time events for details regarding non-recurring events in the first quarter of 2023 see Note 28C(3) to the annual financial statements. In addition, in the period of the report, an amendment to the agreement was signed with Zomet's construction contractor, in the framework of which, among other things, the construction contractor paid Zomet compensation, in the amount of about NIS 26 million (about S7 million) in respect of a loss of revenues caused to Zomet due to delay in the commercial operation date of the power plant. For additional details see Note 8A(3) to the intermir financial statements. Furthermore, in the third quarter of 2024, Hadera received a one-time amount of about NIS 18 million (\$5\$ million) in connection with lost profits that preceded the commercial operation of the power plant. For additional details see Note 10B(3) to the Interim Statements.

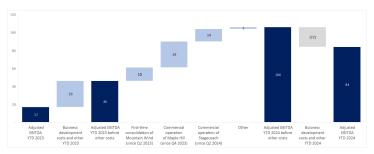
- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - D. Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation energy transition segment in the U.S.

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in the adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation in the energy transition segment in the period of the report compared with the corresponding period last year (in millions of NIS):



## Renewable energy segment

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in the adjusted EBITDA from activities in the renewable energy segment in the period of the report compared with the corresponding period last year (in millions of NIS):



- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - E. Additional details regarding energy hedges and guaranteed capacity payments in the Energy Transition segment in the U.S.

As part of its policy for management of the exposures, the CPV Group is in the practice, from time to time, of entering into hedging agreements, which reduce the fluctuations in the electricity margins. In addition, the capacity revenues for the nominal capacity of the power plants running on natural gas are determined for certain future periods, as detailed in Section 3.3L above.

Set forth below is the scope of the hedging for the rest of 2024 and for 2025 as at the date of the report (the data presented in the tables below is on the basis of the rate of holdings of the CPV Group in the associated companies, after completion of the transactions for acquisition of additional holdings of the Maryland and Shore power plants<sup>24</sup> (for details – see Section 10C below))<sup>25</sup>.

	October – December 2024	2025
Expected generation (MWh)	2,279,415	11,648,478
Net scope of the hedged energy margin (% of the expected generation of the power plants) (*)	71%	49%
Net hedged energy margin (millions of \$)	$\approx 22.7$ ( $\approx$ NIS 84 million)	≈ 98.9 (≈ NIS 366 million)
Net hedged energy margin (MWh/\$)	14.02	17.49
Net market prices of energy margin (MWh/\$) (**)	15.00	14.20

- (\*) Pursuant to the policy for hedging electricity margins as at the date of the report, in general the CPV Group seeks to hedge up to 50% of the scope of the expected generation. The actual hedge rate could ultimately be different.
- (\*\*) The net energy margin is the energy margin (Spark Spread) plus/minus Power Basis less carbon tax (RGGI) and other variable costs. For details regarding the manner of calculation of the electricity margin (Spark Spread) see Section 3.3K above. The market prices of energy margin are based on future contracts for electricity and natural gas.

Set forth below is the scope of the secured capacity revenues for the rest of 2024 and for 2025 as at the date of the report (The data presented in the tables below are based on the holding rate of the CPV Group in the associated companies after completion of the transactions for additional holdings of the Maryland and Shore power plants<sup>24</sup>):

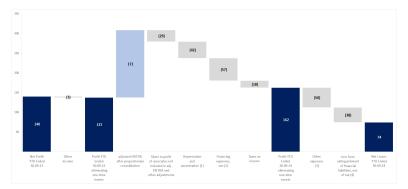
	December	
	2024	2025
Scope of the secured capacity revenues		
(% of the power plant's capacity)	91%	90%
Capacity receipts (millions of \$)	≈ 15.9	≈ 104
	(≈ NIS 59 million)	(≈ NIS 385 million)

The data in the tables include the increased holding in the Maryland power plant which was completed in October 2024. In relation to the year 2025, the data in the tables include an increase in additional holdings in the Shore power plant of about 31% and the Maryland power plant of about 25%, of which is subject to conditions that have not yet been fulfilled and there is no certainty that they will ultimately be fulfilled. Completion of the additional acquisitions is expected during the fourth quarter of 2024.

expected during the fourth quarter of 2024.

The estimated percentages and the actual hedged energy margins could change due to new hedges and/or sales of capacity made or as a result of changes in market conditions or the hedging policy of the CPV Group

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - F. <u>Analysis of the change in net income</u> (in millions of NIS)



- (1) Most of the increase stems from depreciation expenses of the Zomet power plant (about NIS 20 million) and Maple Hill (about NIS 14 million) that were commercially operated at the end of the second and fourth quarters of 2023, respectively, from the Stagecoach power plant (about NIS 6 million), the commercial operation of which began in the second quarter of 2024, and the Mountain Wind power plant (about NIS 8 million), which was consolidated for the first time in the second quarter of 2023.
- (2) Most of the increase stems from financing expenses relating to the Zomet power plant, in the amount of about NIS 41 million, the Gat power plant, in the amount of about NIS 7 million, an increase in the Mountain Wind power plant, in the amount of about NIS 7 million, and financing expenses that were recorded in the statement of income in respect of the financing framework of a renewable energy projects in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 21 million. Furthermore, there was an increase in the interest expenses in respect of the tax equity agreements in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 15 million. On the other hand, there was an increase in the financing income, deriving from the impact of the changes in the exchange of the dollar against the sheek, in in the amount of about NIS 33 million.
- (3) An increase in other expenses in 2024, in the amount of about NIS 21 million, stems from an impairment of value of Gnrgy. For additional details regarding an agreement for sale of Gnrgy shares see Note 6C to the interim statements. In addition, there was an increase, in the amount of about NIS 31 million, stemming from a loss from impairment of value of Hadera 2 due to the government's decision to reject the plan for additional details see Note 10B(1) to the interim financial statements.
- (4) Includes non-recurring financing expenses relating to repayment of project credit in Zomet and Gat, in the amount of about NIS 49 million (about NIS 38 million, net of tax). For details see Note 7A(2) to the Interim Statements.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - G. <u>Adjustments to EBITDA after proportionate consolidation and net income</u> (in millions of NIS)

_						
or	the	Nine	M	onths	Ended	

Section	September 3		Board's explanations
	2024	2023	
Change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments (presented as part of the Company's share of income of associated companies in the U.S.)	4	15	Represents the change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are used in programs for hedging electricity margins of the transition generation energies segment in the U.S. and that were not designated for hedge accounting – for details see Section E above.
Net expenses, not in the ordinary course of business and/or of a non-recurring nature	-	18	In 2023, represents test runs and other activities executed prior to the commercial operation of the Zomet power plant, which took place in June 2023.
Total adjustments to EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	4	33	
Tax impact in respect of the adjustments	(1)	(7)	
Total adjustments to net income for the period	3	26	
	34		

## 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

## H. Detail generation

Set forth below is detail of the generation of the power plants in Israel and the U.S.:

Israel

		Fo	r the Nine Months End	ed September 30, 2024		F	or the Nine Months End	led September 30, 2023	
	Capacity (MW)	Potential electricity generation (GWh) <sup>(1)</sup>	Net electricity generation (GWh) <sup>(2)</sup>	Actual generation percentage (%)(3)	Actual calculated availability percentage (%)	Potential electricity generation (GWh)	Net electricity generation (GWh)	Actual generation percentage (%)	Actual calculated availability percentage (%)
Rotem	466	2,789	2,425	86.9%	92.7%	2,811	2,656	94.5%	98.5%
Hadera	144	784	680	87.0%	87.0%	747	677	90.6%	90.6%
Gat	75	467	323	69.2%	69.2%	309	307	99.3%	100%
Zomet	396	2,449	398	16.0%	83.0%	907	256	28.2%	89.8%

- (1) The generation potential is the net generation capability adjusted for temperature and humidity.
- (2) The actual net generation in the period.
- (3) The actual generation percentage is the net electricity generated divided by the generation potential.

U.S.

		Fo	or the Nine Months End	ed September 30, 2024		F	or the Nine Months End	ed September 30, 2023	
	Capacity (MW)	Potential electricity generation (GWh) <sup>(1)</sup>	Net electricity generation (GWh) <sup>(2)</sup>	Actual generation percentage (%)(3)	Actual availability percentage (%)	Potential electricity generation (GWh)	Net electricity generation (GWh)	Actual generation percentage (%)	Actual availability percentage (%)
				Energy tr	ansition projects (natura	al gas)			
Fairview	1,050	6,808	5,777	83.2%	90.4%	6,848	6,205	89.9%	96.9%
Towantic	805	5,001	4,125	77.0%	89.7%	5,107	4,310	81.0%	94.7%
Maryland	745	4,641	2,774	57.6%	94.0%	4,648	3,051	63.4%	90.8%
Shore	725	4,574	2,799	59.0%	93.2%	3,728	2,689	56.9%	77.7%
Valley	720	4,578	3,999	88.1%	95.6%	4,468	3,422	75.9%	81.5%
Three Rivers	1,258	7,647	5,082	64.0%	80.2%	1,539	1,055	61.3%	70.0%

- (1) The potential generation is the gross generation capability during the period after planned maintenance and less the electricity used for the power plant's internal purposes.
- (2) The net generation of electricity is the gross generation during the period less the electricity used for the power plant's internal purposes.
- (3) The actual generation percentage is the quantity of the net electricity generated in the facilities compared with the maximum quantity that can be generated in the period.
- (\*) It is noted that the generation data of the Gat, Zomet and Three Rivers power plants were included starting from the initial consolidation date or the commercial operation date, as applicable, which took place in 2023.

# $5. \qquad Analysis \ of the \ results \ of \ operations \ for \ the \ Three \ Months \ Ended \ September \ 30,2024 \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS)$

# A. <u>Statement of income</u>

Section		For the Three Months Ended September 30			
	2024	2023			
Revenues from sales and provision of services (1)	879	851			
Cost of sales and provision of services (without depreciation and amortization) (2)	(582)	(561)			
Depreciation and amortization	(90)	(95)			
Gross profit	207	195			
Administrative and general expenses	(72)	(65)			
Share in earnings of associated companies	64	79			
Business development expenses	(11)	(17)			
Compensation for lost revenues	18	-			
Other income (expenses), net	2	11			
Operating income	208	203			
Financing expenses, net	(51)	(70)			
Loss from extinguishment of financial liabilities	(49)	-			
Income before taxes on income	108	133			
Taxes on income	(22)	(32)			
Net income for the period	86	101			
Adjustments	(5)	(1)			
Adjusted income for the period	81	100			
Attributable to:					
The Company's shareholders	78	82			
Holders of non-controlling interests	3	18			

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - A. <u>Statement of income</u> (Cont.)
    - (1) Changes in revenues:

Revenues	For the Three		Board's Explanations		
_	Months Ended September 30				
	2024	2023			
Revenues in Israel					
Revenues from sale of energy to private customers	533	530			
Revenues from sale of energy to the System Operator and to other suppliers	33		Most of the decrease stems from a decline in the sales of Zomet to the System Operator.		
Revenues in respect of capacity payments	39	28	The increase stems mainly from an increase in the availability tariff in Zomet starting from the beginning of 2024.		
Revenues from sale of energy at cogeneration tariff	17	14			
Revenues from sale of steam	14	14			
Other revenues	_	7			
Total revenues from sale of energy and others in Israel (without infrastructure services)	636	643			
Revenues from private customers in respect of infrastructure services	125	138			
Total revenues in Israel	761	781			
Revenues in the U.S.					
Revenues from sale of electricity from renewable energy	39	29	The increase stems mainly from the commercial operation of the Maple Hill and Stagecoach projects commencing from the fourth quarter of 2023 and the second quarter of 2024, respectively.		
Revenues from provision of services (as part of the other segment) and other revenues	79	41	Most of the increase stems from the scope of the activities involving sale of electricity from renewable sources (retail) to commercial customers.		
Total revenues in the U.S.	118	70			
Total revenues	879	851			
	37				

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - $A. \qquad \underline{Statement\ of\ income}\ (Cont.)$ 
    - $(2) \quad \text{Changes in the cost of sales and provision of services (not including depreciation and amortization):} \\$

Cost of Sales and Provision of Services	For the Three Months Ended		Board's Explanations
	September 30		
	2024	2023	
Cost of sales in Israel			
Natural gas and diesel oil	164	203	A decrease of about NIS 19 million stemming from a decline in the gas consumption due to a decline in the sales of Zomet to the System Operator and a decrease of about NIS 16 million stemming from unplanned maintenance work performed at the Gat power plant during the third quarter of 2024. In addition, there was a decline of about NIS 8 million resulting from a drop in the gas price deriving from, among other things, a decline in the generation component.
Expenses in respect of acquisition of energy	163	123	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 29 million, is a result of an increase in customer consumption.
Cost of transmission of gas	13	13	
Salaries and related expenses	12	13	
Operating expenses	30	26	
Other expenses	=	4	
Total cost of sales in Israel without infrastructure services	382	382	
Expenses in respect of infrastructure services	125	138	
Total cost of sales in Israel	507	520	
	38		

# $5. \qquad Analysis of the \ results \ of \ operations \ for \ the \ Three \ Months \ Ended \ September \ 30, 2024 \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS) \ (Cont.)$

# $A. \qquad \underline{Statement\ of\ income}\ (Cont.)$

(2) Changes in the cost of sales and provision of services (not including depreciation and amortization): (Cont.)

Coat of	color on	d service	a in 41	OILC

Cost of sales and services in the C.S.		
Cost of sales in respect of sale of electricity from renewable energy	11	15
Cost in respect provision of services (as part of the "others" segment) and other costs	64	26 Most of the increase stems from an increase in the scope of the activities involving sale of
		electricity from renewable sources (retail) to commercial customers.
Total cost of sales and provision of services in the U.S.	75	41
Total cost of sales and provision of services	582	561
	39	

- $5. \qquad \text{Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)} \\$ 
  - B. <u>EBITDA</u>, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt

EBITDA calculations, including adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation (in millions of NIS):

For the
Three Months Ended

	Septem	iber 30
	2024	2023
Revenues from sales and provision of services	879	851
Cost of sales and provision of services (without depreciation and		
amortization)	(582)	(561)
Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and amortization)	(67)	(62)
Business development expenses	(11)	(17)
Share in income of associated companies	64	79
Compensation for lost revenues	18	=
Consolidated EBITDA	301	290
Elimination of the share in income of associated companies	(64)	(79)
Addition of the share of Group in proportionate EBITDA of associated		
companies (3)	170	169
EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	407	380
Adjustments for associated companies (see detail in Section F below) (1)	(6)	(1)
Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	401	379

- Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
    - $(1) \qquad \text{Calculation of the Group's share in the proportionate EBITDA of associated companies } (\underline{\text{in millions of NIS}}):$

For the three months ended September 30, 2024	Fairview	Towantic	Maryland	Shore*	Valley	Rivers	Total
Revenues from sales of energy	53	52	53	46	91	22	317
Cost of natural gas	19	13	12	14	26	10	94
Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)**	-	14	10	10	30	-	64
Cost of sales - other expenses (without							
depreciation and amortization)	1	1	2	2	2	1	9
Gain (loss) on realization of transactions							
hedging the electricity margins	3	(8)	(9)	(1)	6	1	(8)
Net energy margin	36	16	20	19	39	12	142
Revenues from capacity payments	5	33	3	5	16	1	63
Other income	1	-	2	1	1	-	5
Gross profit	42	49	25	25	56	13	210
Fixed costs (without depreciation and							
amortization)	5	5	4	5	17	3	39
Administrative and general expenses							
(without depreciation and amortization)	2	1	1	1	2	-	7
Group's share in proportionate adjusted							
EBITDA of associated companies	35	43	20	19	37	10	164
For the three months ended September 30, 2023	Fairview	Towantic	Maryland	Shore*	Valley	Rivers	Total
	Fairview 54	Towantic 47	Maryland 40	Shore*	Valley 83	Rivers 11	Total 280
For the three months ended September 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas			·				
Revenues from sales of energy	54	47	40	45	83	11	280
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas	54	47 12	40 18	45 16	83 25	11	280 95
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)**	54	47 12	40 18	45 16	83 25	11	280 95
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without	54	47 12	40 18 4	45 16 9	83 25	11	280 95 36
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization)	54	47 12	40 18 4	45 16 9	83 25	11	280 95 36
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions	54 18 1	47 12 8	40 18 4	45 16 9	83 25 14	11	280 95 36 8
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins	54 18 1 1	47 12 8 1	40 18 4 3	45 16 9 2	83 25 14 1	11 6 - -	280 95 36 8
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin	54 18 1 1 4 38	47 12 8 1 (2) 24	40 18 4 3 5 20	45 16 9 2	83 25 14 1	11 6 - -	280 95 36 8 8
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments	54 18 1 1 4 38	47 12 8 1 (2) 24 28	40 18 4 3 5 20 7	45 16 9 2	83 25 14 1 1 44 17	11 6 - -	280 95 36 8 8
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income	54 18 1 1 1 4 38 5	47 12 8 1 (2) 24 28 (3)	40 18 4 3 5 20 7	45 16 9 2 - 18 4	83 25 14 1 1 44 17	11 6 - - - 5 1	280 95 36 8 8 149 62
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit	54 18 1 1 1 4 38 5	47 12 8 1 (2) 24 28 (3)	40 18 4 3 5 20 7	45 16 9 2 - 18 4	83 25 14 1 1 44 17	11 6 - - - 5 1	280 95 36 8 8 149 62
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses	54 18 1 1 1 4 38 5 1	47 12 8 1 (2) 24 28 (3) 49	40 18 4 3 5 20 7 -	45 16 9 2 - 18 4 1 23	83 25 14 1 1 44 17 1 62	11 6 - - - 5 1 - 6	280 95 36 8 149 62  211
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization)	54 18 1 1 1 4 38 5 1	47 12 8 1 (2) 24 28 (3) 49	40 18 4 3 5 20 7 -	45 16 9 2 - 18 4 1 23	83 25 14 1 1 44 17 1 62	11 6 - - - 5 1 - 6	280 95 36 8 149 62  211
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses	54 18 1 1 1 4 38 5 1	47 12 8 1 (2) 24 28 (3) 49	40 18 4 3 5 20 7 -	45 16 9 2 - 18 4 1 23	83 25 14 1 1 44 17 1 62	11 6 - - - 5 1 - 6	280 95 36 8 8 149 62 - 211

<sup>\*</sup> At the Shore power plant – gas transport costs (totaling in the third quarter of 2024 and 2023 about NIS 5 million) that are classified in accordance with IFRS 16 as depreciation expenses and, accordingly, are not included in the adjusted

EBITDA.

\*\* It is noted that as at the approval date of the report, in Pennsylvania RGGI is not imposed. For details regarding a legal proceeding underway regarding the matter and possible implications of imposition of RGGI on costs of the Fairview power plant and the electricity prices throughout the PJM – see Section 8.1.5B of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023. In the third quarter, there was an increase of 74% in the average RGGI compared with the corresponding quarter last year.

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - B. EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
    - (2) Set forth below is a breakdown of the adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation data broken down by the subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) and the associated companies (on a proportionate basis, based on the rate of the holdings of the CPV Group therein) (in NIS millions):

	Basis of presentation in the Company's financial statements	For the Three Months E September 30, Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation		For th Three Month September 3 Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	s Ended
_					_
Total operating projects and					
accompanying business activities (1) (2)	Consolidated	258	149	242	268
Business development costs and					
headquarters in Israel	Consolidated	(3)	(4)	(7)	(7)
Total Israel		255	145	235	261
T (1 (1)	Associated	164	06	170	117
Total operating projects (1) Other costs	Consolidated		96		117
	Consondated	(1) <b>163</b>	103	(1) <b>169</b>	117
Total energy transition in the U.S.	Consolidated	27	103	10	117
Total operating projects (1) Business development and other costs	Consolidated	(6)	(22)	(12)	4
	Consondated			. ,	(8)
Total renewable energy in the U.S. Total activities as part of the "others"		21	(3)	(2)	(4)
•	Consolidated	1	1	0	0
segment Headquarters in the United States <sup>26</sup>	Consolidated	(24)	(17)	9	9
	Consolidated	(34)	(17)	(25)	(6)
Total United States		151	84	151	116
Company headquarters (not allocated					
to the segments)	Consolidated	(5)	16	(7)	(11)
		(-)		(.)	()
Total consolidated (3)		401	245	379	366

(1) See Section 3 below.

(3) In the period of the report, the consolidated FFO without adjustments for changes in the working capital was about NIS 243 million (in the corresponding period last year – about NIS 237 million).

<sup>(2)</sup> The accompanying business activities in Israel include mainly virtual supply activities through OPC Israel, sale of electricity from facilities for generation of energy on the customer's premises through OPC Power Plants and commerce in natural gas, including with third parties through OPC Natural Gas.

After elimination of management fees between the CPV Group and the Company, in the amounts of about NIS 8 million and about NIS 8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

## Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

#### EBITDA. FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)

(3) Set forth below is additional information regarding the revenues, net (in Israel net of infrastructure services and in the U.S. – revenues from sale of energy, availability and other), adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt of the Group's active power plants broken down by activity segments and subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) and the associated companies (on a proportionate basis, based on the rate of the holdings of the CPV Group therein) (in NIS millions):

		For	r the three months ended	September 30, 2024		For the three months ended September 30, 2023				
Main projects in operation	Basis of presentation in the Company's financial statements	Net revenues	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consol- idation	FFO	Net cash flows after service of project debt	Net revenues	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consol- idation	FFO	Net cash flows after service of project debt	
D	G Elect	200	172	1.1228	107	221	170	221	105	
Rotem <sup>27</sup>	Consolidated Consolidated	299 96	172 59 <sup>29</sup>	143 <sup>28</sup>	165	331 100	170 36	221	185 29	
Hadera	Consolidated		22 <sup>30</sup>	24	11 (50) <sup>31</sup>			41	19	
Zomet Gat	Consolidated	67 29	5 <sup>32</sup>	(19) 22		75 41	12 25	19 13	7	
	Consolidated	29	5	22	(15)31	41	23	13	/	
Accompanying business activities	Consolidated	145		(21)	100	89	(1)	(26)	(20)	
	Consolidated	145	-	(21)	10931	89	(1)	(26)	(26)	
Total operating										
projects in Israel										
and accompanying business activities		(2)	258	140	220	(2)	242	268	214	
Fairview <sup>33</sup>	1 (250()	<b>636</b> 59	258 35	149 27	243	636	242 40	2 <b>68</b> 37	214 21	
	Associated (25%)					60				
Towantic	Associated (26%)	85	43	42	28	72	44	42	(2)	
Maryland	Associated (25%)	58	20	9	4	47	22	8	3	
Shore	Associated (37.5%)	52	19	9	9	50	16	12	3	
Valley	Associated (50%)	108	37	5	(10)	101	45	18	14	
Three Rivers <sup>34</sup>	Associated (10%)	23	10	4	1	12	3	-	-	
Total energy										
transition in the U.S. <sup>35</sup>		385	164	96	275	342	170	117	39	
Keenan	Consolidated	19	8	6	(1)	19	7	3	9	
Mountain Wind	Consolidated	10	-	-	(10)	10	3	1	(11)	
Maple Hill <sup>34</sup>	Consolidated	10	11	6	6	-	-	-	_	
Stagecoach <sup>34</sup>	Consolidated	6	8	7	7	-	-	-	-	
Total renewable energy in the U.S.		45	27	19	2	29	10	4	(2)	

 $Not including \ repayment \ of \ loans \ to \ shareholders \ of \ Rotem \ and \ payments \ of \ intercompany \ taxes \ in \ the \ consolidated \ tax \ reconciliation \ statement.$ 

The decrease in the FFO in the quarter compared with the corresponding period last year stems mainly from an increase in the payment to the gas supplier, in the amount of about NIS 68 million due to timing differences.

In the third quarter of 2024, the financial results of the Hadera power plant include compensation, in the amount of about NIS 18 million, in respect of lost revenues due to a delay in the commercial operation. For additional details – see

Note 10B(3) to the Interim Statements.

 $For details \ regarding \ the \ availability \ tariffs \ of \ the \ Zomet \ power \ plant, \ particularly \ in \ 2023-see \ Section \ 7.13 \ of \ Part \ A \ of \ the \ Periodic \ Report \ for \ 2023.$ 

Net cash flows after service of the project debt includes cash raised by OPC Israel and cash used by Zomet and Gat to make early repayment of the project financing. For details – see Note 7A(2) to the Interim Statements. For details regarding unplanned maintenance at the Gat power plant that negatively impacted it results in the period of the report – see Section 4C(1) above.

The net cash flows after service of the debt in Fairview includes taking out of additional financing for the project as part of a refinancing of the project in the third quarter of 2024 (which was distributed as a dividend to the partners in the project). For details - see Section 9A(4) below.

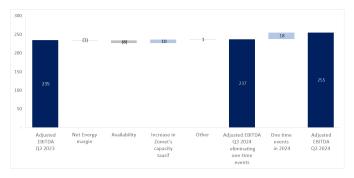
The financial results of the Three Rivers and Maple Hill projects were included starting from the commercial operation dates, which took place in the second half of 2023. The financial results of Stagecoach were included starting from the commercial operation date, during the second quarter of 2024.

It is noted that the financing agreements of the CPV Group including mechanisms of the "cash sweep" type in the framework of which all or part of the free cash flows from the project is designated for repayment of the loan principal on a current basis in addition to the predetermined minimum repayment schedule with respect to every long-term loan. Accordingly, there could be an acceleration of execution of repayments upon occurrence of certain events and there are limitations on distributions to the owners

# $5. \qquad \text{Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)} \\$

## C. <u>Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA – Israel segment</u>

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA in Israel in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the corresponding quarter last year (in NIS millions):

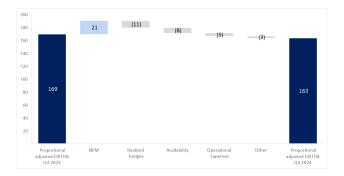


- 1. Availability (operational) the decrease stems mainly from a shutdown of the Gat power plant as described in Section 4C(1) above.
- $2. \quad \underline{Increase\ in\ availability\ tariffs\ in\ Zomet} for\ additional\ details\ see\ Section\ 4C(2)\ above.$
- $3. \quad \underline{Non\text{-recurring events}} stems \ from \ non\text{-recurring compensation Hadera received} as \ detailed \ in \ Section \ 4C(3) \ above.$

## 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

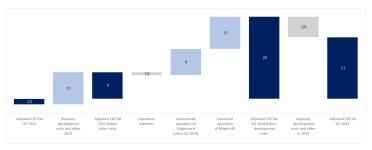
## D. <u>Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation – energy transition segment in the U.S.</u>

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in the adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation in the energy transition segment in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the corresponding quarter last year (in millions of NIS):

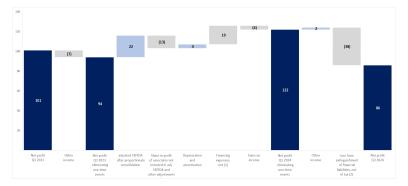


## Renewable energy segment

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in the adjusted EBITDA from activities in the renewable energy segment in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the corresponding quarter last year (in millions of NIS):



- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - E. <u>Analysis of the change in net income</u> (in millions of NIS)



- (1) Most of the increase stems from an increase in the financing income due to the impact of the changes of the exchange rate of the dollar against the shekel, in the amount of about NIS 38 million. On the other hand, there was an increase in the financing expenses recorded to the statement of income in respect of the financing framework of the renewable energy projects in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 7 million, and an increase in the financing expenses in respect of the tax equity agreements in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 7 million.
- (2) Includes non-recurring financing expenses in respect of project financing in Zomet and Gat, in the amount of about NIS 49 million (about NIS 38 million net of tax). For details see Note 7A(2) to the Interim Statements.

- $5. \qquad Analysis \ of \ the \ results \ of \ operations \ for \ Three \ Months \ Ended \ September \ 30,2024 \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS) \ (Cont.)$ 
  - $F. \qquad \underline{Adjustments\ to\ EBITDA\ after\ proportionate\ consolidation\ and\ net\ income}\ (in\ millions\ of\ NIS)$

For the	Three	Months	Endad

Section	September 3		Board's explanations
	2024	2023	
Change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments (presented as part of the Company's share of income of associated companies in the U.S.)	(6)	(1)	Represents the change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are used in programs for hedging electricity margins of the energy transition segment in the U.S. that were not designated for hedge accounting, as described in Section 4E above.
Total adjustments to EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	(6)	(1)	
Tax impact in respect of the adjustments	1	-	
Total adjustments to net income for the period	(5)	(1)	
	47		

#### 6. Initiation and Construction Projects

- A. <u>Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S.</u>
  - 1. Main details with reference to construction projects in Israel (held at 100% ownership by OPC Israel, which is 80% held by the Company)36:

Power plants/					Date/ expectation		Total expected	Total construction cost as
facilities					of the		construction	at September 30,
for generation of energy	Status	Capacity (megawatts)	Location	Technology	start of the commercial operation	Main customer/ consumer	cost (NIS millions)	2024 (NIS millions)
OPC Sorek 2 Ltd. ("Sorek 2")	Under construction	≈ 87	On the premises of the Sorek B seawater desalination facility	Powered by natural gas, cogeneration	First half of 2025 <sup>37</sup>	Yard consumers and the System Operator	≈ 212	≈ 196

That stated in connection with projects that have not yet reached operation, including with reference to the expected operation date, the technologies and/or the anticipated cost of the investment, is "forward-looking" information, as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based on, among other things, the Company's estimates and assumptions as at the approval date of the report and regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized (in whole or in part). Completion of the said projects (or any one of them) may not occur or may occur in a manner different than that stated above, among other things due to dependency on various factors, including those that are not under the Company's control, including assurance of connection to the network and output of electricity from the project sites and/or connection to the infrastructures (including gas infrastructures), receipt of permits, completion of planning processes and licensing, completion of construction work, fanile costs in response, the company is completed in the project sites and/or connection, equipment and acquisition of rights in land, the proper functioning of the equipment and/or the terms of undertakings with main suppliers (including lenders), and there is no certainty they will be fulfilled, the manner of their fulfillment, the extent of their impact or what their final terms will be. Ultimately technical, operational or other delays and/or breakdowns and/or an increase in expenses could be caused, this being as a result of, among other things, factors as stated above or as a result of occurrence of one or more of the risk factors the Company is exposed to, including construction risks (including fare majure events and the War and its impacts), regulatory, licensing or planning risks, macro-economic changes, delays and increased costs due relating to the supply chain and changes in raw-material prices and etc. For additional details regarding risk factors – see Section 19 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023. It is further clarifi

It is noted that a delay in the commercial operation beyond the original contractual date, which is not considered a justified delay as defined in the project agreements, could trigger payment of monthly compensation at a limited graduated rate (taking into account the length of the delay, where a delay after full utilization of the compensation ceiling could give rise to a cancellation right). It is clarified that in the initial delay period, the amount of the compensation for an unjustified delay is not material. The construction work, its completion the commercial operation date and the costs involved with the construction could be adversely impacted by the War and/or its impacts. As at the date of the report, the financial closing for the project had been completed, however completion of the construction and operation of the Sorek 2 generation facility are subject to fulfillment of conditions and factors that have not yet been fulfilled, and by operational or technical factors that relate to completion of the construction and the work on the project's site, which are impacted by, among other things, the defense (security) situation in Israel. It is noted that as opposed to the Company's position, the position of the construction contractor and the equipment supplier is that the security situation in Israel constitutes force majeure. Ultimately, the date expected for completion of the construction and commencement of the operation, as shown in the table could be delayed as a result of, among other things, a delay in completion of the construction work (including construction of the desalination facility), delays in receipt of the required permits or in completion of connection to infrastructures, disruptions in arrival of equipment, force majeure events, occurrence of risk factors to which the Company is exposed, which are caused as a result of the war or it consequences. Such delays could involve an increase in the project costs. It is clarified that delays as stated could impact the project's costs and cou

## 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

- A. Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S. (Cont.)
  - Main details with reference to construction projects in Israel (held at 100% ownership by OPC Israel, which is 80% held by the Company)<sup>36</sup>: (Cont.)

For additional details regarding projects in the advanced and initial development stage in Israel, particularly the Ramat Beka project, and facilities for generation of electricity on the consumer's premises in various construction and development stages – see Section 6A to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023\*\*. For details regarding a Purchase Tax assessment in connection with the Ramat Beka project – see Note 8B(1) to the Interim Statements

Intel – on March 3, 2024, OPC Power Plants signed a non-binding memorandum of understanding with Intel Electronics ("Intel"), and existing customer of the Group whereby OPC Power Plants will construct and operate a power plant ("the Project"), which will supply electricity to Intel's facilities, including expansion of the presently existing facilities, for a period of 20 years starting from the operation date ("the Memorandum of Understanding")

Pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding, OPC Power Plants will hold exclusively rights in the Project with a capacity of at least 450 megawatts (and in the Company's estimation up to 650 megawatts). The Memorandum of Understanding includes provisions regarding advancement of the development and planning of the Project, acquisition of rights in the land in accordance with the arrangements determined and joint cooperation between the parties for purposes of receipt of the required permits in connection with the Project. In addition, the Memorandum of Understanding includes, among other things, arrangements relating to the tariff to be paid to OPC Israel, which is based on discount rates from the generation component and other provisions that will be included in an express agreement that will be drafted by the parties (including precondition that are customary in projects of this type, which include determination of an appropriate arrangement by the Electricity Authority, arrangement of rights in the land, completion of a planning survey and receipt of regulatory approvals)

As at the approval date of the report, the Company estimates the construction cost of the Project in the range of about \$1.3 million – about \$1.5 million per megawatt<sup>39</sup> and subject to completion of the development and planning processes the Project is expected to reach the construction stage in 2026–2027.

Ramat Beka — further to that stated in Section 6A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023 regarding the Ramat Beka project (hereinafter — "the Prior Tender"), on June 30, 2024 OPC Power Plants was declared the winner in an additional tender of Israel Lands Authority in connection with two sites with an aggregate area of about 1,617 dunams located adjacent to sites the subsidiary won in the Prior Tender. The Group's bids in the tender amount to an aggregate of about NIS 890 million for the two sites in the tender. In September 2024, about NIS 178 million (about 20%) out of the win amount in connection with the planning authorization agreement was paid.

<sup>38</sup> The information relating to the projects in early and advanced development in Israel constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, where actual implementation of the development projects (wholly or partly) might not happen and/or may be delayed as a result of, among other things, non-fulfillment of the conditions and circumstances that are required or appropriate for implementation thereof, the security situation in Israel and other factors.

The estimate of the cost includes an estimate of the costs of equipment, construction and financing the construction (without a land component). That stated constitutes "forward-looking" information regarding which there is no certainty it will ultimately materialize.

## 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

- A. Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S. (Cont.)
  - Main details with reference to construction projects in Israel (held at 100% ownership by OPC Israel, which is 80% held by the Company)<sup>36</sup>: (Cont.)

Ramat Beka - (Cont.)

As at the date of the report, in the Company's estimation, the proximity of the sites that are the subject of the Present Tender to the sites OPC Power Plants won in the Prior Tender, which are in the development stages, constitutes a significant unique advantage for it, and subject to advancement of appropriate development processes, it will be possible to act in order to advance a consolidated project having about 500 megawatts plus storage capacity estimated at about 2,760 megawatts per hour, and an estimated cost of about NIS 4.5 – 4.9 billion, on a cumulative basis, on the area of the sites in the Prior Tender and the Present Tender. In addition, based on an initial evaluation, the proximity of the sites, as stated, would be expected to permit physical project consecutiveness, allow for savings on central (joint) costs, increase the certainty with respect to the feasibility and characteristics of the projects and advance the conditions required for ultimate execution and connection to the transmission network in the framework of an overall plan having a significant scope®.

For additional details regarding the tender and the fixed payment terms therein - see Note 10B(2) to the interim statements.

In the Company's estimation, at this preliminary stage, subject to completion of all the transactions, development processes, planning and licensing along with receipt of the required approvals, the start of the construction stage is expected to be in 2026–2027<sup>41</sup>. For details – see the Company's Immediate Report dated July 1, 2024 (Reference No.: 2024-01-066948).

As at the date of the report, a full authorization agreement had not yet been signed in connection with the tender sites, the development processes had not yet been completed, and the authorizations required for advancement of the projects on the land sites (including as a consolidated project) had not yet been received, and there is no certainty that these actions, approvals or decisions will be executed and/or received (in whole or in part) and/or the estimated period for their completion (if completed). In addition, that stated regarding, among other things, the characteristics and capacity of the solar facilities and the storage capacity, the estimated cost of the subject projects (or any of them), the feasibility of advancement of the projects as a consolidated project the economic benefit and the cost savings due to consolidation of the projects (if consolidated), increase of the certainty regarding the development or connection to the network processes, realization of the advantages of a consolidated project (if allowed) and the start date of construction of the project/s includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based solely on the Company's estimates and assumptions as at the date of the report, and regarding which there is no certainty they will be realized or the manner in which they will be realized. As at the approval date of the report, construction of the generation and storage facilities and advancement of the project/s (in any of the tenders and/or the consolidated project) depend on, among other things, advancement and completion or the manner thereof (if completed). In addition, the costs of the projects are impacted by macro-economic conditions and are subject to changes in the prices of energy, equipment, construction, shipping, etc. Therefore, ultimately there could be administrative, planning, environmental, regulatory, infrastructure, operational and licensing delays/deficiencies, along with an increase in the estimated costs – this being due

Development of the project on the land sites (in whole or in part, including in the format of a consolidated project), its construction and operation are exposed to various risk factors that generally apply to the Company's activities, particularly risks relating to completion of the development processes, regulatory risks, market risks (including macro conditions), dependency on infrastructures and assurance of connection to and a place in the network and the infrastructure suppliers, and construction risks of the projects. For details regarding the Company's risk factors – see Section 19 to Part A of the Company's Periodic Report for 2023.

## 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

- A. <u>Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S.</u> (Cont.)
  - 2. Main details regarding construction projects in the area of renewable energy as at the date of the report using solar and wind technology in the U.S. (held as at the approval date of the report 100% by the CPV Group, which is 70% held by the Company)<sup>42</sup>
- Details with respect to the scope of the investments in the United States were translated from dollars and presented in NIS based on the currency rate of exchange on September 30, 2024 \$1 = NIS 3.71. The information presented below regarding projects under construction, including with respect to the expected commercial operation date, the expected construction cost, an undertaking with a tax partner and/or the expected results of the activities for the first full calendar year (revenues, EBITDA, investments of the tax partner and cash flows after the tax partner) includes "forward-looking" information, as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will materialize (in whole or in part), including due to factors that are not under the control of the CPV Group. The information is based on, among other things, estimates of the CPV Group as at the approval date of the report, the realization of which is not certain, and which might not be realized due to factors, such as: delays in receipt of permits, an increase in the construction costs, delays in execution of the construction work and/or technical or operational malfunctions, problems or delays regarding signing an agreement for connection to the network or connection of the project to transmission or other infrastructures, an increase in costs due to the commercial conditions in the agreements with main suppliers (such as equipment suppliers and contractors), problems signing an investment agreement with a Tax Equity Partner regarding part of the cost of the project and utilization of the tax benefits (if relevant), problems signing commercial agreements for of the potential revenues from the project, terms of the commercial agreements, conditions of the energy market, regulatory changes or legislative changes (including changes impacting main suppliers of the projects), an increase in the financing expenses, unforeseen expenses, macro-economic changes, weather events, including delays and an increase in costs of undertaking

## 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

A. <u>Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S.</u> (Cont.)

2. Main details regarding construction projects in the area of renewable energy using solar technology in the U.S. (held 100% by the CPV Group, which is 70% held by the Company)<sup>§2</sup>

Project	Capacity (megawatts)		l Commercial	Regulated market after the PPA period	Total expected construction cost net for 1100% of the project (NIS millions)	Tax equity (NIS	Total construction cost as at September 30, 2024 (NIS millions)	1	Expectation for a first full calendar year in the period of the PPA agreements	
								Revenues (NIS millions)	EBITDA (NIS millions)	Cash flows after tax partner (NIS millions)
CPV Backbone Solar, LLC ("Backbone")	MWdc	Second half of 2025	- term	PJM + MD SRECs	≈ 1,169 (≈\$315 million)	≈ 430 (≈ \$116 million) 2	≈ 787 (≈ \$212 million)	≈ 71 (≈\$19 million)	≈ 49 (≈\$13 million)	≈ 39 (≈\$11 million)

The project has signed a connection agreement and electricity supply agreement with the global e-commerce company for a period of 10 years from the start of the commercial operation, for supply of 90% of the electricity expected to be generated by the project in the said period, and sale of solar renewable energy certificates, which is valid up to 2035. The balance of the project's capacity (10%) will be used for supply to active customers, retail supply of electricity of the CPV Group or for sale in the market.

As at the approval date of the report, the CPV Group had signed an agreement with a tax partner in the ITC (Investment Tax Credit) format, where pursuant to the agreement the investment of the tax partner in the project will be partly (about 20%) on the mechanical completion date, and the balance (about 80%) will be made on the commercial operation date. For additional details – see Note 8A(5) to the Interim Statements.

## 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

- A. <u>Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S.</u> (Cont.)
  - 2. Main details regarding construction projects in the area of renewable energy using solar technology in the U.S. (held 100% by the CPV Group, which is 70% held by the Company)<sup>42</sup>

			Expected commercial		Regulated	of the	Tax	Total construction cost as at September 30, 2024		Expectation for a first full calendar year	
	Capacity		operation	Commercial		(NIS	(NIS	(NIS		in the period of the PPA agreements	
	(megawatts)							millions)		in the period of the FFA agreements	
									Revenues (NIS millions)	EBITDA (NIS millions)	Cash flows after tax partner (NIS millions)
CPV Rogue's Wind, LLC ("Rogues")		Pennsylvania	half of 2026		PJM MAAC	1,354 (≈ \$365 million)	(≈\$160	339 (≈ \$91	≈ 91 (≈\$25 million)	≈ 71 (≈\$19 million)	≈ 58 (≈\$16 million)

<sup>45</sup> In August 2024, a Work Commencement Order was issued and a project financing agreement was signed for provision of a shareholders' loan to the project. For details – see Note 7A(3) to the interim statements.

In April 2021, the project signed an agreement for sale of all the electricity and the environmental consideration (including Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs), benefits relating to availability and accompanying services), the terms of which were improved in the period of the report. The agreement was signed for a period of 10 years starting from the commercial operation date. The CPV Group has provided collateral for assurance of its obligations under the agreement, which includes execution of certain payments to the other party if certain milestones (including the commencement date of the activities) in the project are not be completed in accordance with the timetable determined.

The project is located on a former coal mine and, therefore, it is expected to be entitled to enlarged tax benefits of 40% in accordance with the IRA Law. The CPV Group intends to act to sign an agreement with a tax partner (Equity Tax) in

The project is located on a former coal mine and, therefore, it is expected to be entitled to enlarged tax benefits of 40% in accordance with the IRA Law. The CPV Group intends to act to sign an agreement with a tax partner (Equity Tax) in respect of about 40% of the cost of the project and use of the tax credits that are available to the project (subject to appropriate regulatory arrangements). That stated regarding the intention of the CPV Group to sign an agreement with a tax partner (equity tax), including the scope thereof and/or the scope of the tax benefits, includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based on estimates of the CPV Group proximate to the date of the report and regarding which there is no certainty they will materialize (in whole or in part). The said estimates might not materialize or might change due to a range of circumstances, including changes in the provisions of the law or regulations, the final terms of the agreement with the tax partner, which are not dependent on the Company and there is no certainty regarding their realization.

## 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

#### Additional details regarding development projects in the U.S.

Set forth below is a summary of the scope of the development projects (in megawatts) in the United States as at the approval date of the report<sup>48</sup>.

Technology	Advanced development <sup>49</sup>	Preliminary development	Total*
Solar <sup>50</sup>	1,100	2,100	3,200
Wind (1)	150	1,200	1,350
Total renewable energy	1,250	3,300	4,550
Carbon capture projects (natural gas with reduced emissions) (2)	(3) 950	3,900	4,850

- \* It is noted that out of the total backlog of the development projects, as stated above, about 500 megawatts of renewable energy are in the PJM market in the advanced development stage, and about 3,900 megawatts (of which about 1,000 megawatts are renewable energy) are in the preliminary development stage. The said data takes into account the publication of PJM from May 2024 regarding the projected treatment dates of the requests submitted for connection agreements.
- (1) In August 2024, construction of the Rogue's Wind project commenced. For details see Section 6A(2) above.
- (2) For details see Section 6C of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023. The suppliers of a gas project under the development with carbon capture potential are presented based on the rate of holdings of the CPV Group of the rights in the project. Three projects with a total capacity of about 5GW are held by the CPV Group at the rate of 70% (share of the CPV Group 3.96GW).
- The information presented in this section with reference to development projects of the CPV Group, including regarding the status of the projects and/or their characteristics (the capacity, technology, the possibility for integrated carbon capture potential, expected construction date etc.), constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized or the manner in which it will be realized. It is clarified that as at the approval date of the report there is no certainty regarding the actual execution of the development projects (in whole or in part), and their progress and the rate of their progress is subject to, among other things, completion of development and licensing processes, obtain control over the lands, signing agreements (such as equipment and construction agreements), execution of construction processes, completion of the connection process, assurance of financing and/or receipt of various regulatory approvals and permits. In addition, advancement of the development projects is subject to the discretion of the competent authorities of the CPV Group and of the Commany.
- In general, the CPV Group views projects that in its estimation are in a period of up to two years or up to three years to the start of the construction as projects in the advanced development stage (there is no certainty the development projects, including projects in the advanced stage, will be executed). That stated is impacted by, among other things, the scope of the project and the technology, and could change based on specific characteristics of a certain project, as well as from the external circumstances that are relevant to the project, such as the anticipated activities' market or regulatory circumstances, including, projects that are designated to operate in the PJM market could be impacted by the changes in the connection processes as part of the proposed change described in Section 8.1.2.2(A) of Part A to the Periodic Report for 2023, and their progress could be delayed as a result of these proposed changes. It is clarified that in the early development stages (in particular), the scope of the projects and their characteristics are subject to changes, if and to the extent they reach advanced stages.
- The capacities in the solar technology included in this report are denominated in MWdc. The capacities in the solar technology projects in the advanced development stages and in the early development stages are about 850 MWac and about 1,650 MWac, respectively.

## 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

- B. Additional details regarding development projects in the U.S. (Cont.)
- (3) In the third quarter of 2024, the Basin Ranch project (a natural-gas project with an estimated capacity of about 1.35 GW located in the state of Texas with future carbon capture potential, which is held at the rate of 70% by the CPV Group and 30% by a partner GE Verona Inc.), was chosen by TEF (Texas Energy Fund) to advance to the due diligence stage for receipt of a subsidized loan in the amount of about \$1\$ billion having a term of about 20 years bearing fixed interest of 3% this being on the condition that that the construction thereof begins up to the end of 2025. In the estimation of the CPV Group, subject to completion of the retenant development processes, particularly receipt of permits (including environmental), completion of the material undertakings and signing of the loan agreement, as stated, an investment decision in the project to start its construction is expected in 2025. In light of that stated, proximate to the approval date of the report, the CPV Group commenced the stages of the process of making a private fundraising for the shareholders' equity required to support construction of the Project, where as at the date of the report there is no certainty regarding the results of the said fundraising or its terms, if ultimately made, and the matter is subject to, among other things, the market conditions, advancement of development of the project, and the discretion of the Company's competent organs, and there is also no certainty regarding completion of the development processes, receipt of the said loan and the other conditions required in order to begin execution of the project, which had not yet been fulfilled as at the submission date of the report and there is no certainty their ultimate fulfillment or the timing thereof<sup>51</sup>.
- It is clarified that that stated above with respect to execution of the project, its characteristics, expected time of the development, receipt of the said loan and/or completion of raising of the required capital includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law. As stated above, as at the submission date of the report the conditions for receipt of the said loan as well as additional conditions required for its construction and execution of the project had not yet been fulfilled, and their fulfillment and timing thereof are subject to various factors (regulatory, operational, commercial and financing), including factors that are not under the control of the CPV Group. Ultimately, that stated may not be realized or may be realized in a significantly different manner.

# 7. Financial Position as at September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS)

Category	09/30/2024	12/31/2023	Board's Explanations
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,151	1,007	For details – see the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows in the interim financial statements and Part 8 below.
Short-term restricted cash and deposits	8	2	
Trade receivables	360	247	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 89 million, stems from an increase in the balances of customers in Israel, mainly due to seasonal factors in the electricity tariff.
Receivables and debit balances	149	404	Most of the decrease stems from receipt of the balance of the receivables in respect of the ITC (investment tax credit) grant in the Maple Hill project. The amount received was transferred to the tax partner in the project.
Short-term derivative financial instruments	6	12	
Total current assets	1,674	1,672	
	56		

# 7. Financial Position as at September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

Category	09/30/2024	12/31/2023	Board's Explanations
Non-Current Assets			
Long-term deposits and restricted cash	57	59	
Long-term prepaid expenses and other receivable	197	190	
Investments in associated companies	2,463	2,550	The decrease stems mainly from distribution of dividends by associated companies, in the amount of about NIS 261 million, and an other comprehensive loss, in the amount of about NIS 35 million. This decrease was partly offset by equity earnings of the CPV Group, in the amount of about NIS 150 million and from an increase in the shekel/dollar exchange rate, in the amount of about NIS 59 million. For additional details regarding investments in associated companies – see Section 4D above.
Deferred tax assets	34	57	
Long-term derivative financial instruments	54	51	
Property, plant and equipment	7,048	6,243	Most of the increase stems from investments in Israel and the U.S. (mainly in construction and development projects), in the amount of about NIS 172 million and about NIS 800 million, respectively, and an increase of about NIS 44 million, in property, plant and equipment in the U.S. due to an increase in the shekel/dollar exchange rate. This increase was partly offset by a loss from impairment of value with respect to the Hadera 2 project, in amount of about NIS 31 million, and was offset by depreciation expenses on property, plant and equipment.
Right-of use assets and long-term deferred expenses	790	631	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 178 million, is in respect of consideration paid for the additional tender of ILA for construction of facilities for generation of electricity using renewable energy in Israel (for additional details – see Note 10B(2) to the Interim Statements).
Intangible assets	1,138	1,165	
Total non-current assets	11,781	10,946	
Total assets	13,455	12,618	
	57		

# 7. Financial Position as at September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

Category	09/30/2024	12/31/2023	Board's Explanations
Current Liabilities			
Loans and credit from banks and financial institutions (including current maturities)	148	391	Most of the decrease stems from a short-term credit framework repaid by OPC Israel Holdings, in the amount of NIS 200 million, and a decrease in the current maturities of loans in Israel, in the amount of about NIS 31 million, as a result of financing agreements signed by OPC Israel that were used mainly to make early repayment of the project financing of Zomet and Gat (for additional details – see Note 7A(2) to the Interim Statements).
Current maturities of debt from holders of non-controlling interests	22	32	
Current maturities of debentures	212	192	
Trade payables	314	257	Most of the increase stems from suppliers in connection with construction projects in the renewable energies segment in the U.S.
Payables and other credit balances	176	403	See the explanation in the "other receivables and debit balances" section above.
Short-term derivative financial instruments	7	8	
Total current liabilities	879	1,283	
	58		

# 7. Financial Position as at September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

Category	09/30/2024	12/31/2023	Board's Explanations
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long-term loans from banks and financial institutions	2,953	2,865	Most of the increase stems from financing agreements signed by OPC Israel under which OPC Israel took out loans, in the amount of about NIS 1,650 thousand, and from a decrease in the discount expenses, in the amount of about NIS 37 million, as a result of reduction of the deferred costs in the Zomet and Gat agreements. On other hand, early repayment was made of the unpaid balance of the loans in Zomet and Gat (in the aggregate amount of about NIS 1,561 thousand). For additional details regarding the loans taken out by OPC Israel – see Note 7A(2) to the annual financial statements. In addition, there was a decrease in the current maturities, in the amount of about NIS 43 million.
Long-term debt from holders of non-controlling interests	455	422	Most of the increase derives from an increase in the balance of the long-term loans from holders of non-controlling interests in the CPV Group, in the amount of about NIS 31 million, which relates to accrual of interest.
Debentures	1,664	1,647	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 197 million, derives from issuance of the debentures (Series D) and an increase in the linkage differences relating to the debentures (Series B), in the amount of about NIS 33 million. On the other hand, there was a decrease deriving from repayment of debentures, in the amount of about NIS 193 million.
Long-term lease liabilities	199	204	
Long-term derivate financial instruments	36	58	
Other long-term liabilities	565	399	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 151 million, stems from a commitment in respect of an agreement with a tax partner in the Stagecoach project. For details – see Note $8A(5)$ to the interim statements.
Liabilities for deferred taxes	517	498	
Total non-current liabilities	6,389	6,093	
Total liabilities	7,268	7,376	
Total equity	6,187	5,242	The increase in the equity stems mainly from issuance of shares (net of issuance expenses), in the amount of about NIS 779 million, from other comprehensive income, in the amount of about NIS 63 million, deriving mostly from translation differences in respect of the activities in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 84 million, offset by the share in the other comprehensive loss of associated companies, in the amount of about NIS 29 million, stemming primarily from application of hedge accounting to transactions hedging electricity margins in the U.S., net income in the amount of about NIS 74 million, and issuance of equity to holders of non-controlling interests in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 34 million.
	50		

# 8. Liquidity and sources of financing (in NIS millions)

# For the

	Nine Months Ended					
Category	09/30/2024	09/30/2023	Board's Explanations			
Cash flows provided by operating activities	745	443	Most of the increase in the cash flows provided by operating activities stems from an increase in cash-basis income, in the amount of about NIS 167 million, and an increase in dividends from associated companies in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 198 million. For details – see Note 10C(3) to the Interim Statements. On the other hand, there was a decrease in the Group's working capital, in the amount of about NIS 65 million			
Cash flows used in investing activities	(1,097)	(1,607)	Most of the decrease in the cash flows used in investing activities in the period of the report stems from the fact that in the corresponding period last year the Gat power plant and the Mountain Wind project were acquired, for a consideration of about NIS 268 million and about NIS 625 million, respectively, and a subordinated loan was granted to an associated company in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 87 million. In addition, during the current period cash flows were provided to the Group, in the amount of about NIS 95 million, as a result of repayment of partnership capital from an associated company in the CPV Group. On the other hand, there was an increase in investments in property, plant and equipment in the U.S. and in Israel, in the amounts of about NIS 320 million and about NIS 35 million, respectively. Furthermore, in the corresponding period last year the Group received cash, in the amounts of about NIS 125 million and about NIS 110 million, in respect of release of short-term deposits and release of collaterals relating to hedging electricity margins in the CPV Group, respectively.			
Cash flows provided by financing activities	467	1,187	Most of the decrease in the cash flows provided by financing activities stems from amounts received in the corresponding period last year: (1) about NIS 452 million, in respect of a swap of shares of transaction and investment with Veridis; (2) long-term loans, in the amounts of about NIS 450 million and about NIS 270 million, for purposes of financing the acquisition of the Gat power plant transaction and the acquisition of the Mountain Wind transaction, respectively, and taking out of a long-term loan, in the amount of about NIS 223 million, for financing development projects in the renewable energy area in the U.S.; and (3) a receipt, in the amount of about NIS 197 million, relating to withdrawals from Zomet's financing agreement framework. In addition, in the period of the report the Group repaid short-term loans and frameworks, in the amount of about NIS 195 million, net, there was an increase in payments of debentures of about NIS 160 million, there was an increase of about NIS 163 million relating to repayment of long-term loans in Israel and in the U.S., and there was also a decrease of about NIS 237 million in respect of investments and loans received from holders of non-controlling interests (in the CPV Group). On the other hand, in the corresponding period last year, the Group repaid a loan to the prior holders of the rights in the Gat power plant, in the amount of about NIS 303 million. In addition, in the period of the report the Company raised about NIS 779 million and about NIS 189 million, resulting from an issuance of shares and an issuance of debentures (Series D), respectively, received about NIS 182 million in respect of the investment of the tax partner in the Stagecoach project, and there was a decline of about NIS 102 million in repayment of long-terms loans to holders of non-controlling interests in Israel. Also, the Group had cash flows of about NIS 63 million, net, due to raising of capital by OPC Israel and early repayment of project credit in Gat and Zomet (as detailed in Note 7A(2)			

## 8. Liquidity and sources of financing (in NIS millions) (Cont.)

## For the Three Months Ended

	Three Months	s Ended				
Category	09/30/2024	09/30/2023	Board's Explanations			
Cash flows provided by operating activities	418	283	Most of the increase in the cash provided by operating activities stems from an increase in the income on a cash basis, in the amount of about NIS 34 million and an increase in dividends from associated companies, in the amount of about NIS 176 million (for details – see Note 10C(3) to the Interim Statements). On the other hand, there was a decrease in the Group's working capital, in the amount of about NIS 76 million.			
Cash flows used in investing activities	(583)	(291)	Most of the increase in the cash flows used in investing activities stems from the fact that there was an increase in property, plant and equipment in the U.S. and in Israel, in the amounts of about NIS 203 million and about NIS 150 million, respectively. In addition, in 37 million, from release of collaterals in connection with hedging of electricity margins in the CPV Group. On the other hand, in the current period the Group had cash flows, in the amount of about NIS 95 million, resulting from repayment of partnership capital from associated companies in the CPV Group.			
Cash flows provided by financing activities	586	98	Most of the increase in the cash flows provided by financing activities stems from the fact that in the period of the report the Company raised about NIS 779 million from an issuance of shares, and the Group also had cash flows, about NIS 63 million, net, resulting from debt raised by OPC Israel and early repayment of the project credit in Gat and Zomet (as detailed in Note 7A(2) to the Interim Statements). On the other hand, in the corresponding quarter last year the Group took out a long-term loan, in the amount of about NIS 223 million, to finance development projects in the energy sector in the U.S., and also raised cash, in the amount of about NIS 35 million, relating to investments and loans received from holders of non-controlling interests (in the CPV Group). In addition, there was an increase in repayment of debentures, in the amount of about NIS 85 million.			

 $For additional\ details-see\ the\ Company's\ condensed\ consolidated\ interim\ financial\ statements.$ 

As at September 30, 2024 and 2023 and December 31, 2023, the Group's working capital (current assets less current liabilities) amounted to about NIS 795 million, about NIS 80 million and about NIS 389 million, respectively.

As at September 30, 2024, there were no warning signs pursuant to Regulation 10(B)(14) of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970, that require publication (presentation) of a forecasted statement of cash flows for the Company.

## 9. Adjusted financial debt, net

## A. Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net

For details regarding the definition of the net financial debt, adjusted net financial debt and leverage ratio – see Part 9A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

Set forth below is detail of the Group's leverage ratio:

As at September 30, 2024(1)	As at December 31, 2023(2)				
4.7	4.9				

- After elimination of debt under construction in the Renewable Energies segment in the U.S. of about NIS 282 million, as detailed in the following table.
- For details of the manner of the calculation see Section 9A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

## 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

## A. Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

The following table details the financial debt, net, as at September 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS)52:

			Gross debt				
Name of project	Method of presentation in the Company's financial statements	Debt (including interest payable and deferred expenses)	Weighted- average interest rate	Final repayment date of the loan	Cash and cash equivalents and deposits (including restricted cash used for debt service) (1)	Derivative financial instruments for hedging principal and/or interest	Net debt
Hadera	Consolidated	597	4.9%	2037	81	45	471
Israel headquarters (2)	Consolidated	1,657	6.3%-6.4%	2033	27	_	1,630
Total Israel		2,254	6.0%		108	45	2,101
Keenan	Consolidated	258	3.3%	2030	1	13	244
Mountain Wind	Consolidated	245	5.4%	2028	3	1	241
Financing of renewable energy							
projects (3)	Consolidated	346	7.1%	2026	74	(10)	282
Total renewable energy		849	5.5%		78	4	767
Fairview (Cash Sweep 50%) (4)	Associate (25%)	499	7.5%	2030-2031	2	(2)	499
Towantic (Cash Sweep 57%) (5)	Associate (26%)	233	8.3%	2029	1	(6)	238
Maryland (Cash Sweep 75%) (6)	Associate (25%)	309	6.9%	2028	26	5	278
Shore (7) (Cash Sweep 100%)	Associate (37.5%)	616	5.4%	03+12/2025	120	5	491
Valley (Cash Sweep 100%)	Associate (50%)	717	10.8%	05/2026	113	-	604
Three Rivers (Cash Sweep 100%)	Associate (10%)	261	5.3%	2028	15	15	231
Total energy transition (8)		2,635	7.7%		277	17	2,341
Headquarters and others – U.S.	Consolidated	-	-	-	225	-	(225)
Total U.S.		3,484			580	21	2,883
Total Energy headquarters (9)			2.5%-6.2% (weighted-				
			average				
		1,878	3%)		793	_	1,085
Total		7,616			1,481	66	6,069

- (1) Includes restricted cash, in the amount of about NIS 53 million, in Hadera and in the energy transition segment, the amounts of about NIS 252 million.
- (2) For details regarding signing of two financing agreements in OPC Israel in the aggregate scope of about NIS 1.65 billion and early repayment of the project financing in Zomet and Gat see Note 7A(2) to the interim statements.
- $(3) \ \ For \ details-see \ Note \ 16B(5) \ to \ the \ annual \ financial \ statements.$

In addition, the Group has a liability to holders of non-controlling interests, the balance of which as at September 30, 2024 is about NIS 477 million.

## 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

- Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)
- (4) On August 14, 2024, Fairview completed an undertaking in a refinancing agreement that includes the following main terms:
  - a. The scope of the liabilities is about NIS 2,325 million (\$625 million the share of the CPV Group is about NIS 581 million (about \$156 million)) which is composed of the following loan and frameworks: a long-term loan in the amount of \$550 million, and accompanying credit frameworks in the amount of \$550 million, and accompanying credit frameworks in the amount of \$550 million, and accompanying credit frameworks. The scope of the long-term loan granted under the new financing agreements includes the amount of about NIS \$930 million (about U.S.\$250 million) beyond the balance of the debt of as 2 September 30, 2024. After payment of the transaction costs use of the cash balances available for distribution, the amount of about NIS 982 million (about \$66 million).
  - b. The final repayment dates of the long-term loan and accompanying credit frameworks are August 14, 2031 and August 14, 2030, respectively.

The rate and scope of the repayment of the loan principal changes up to the final repayment date, based on a combination of the repayment (amortization) schedule (1% every year) and a "leveraged-based cash sweep mechanism" (in the range of 25%–75% based on the ratio of the leverage in the project), which in the estimation of the CPV Group as at the approval date of the report amounts to, cumulatively, about 69% over the entire period of the leverage.

- c. The interest rate on the long-term loan principal is a SOFR-based rate plus a margin of 3.5% and the interest rate on the accompanying credit frameworks is a SOFR-based rate plus a margin of 3%.
- d. The rest of the main conditions of the new financing agreement (grounds for calling for repayment, collaterals and additional factors), are essentially the same as the conditions as stated in the prior financing agreement, as detailed in Section 8.17.4 of Part A in the Periodic Report, however with an adjustment of the hedging requirement of a minimum interest rate to 50% of the nominal projected balance of the loan for a period of three years starting from the date of the undertaking. Addition of a requirement for coverage of the debt service with a ratio of 1.10 in the last four quarters (pro-rated) for the measurement periods ending December 2024, March 2025 and June 2025, and cancellation of the requirement of compliance with a minimum debt coverage ratio for distribution.
- It is clarified that the said estimate of the CPV Group includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized and its realization depends on market terms, energy prices, availability of hedging transactions as well as additional factors that are not under the CPV Group's control.

## 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

- A. Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)
- (5) On June 27, 2024, Towartic completed an undertaking in a new financing agreement pursuant to the following main terms:
  - a. The scope of the liabilities is about NIS 1,360 million (U.S.\$363 million the share of the CPV Group is about U.S.\$94 million), which is composed of the following loans and frameworks: a Term A loan in the amount of \$265 million, and accompanying credit frameworks in the amount of \$98 million (working capital frameworks, letters of credit frameworks, etc.).
  - b. The final repayment date of the loans and accompanying credit frameworks is June 30, 2029.
  - c. The rate and scope of the repayment of the loan principal changes up to the final repayment date, based on a combination of the repayment schedule and a "targeted debt balance cash sweep" that cumulatively amounts to about 30.5% over the period of the loan. In addition, an additional cash sweep mechanism (from 25% up to 100%) will enter into effect during the period if Towantic does not comply with the cumulative defined minimum revenue requirements pursuant to the new financing agreement. As at the date of the report, Towantic estimates that it will comply with the said defined revenue requirements.
  - d. The interest rate on the loan principal and the accompanying credit frameworks is a SOFR-based rate plus a margin of 3.75% (4% in the fifth year from the closing date of the agreement<sup>55</sup>.
- $(6) \quad In September 2024, Maryland's financing agreement was revised, and the interest-rate margin on the long-term loan was reduced from 4.00% to 3.75\%.$
- (7) It is noted that as part of the financing agreements, an historical debt-service coverage ratio financial covenant of 1:1 during the last four quarters was determined for Shore. As at the date of the report, Shore is in compliance with the covenant (1.15).

For details regarding disclosure included in the financial statements of Shore as at September 30, 2024, which are attached to the Company's interim financial statements, relating to circumstances that raise material doubts with respect to the ability of Shore to continue to operate as a "going concern" – see Note 11 to the interim financial statements.

- (8) The rate (%) of the Cash Sweep mechanism is in accordance with the estimate of the CPV Group and it could change based on the provisions of the financing agreements of the projects.
- (9) Includes balances of debt and cash in the Company and cash in ICG Energy Inc. (available for use for all the Group's needs).

An additional cumulative margin could be added during the period if Towantic does not comply with the defined minimum revenue requirements under the new financing agreement.

It is clarified that the said estimate of the CPV Group includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized and its realization depends on market terms, energy prices, availability of hedging transactions as well as additional factors that are not under the CPV Group's control. Ultimately, the scope of the Cash Sweep could apply in full and there could also be an increase in the margin, as stated below.

## 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

## A. Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

 $The following table details the \underline{adjusted} \ financial \ debt, net, as \ at \ December \ 31, 2023 \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS) \ (Cont.):$ 

Name of project	Method of presentation in the Company's financial statements	Debt (including interest payable and deferred expenses)	Cash and cash equivalents and deposits (including restricted cash used for debt service)	Derivative financial instruments for hedging principal and/or interest	Net debt
Rotem	Consolidated		9	_	(9)
Hadera	Consolidated	642	98	37	507
Zomet	Consolidated	1,111	94	-	1,017
Gat	Consolidated	434	12	_	422
Headquarters and others – Israel	Consolidated	202	160	_	42
Total Israel		2,389	373	37	1,979
Keenan	Consolidated	285	1	18	266
Mountain Wind	Consolidated	256	11	4	241
Financing construction of renewable					
energy projects	Consolidated	329	327	(7)	9
Total renewable energy		870	339	15	516
Fairview	Associate	334	25	6	303
Towantic	Associate	339	44	7	288
Maryland	Associate	304	26	8	270
Shore	Associate	599	105	19	475
Valley	Associate	708	66	-	642
Three Rivers	Associate	271	21	20	230
Total energy transition		2,555	287	60	2,208
Headquarters and others – U.S.	Consolidated	-	12	-	(12)
Total U.S.		3,425	638	75	2,712
Total Energy headquarters		1,853	336	-	1,517
Total		7,667	1,347	112	6,208

## B. <u>Interest and linkage bases</u>

For additional information regarding the interest and linkage bases – see Part 9B of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

## C. <u>Financial covenants</u>

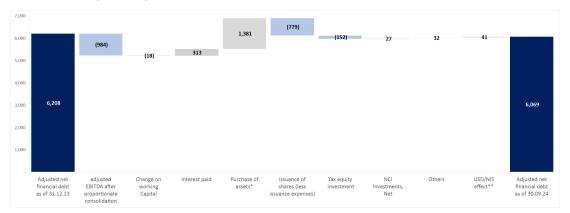
The Company and its investee companies are subject to financial covenants provided in their financing agreements and trust certificates. As at the date of the report, the Company and its investee companies were in compliance with all the financial covenants provided. For detail regarding the covenants for violation, relating to significant loans and debentures – see Note 7C to the interim statements.

On July 28, 2024, a rating of 'ilA-' was reconfirmed for the Company and for its debentures by S&P Global Ratings Maalot Ltd. and the rating outlook was updated from negative to stable due to an improvement of the financial ratios. For additional details – see the Company's Immediate Report dated July 29, 2024 (Reference No.: 2024-01-077268).

For a description of the main provisions of material loans of the Company and the investee companies – see Note 16 to the annual financial statements.

## 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

Movement in the adjusted financial debt, net, for the period ended September 30, 2024 (in NIS millions):



- (\*) Includes the amount of about NIS 117 million in respect of current payments and the amount of about NIS 1,264 million in respect of payments relating to construction projects.
- (\*\*) In respect of translation of the net financial debt of the U.S. which is denominated in dollars into the Company's functional currency.

#### 10. Additional events in the Company' areas of activities in the period of the report and thereafter

## Activities in Israel

- A. Hadera 2 project further to that stated in Section 7.3.15 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, on April 17, 2024 the Government of Israel rejected the plan. In June 2024, Hadera 2 submitted a petition to the High Court of Justice for cancellation of the Government's decision. For additional details see Note 10B(1) to the interim statements.
- B. Sorek tender further to that stated in Section 7.3.6 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, on March 18, 2024 the Electricity Authority published a decision regarding "qualification of bidders in the Sorek tender to receive a generation license considering sectorial and economy-wide business concentration aspects" whereby it was decided that OPC Power Plants is in compliance with the requirements of the Electricity Sector Regulations (Advancement of Competition in the Generation Sector) (Temporary Order), 2021 regarding the Sorek tender, and the Authority accepted the recommendation of the Business Concentration Committee and determines that the bidders (including OPC Power Plants) comply with the requirements regarding considerations of economy-wide business concentration considerations. On September 26, 2024, OPC Power Plants submitted its bid in the tender.

#### Activities in the U.S.

- C. <u>Undertaking in and completion of acquisition agreements in connection with an increase in holdings in the Maryland and Shore power plants in the energy transition area in the U.S.</u> for details, see Note 10C(2) to the Interim Statements.
- D. <u>Undertaking in binding agreements with Harrison Street for investment of \$300 million in renewable energy activities in the U.S.</u> for details, see Note 6A to the interim statements.

## 11. Debentures (Series B, Series C and Series D)

In the period of the report, there were no material changes in the details of the outstanding series of debentures issued by the Company and that were offered to the public based on a prospectus, the details of the trustees for the debentures, the conditions for calling the debentures for immediate repayment, the Company's compliance with these conditions and the collaterals for the debentures, except for issuance of new debentures (Series D), as detailed in Part 10 to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023 and Note 17 to the annual financial statements.

As at the date of the report, the Company is in compliance with all the conditions of the debentures (Series B, Series C and Series D) and the trust certificates. The Company was not required to take any action in accordance with the request of the trustees for the said debentures.

 $For additional\ details\ regarding\ the\ rating\ of\ the\ Company\ as\ published-see\ Section\ 9C\ above.$ 

## 12. Impacts of changes in the macro-economic environment on the Group's activities and its results

For details - see Part 11 of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

### 13. The significance of the war in Israel to the Group's business activities

For details regarding the main consequences of the War to the Group's business activities in Israel since the outbreak of the War – see Part 12 of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

As at the approval date of the report, there is significant uncertainty regarding the development of the War, its scope and duration. Furthermore, there is significant uncertainty with respect to the impacts of the War on macro-economic and financial factors in Israel, including the situation in the Israeli capital market. Accordingly, at this stage it is not possible to estimate the extent of the impact of the War on the Group and on its results.

As a group operating in Israel, continuation of the War, expansion of the scope thereof and/or a worsening of the defense (security) situation in Israel could well have an unfavorable impact on the Group's activities, results and liquidity, including due to impacts, as stated, on significant suppliers and customers of the Group and/or on macro-economic factors and the capital market. For additional details regarding the risk factors to which the Company is exposed, including as a result of risks relating the defense (security) situation in Israel, changes in the currency exchange rates, instability and/or access to the capital market and macro-economic changes – see Section 19 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.

### 14. Corporate Governance

#### A. Internal Auditor

On August 13, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors approved, after receiving the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the appointment of Mr. Eyal Baasch, from the Office of Rosenbloom – Holzman, CPAs, as the Company's Internal Auditor. Set forth below are details regarding the Internal Auditor:

Name of the Internal Auditor Mr. Eyal Baasch ("the Internal Auditor")

Education and professional experience Certified Internal Auditor (C.I.A.); Certified Risk Management Auditor (CRMA).

Bachelor's degree in Corporate Sciences (Extended Economics) - Hebrew University in Jerusalem; Master's degree in Business Administration (MBA)

(specialization in accounting and finance) from the College of Administration.

Since 2012 he is a partner in the area of risk management and economics in the Office of Rosenbloom - Holzman, CPAs. Possesses extensive professional

experience in the area of internal auditing.

Start date of service August 13, 2024.

Compliance with legal requirements To the best of the Company's knowledge, according to the declaration of the Internal Auditor, the Internal Auditor meets the requirements of Section 146

(B) of the Companies Law and the provisions of Section 8 of the Internal Audit Law, 1992.

Employment format The Internal Auditor provides the Company internal audit services and he is not an employee of the Company in a full-time position. In addition, he does

not hold an additional position in the Company aside from his service as the Internal Auditor.

Manner of appointment The appointment of the Internal Auditor was approved by the Board of Directors on August 13, 2024, after a recommendation of the Audit Committee on

August 11, 2024.

The Company's Audit Committee and Board of Directors examined his qualifications, education and experience in internal auditing.

Other relationships the Internal Auditor has with To the best of the Company's knowledge, the Internal Auditor does not hold securities of the Company.

the Company The Internal Auditor is not an interested party in the Company or a relative of an interested party in the Company and is not a relative of the auditing CPA

or a party on its behalf.

Remuneration The fee of the Internal Auditor in respect of the services he will provide to the Company, will be paid to him on an hourly basis and the scope thereof that

will be determined based on the scope of the work hours determined in accordance with the annual work plan.

For additional details regarding the service of the Internal Auditor in accordance with the Fourth Addendum of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970, with respect to which there was no material change as a result of replacement of the Company's Internal Auditor – see Section 16 of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

### 14. Corporate Governance (Cont.)

- Human resources in the CPV Group further to that stated in Section 8.18 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, in May 2024, Mr. Sherman Knight (up to now the President and Deputy CEO of Commerce) was appointed to the position of CEO of the CPV Group, who will replace Mr. Gary Lambert in this position – this being effective starting from January 1, 2025. Commencing from the said date, Mr. Lambert will serve as the Executive Vice-Chairman to the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the CPV Group.
- Undertaking to purchase an insurance policy covering directors and officers on March 31, 2024, a decision of the Board of Directors entered into effect (after approval by the Remuneration Committee) in connection with renewal of the Company's undertaking to purchase an insurance policy covering directors and officers<sup>57</sup>, this being in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Regulations (Leniencies in Transactions with Interested Parties), 2000<sup>58</sup> and the provisions of the Company's remuneration policy<sup>59</sup>. For additional details – see the Company's Immediate Report dated March 31, 2024 (Reference No.: 2024-01-035499).
- Remuneration to interested parties and senior officers further to that stated in Regulation 21 of Part D of the Periodic Report for 2023, on November 12, 2024 the Company's Board of Directors approved, after receiving the approval of the Audit and Remuneration Committee and subject to approval of the General Meeting of the Company's shareholders, renewal of the service conditions of Mr. Yair Caspi, the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, for a period of an additional 4 years from the end of the present period of the undertaking, which ends on January 2, 2025. As part of renewal of the service conditions, Mr. Caspi will be entitled to, among other things, a base monthly salary of NIS 139 thousand (linked to the CPI) and accompanying conditions pursuant to the Company's remuneration policy (including vehicle expenses, 13th-month salary, vacation days, etc.) as well as issuance of about 204 thousand options in accordance with the principles detailed in the Company's options' plan, as detailed in Note 18B to the annual financial statements.

Including Side A coverage.

Regulation 1B(1) and Regulations 1A(1)–1B(5) of the Leniency Regulations with respect to the Company's CEO and officers that the controlling shareholder could be considered as having a personal interest in their remuneration.

Regarding the Company's remuneration policy, including provisions relating insurance of officers' liability - see Appendix A (including Section 17.1 of the policy) to the Report Summoning the General Meeting published by the Company on September 6, 2021 (Reference No.: 2021-01-035761), which is included herein by means of reference.

### 15. Contributions policy

The Company has a policy for making contributions that places emphasis on activities in the periphery and non-profit organizations that operate in the field of education.

The Group's expenses in respect of contributions in the period of the report amounted to about NIS 2.3 million.

Set forth below is detail of contributions of more than NIS 50 thousand and indication of the relationship to the recipient of the contribution (in NIS thousands):

Recipient of the Contribution	Amount of the Contribution	Relationship to the Recipient of the Contribution
"Password for Every Student" Society	1,000	"Password for Every Student" also receives contributions from parties related indirectly to the Company's controlling shareholder (including from the Israel Corporation Group). The Company's CEO is a representative of the project's Steering Committee without compensation.
"Rahashei Lev" Society	300	For the sake of good order, it is noted that as the Company was informed, commencing from November 2022, the daughter of Mr. Yosef Tena, an external director of the Company, is employed by the Tel-Aviv Medical Center in the name of Sorosky.
"Running to Give" Society	120	For the sake of good order, it is noted that a relative of the Company's CEO serves as Chairman of the Society without compensation.

### 16. Material valuations

### Acquisition of the Gat power plant transaction

Further to that stated in Note 25E(1) to the annual financial statements, in the period of the report the Company completed the valuation for determination of the fair value of the identified assets and liabilities of the Gat Power Plant and determination of the amount of the goodwill and the manner of allocation thereof to the cash-generating units, by means of an external independent appraiser (BDO Ziv Haft), without there having been a change in allocation of the acquisition cost compared to December 31, 2023. For details with respect to the valuation – see Section 13A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

Yair Caspi	Giora Almogr	v
Chairman of the Board of Directors	CEO	

Date: November 12, 2024

#### Appendix A

Additional Information regarding Activities of the Energy Transition Segment in the U.S.

EOX Forecast of Natural Gas and Electricity Prices up to the end of 2024 and for 2025 - 2026

As additional background with respect to the activities of the Energy Transition Segment in the U.S. and in order to assist regarding accessibility to additional available external data, presented below are forecasts of electricity and natural gas prices in the regions in which the power plants of the CPV Group in the Energy Transition segment in the U.S. operate, which were prepared by the EOX Company<sup>60</sup> and it is based on future market prices of electricity and natural gas.

The data in the tables below reflect forecasts of the electricity and natural gas prices as received from EOX, where with reference to the forecast of the electricity prices the information was processed by the CPV Group in the following manner:

In the peak hours electricity is sold in the maximum scope; Sale of the balance of the electricity is made in the off-peak hours.

The electricity margin appearing in the table below is calculated based on the following formula:

 $Electricity\ margin\ (\$/MWh) = the\ electricity\ price\ (\$/MWh) - [the\ gas\ price\ (\$/MMBTU)\ X\ the\ thermal\ conversion\ ratio*\ (heat\ rate)\ (MMBTU/MWh)]$ 

\* Assumption of a thermal conversion ratio (heat rate) of 6.9 MMBTU/MWh for Maryland, Shore and Valley, and a thermal conversion ratio (heat rate) of 6.5 MMBTU/MWh for Three Rivers, Towantic and Fairview.

The data included in this Appendix below is based on forecasts of electricity and gas prices made by EOX – a market consulting company that provides information and data services in the area of the Company's activities in the U.S. in the Energy Transition area, and it is presented as additional background and in order to assist accessibility to available external data regarding the area of activities. It is clarified and emphasized that in light of the fact these are market forecasts, quite naturally the Company is not able to make (and did not make) an independent examination of the forecasts or the underlying data. It is clarified that there are additional entities that provide similar information services that might provide forecasts that differ from these prices. The Company does not undertake to update data as stated.

In addition, it is emphasized that forecasts are involved regarding which there is no certainty with respect to the accuracy or actual viability thereof. The electricity and natural gas prices (in the market, in general, and of the power plants of the CPV Group, in particular) might be different, even significantly, from that presented as a result of various factors, including, macro-economic factors, regulatory changes, geopolitical events (including global events) that impact the supply and demand of natural gas and electricity, weather events, events relating to the electricity sector in the U.S. (demand, availability of power plants, operational events, proper functioning of the electricity grid, transmission infrastructures) and/or failures in (problems with) the assumptions and estimates that form the basis of the forecast.

<sup>60</sup> EOX is a subsidiary of a commodity broker, OTC Global Holdings, which publishes forward prices for the electricity and natural gas markets based on trading data in the futures markets. The futures prices are an objective way of estimating the future expectation with respect to electricity and natural gas prices since they represent transactions with entities operating in these markets involving buying and selling futures contracts at specific prices.

## Appendix A (Cont.)

## ${\bf Additional\ Information\ regarding\ Activities\ of\ the\ Energy\ Transition\ Segment\ in\ the\ U.S.}$

 $EOX\ Forecast\ of\ Natural\ Gas\ and\ Electricity\ Prices\ until \ the\ end\ of\ 2024\ and\ for\ 2025-2026$ 

Power Plant	For the three-month period October – December 2024	For the year 2025	For the year 2026
<u>Fairview</u>			
Gas price (Texas Eastern M2, as of 2026: M3)	2.09	2.57	3.40
Electricity price (AEP Dayton (AD))	39.21	43.79	45.75
Electricity margin	25.65	27.07	23.63
Towantic			
Gas price (Algoniquin City Gate)	4.44	5.26	5.50
Electricity price (Mass Hub)	49.07	56.70	56.20
Electricity margin	20.18	22,50	20.42
Electricity margin	20.10	22.50	20.42
Maryland			
Gas price (Transco Zone 5)	2.92	3.88	4.25
Electricity price (PJM West Hub)	43.03	50.17	52.70
Electricity margin	22.85	23.41	23.37
Shore			
Gas price (Texas Eastern M3)	2.46	3.14	3.40
Electricity price (PJM West Hub)	43.03	50.17	52.70
Electricity margin	26.05	28.49	29.22
Valley			
Gas price (Texas Eastern M3 – 70%, Dominion South Pt – 30%)	2.33	2.95	3.18
Electricity price (New York Zone G)	41.07	48.68	50.28
Electricity margin	24.97	28.30	28.32
Three Rivers			
Gas price (Chicago City Gate)	2.86	3.34	3.59
Electricity price (PJM ComEd)	35.55	41.99	43.59
Electricity margin	16.96	20.30	20.27

Set forth below is gross (raw) data as included in the forecast of EOX (without processing)

	Chicago		Algonquin	Dominion		Mass Hub	Mass Hub	
Transco Zn5 Dlvd	CG	Texas Eastern M- 2	CG	S Pt	Texas Eastern M-3	OPk	Pk	Contract Date
2.89	2.27	1.37	1.89	1.37	1.41	27.28	32.75	01/09/2024
2.34	2.28	1.52	2.06	1.50	1.58	33.34	41.49	01/10/2024
2.74	2.71	2.01	3.61	1.99	2.22	40.40	47.36	01/11/2024
3.69	3.60	2.73	7.66	2.63	3.58	62.14	71.57	01/12/2024
5.15	4.45	3.22	12.47	2.90	5.35	99.43	109.58	01/01/2025
4.84	4.30	3.14	11.32	2.81	4.83	80.78	90.79	01/02/2025
3.43	3.13	2.70	5.13	2.64	2.98	50.62	56.63	01/03/2025
3.44	2.91	2.45	3.43	2.48	2.56	36.10	43.82	01/04/2025
3.76	2.84	2.35	2.75	2.35	2.47	31.96	39.23	01/05/2025
3.60	2.92	2.39	2.90	2.36	2.55	33.57	46.54	01/06/2025
3.67	3.00	2.39	3.43	2.41	2.63	41.88	67.42	01/07/2025
3.59	2.99	2.38	3.26	2.34	2.63	34.62	54.49	01/08/2025
3.27	2.92	2.11	2.45	2.14	2.21	32.02	43.96	01/09/2025
3.35	2.90	2.09	2.62	2.13	2.21	32.68	41.14	01/10/2025
3.75	3.41	2.46	4.63	2.48	2.74	47.44	55.77	01/11/2025
4.69	4.28	3.20	8.77	3.11	4.54	76.71	82.67	01/12/2025
6.05	5.14	3.77	13.35	3.40	6.27	102.66	115.56	01/01/2026
5.44	4.92	3.61	12.20	3.28	5.70	97.04	100.16	01/02/2026
4.52	3.49	2.99	5.38	2.91	3.20	50.64	59.28	01/03/2026
3.73	3.10	2.59	3.59	2.59	2.63	32.35	41.75	01/04/2026
3.91	2.99	2.38	2.96	2.44	2.52	28.75	36.46	01/05/2026
3.84	3.05	2.37	3.03	2.40	2.59	30.38	41.71	01/06/2026
3.99	3.12	2.45	3.46	2.45	2.78	40.42	64.38	01/07/2026
3.89	3.13	2.36	3.37	2.38	2.75	35.93	57.24	01/08/2026
3.44	3.02	2.09	2.74	2.15	2.32	29.96	39.18	01/09/2026
3.46	3.02	2.18	2.84	2.14	2.30	33.15	39.94	01/10/2026
3.54	3.59	2.60	4.67	2.63	2.95	44.76	53.82	01/11/2026
5.22	4.49	3.37	8.46	3.27	4.84	67.05	75.58	01/12/2026

OPC Energy Ltd. Report of the Board of Directors

			PJM ComEd			PJM West	PJM West	
East NY ZnG OPk	East NY ZnG Pk	PJM ComEd OPk	Pk	AEP- Dayton OPk	AEP- Dayton Pk	OPk	Pk	Contract Date
25.53	32.85	21.63	36.08	24.45	38.56	25.25	40.50	01/09/2024
30.87	38.29	25.27	40.60	29.87	45.99	31.67	47.60	01/10/2024
33.89	41.57	27.50	37.62	33.38	42.57	35.35	45.06	01/11/2024
46.63	55.71	34.08	44.64	40.48	47.77	43.95	52.29	01/12/2024
76.74	85.04	44.66	56.12	48.66	58.54	56.35	67.37	01/01/2025
59.64	72.40	37.04	48.91	41.44	50.35	48.58	58.55	01/02/2025
40.00	47.55	31.23	38.80	38.34	43.35	40.36	46.76	01/03/2025
32.63	40.42	24.32	37.83	32.16	42.67	34.37	46.07	01/04/2025
29.50	39.50	25.65	40.02	29.87	44.81	32.63	48.03	01/05/2025
29.91	44.69	24.52	43.06	28.99	46.73	30.90	50.07	01/06/2025
37.35	65.53	33.92	64.19	36.18	64.35	38.94	69.76	01/07/2025
33.14	47.91	29.80	53.54	31.86	56.71	33.92	60.95	01/08/2025
29.46	44.71	25.31	43.08	29.48	48.07	31.84	51.20	01/09/2025
28.83	39.97	26.92	40.60	32.55	46.10	35.31	49.61	01/10/2025
34.34	45.83	30.47	40.66	36.54	45.24	40.05	49.16	01/11/2025
55.17	62.47	36.34	45.88	43.55	51.47	48.51	57.50	01/12/2025
74.25	89.50	49.73	63.14	53.58	67.41	62.88	76.07	01/01/2026
70.69	74.04	45.12	52.83	48.91	56.34	58.01	65.78	01/02/2026
43.51	44.86	34.56	41.26	38.60	44.72	42.59	49.90	01/03/2026
28.31	41.62	25.49	38.18	32.71	40.82	34.62	45.76	01/04/2026
26.54	38.47	26.82	40.10	29.79	43.40	32.01	48.24	01/05/2026
29.55	43.10	28.49	43.91	32.23	47.46	32.33	51.08	01/06/2026
40.66	64.88	32.90	66.31	37.95	68.55	41.13	72.81	01/07/2026
36.29	59.27	30.28	58.62	35.07	61.25	38.10	65.94	01/08/2026
26.92	41.72	24.07	42.40	29.31	47.92	32.39	51.28	01/09/2026
28.92	39.92	24.92	40.93	33.40	47.01	35.97	50.48	01/10/2026
37.40	48.09	29.59	40.59	37.60	46.46	41.23	50.63	01/11/2026
59.88	71.45	33.71	44.97	43.38	51.09	50.34	57.60	01/12/2026
				Α	· - 4			

Exhibit 99.2

OPC Energy Ltd.
Condensed Consolidated Interim
Financial Statements
As of September 30, 2024
(Unaudited)

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Somekh Chaikin Millennium Tower KPMG 17 HaArba'a St., P.O.B. 609 Tel Aviv 6100601 +972-3-684-8000

### Review Report of the Independent Auditors to the Shareholders of OPC Energy Ltd.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying financial information of OPC Energy Ltd. (hereinafter – the "Company") and its subsidiaries, including the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position as of September 30, 2024 and the condensed consolidated interim statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month and three-month period then ended. The Board of Directors and management are responsible for preparing and presenting financial information for these interim periods in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, and are also responsible for preparing financial information for these interim periods under Chapter D of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion regarding the financial information for these interim periods based on our review.

#### Review scope

We conducted our review in accordance with Review Standard (Israel) 2410 - "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Institute of Certified Public Accountants in Israel. A review of financial information for interim periods consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially smaller in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Israel and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might have been identifiable in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the aforementioned financial information was not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS 34).

In addition to that mentioned in the previous paragraph, based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the aforementioned financial information does not comply, in all material respects, with the disclosure requirements of Chapter D of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970.

Somekh Chaikin Certified Public Accountants November 12, 2024

KPMG Somekh Chaikin, an Israeli registered partnership and a member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a privately-held, limited-liability English company.



Somekh Chaikin Millennium Tower KPMG 17 HaArba'a St., P.O.B. 609 Tel Aviv 6100601 +972-3-684-8000

November 12, 2024

To

The Board of Directors of

OPC Energy Ltd. (hereinafter - the "Company")

Dear Sirs/Madams.

### Re: Letter of Consent in Connection with the Company's Shelf Prospectus of May 2023

This is to inform you that we agree to the inclusion in the shelf prospectus (including by way of reference) of our reports listed below in connection with the shelf prospectus of May 2023:

- (1) Independent auditors' review report of November 12, 2024 on the Company's condensed consolidated financial information as of September 30, 2024 and for the nine- and three-month periods ended on that date.
- (2) Independent auditors' special report of November 12, 2024 on the Company's separate interim financial information as of September 30, 2024, in accordance with Regulation 38D to the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970 and for the nine- and three-month periods then ended.

Respectfully,

Somekh Chaikin

Certified Public Accountants

KPMG Somekh Chaikin, an Israeli registered partnership and a member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a privately-held, limited-liability English company.

		September 30 2024 (Unaudited) NIS million	September 30 2023 (Unaudited) NIS million	December 31 2023 (Audited) NIS million
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		1,151	915	1,007
Short-term restricted deposits and cash		8	62	2
Trade receivables		360	304	247
Other receivables and debit balances		149	154	404
Short-term derivatives		6	16	12
Total current assets		1,674	1,451	1,672
Non-current assets				
Long-term restricted deposits and cash		57	59	59
Long-term receivables and debit balances		197	215	190
Investments in associates		2,463	2,661	2,550
Deferred tax assets		34	34	57
Long-term derivatives		54	73	51
Property, plant & equipment		7,048	6,306	6,243
Right-of-use assets and deferred expenses		790	696	631
Intangible assets		1,138	1,092	1,165
Total non-current assets		11,781	11,136	10,946
Total assets		13,455	12,587	12,618
	F - 5			

	September 30 2024 (Unaudited) NIS million	September 30 2023 (Unaudited) NIS million	December 31 2023 (Audited) NIS million
Current liabilities			
Loans and credit from banking corporations and financial institutions (including current maturities)	148	216	391
Current maturities of debt from non-controlling interests	22	30	32
Current maturities of debentures	212	192	192
Trade payables	314	436	257
Payables and credit balances	176	495	403
Short-term derivatives		2	8
Total current liabilities	879	1,371	1,283
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term loans from banking corporations and financial institutions	2,953	2,744	2,865
Long-term roans from banking corporations and financial institutions  Long-term debt from non-controlling interests	2,955 455	396	422
Debentures	1,664	1,647	1,647
Long-term lease liabilities	199	217	204
Long-term derivatives	36	217	58
Other long-term liabilities	565	157	399
Deferred tax liabilities	517	525	498
Total non-current liabilities	6,389	5,686	6,093
Total liabilities	7,268	7,057	7,376
Equity			
Share capital	3	2	2
Share premium	3,990	3,210	3,210
Capital reserves	574	755	523
Retained earnings	196	90	113
Total equity attributable to the Company's shareholders	4,763	4,057	3,848
Non-controlling interests	1,424	1,473	1,394
Total equity	6,187	5,530	5,242
Total liabilities and equity	13,455	12,587	12,618

 Yair Caspi
 Giora Almogy
 Ana Berenshtein Shvartsman

 Chairman of the Board of Directors
 CEO
 CFO

Approval date of the Financial Statements: November 12, 2024

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ In terim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

	For the nine-mo ended Septer		For the three-m ended Septer		For the year ended December 31
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million
Revenues from sales and provision of services	2,190	1,971	879	851	2,552
Cost of sales and services (excluding depreciation and amortization)	(1,493)	(1,395)	(582)	(561)	(1,827)
Depreciation and amortization	(245)	(205)	(90)	(95)	(288)
Gross income	452	371	207	195	437
General and administrative expenses	(191)	(182)	(72)	(65)	(212)
Share in profits of associates	150	179	64	79	242
Business development expenses	(33)	(47)	(11)	(17)	(58)
Compensation for loss of income	44	-	18	-	41
Other income (expenses), net	(50)	6	2	11	(16)
Operating profit	372	327	208	203	434
Finance expenses	(272)	(196)	(99)	(85)	(240)
Finance income	72	53	48	15	43
Loss from extinguishment of financial liabilities (*)	(49)	<u>-</u>	(49)	-	
Finance expenses, net	(249)	(143)	(100)	(70)	(197)
Profit before taxes on income	123	184	108	133	237
Expenses for income tax	(49)	(44)	(22)	(32)	(68)
Profit for the period	74	140	86	101	169
Attributable to:					
The Company's shareholders	83	121	81	82	144
Non-controlling interests	(9)	19	5	19	25
Profit for the period	74	140	86	101	169
Earnings per share attributable to the Company's owners					
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in NIS)	0.36	0.54	0.33	0.36	0.63

 $<sup>(*) \</sup> For further \ details \ about \ one-off \ finance \ expenses \ recognized \ by \ the \ Company, see \ Note \ 7A2.$ 

 $The accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ Interim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

	For the nine-mo ended Septen		For the three-mo ended Septem	For the year ended December 31	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million
Profit for the period	74	140	86	101	169
Other comprehensive income items that, subsequent to					
initial recognition in comprehensive income, were					
or will be transferred to profit and loss					
Effective portion of the change in the fair value of cash flow hedges	25	33	-	16	(40)
Net change in fair value of derivatives used to hedge cash flows recognized in the cost of the					
hedged item	-	(7)	-	(3)	(5)
Net change in fair value of derivatives used to hedge cash flows transferred to profit and loss	(14)	(15)	(6)	(4)	(20)
Group's share in other comprehensive income (loss) of associates, net of tax	(29)	(24)	27	(10)	(48)
Foreign currency translation differences in respect of foreign operations	84	368	(75)	153	126
Tax on other comprehensive income (loss) items	(3)	(22)	4	(10)	1
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of tax	63	333	(50)	142	14
Total comprehensive income for the period	137	473	36	243	183
Attributable to:					
The Company's shareholders	131	380	36	190	169
Non-controlling interests	6	93		53	14
Comprehensive income for the period	137	473	36	243	183

 $The accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ Interim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

	Attributable to the Company's shareholders								
	Share capital NIS million	Share premium NIS million	Capital reserves NIS million	Hedge fund NIS million	Foreign operations translation reserve NIS million (Unaudited)	Retained earnings (retained loss) NIS million	Total NIS million	Non-control- ling interests NIS million	Total equity NIS million
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024									
Balance as of January 1, 2024	2	3,210	248	25	250	113	3,848	1,394	5,242
Issuance of shares (less issuance expenses) Investments by holders of non-controlling	1	778	•	-		-	779	•	779
interests in equity of subsidiary								34	34
Share-based payment	*.		5	•	•	•	5	1	6
Exercised and expired options and RSUs Loss of control in a subsidiary	*•	2	(2)	-	•	•		(11)	(11)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	(11)	(11)
period, net of tax				(13)	61		48	15	63
Profit (loss) for the period						83	83	(9)	74
Balance as of September 30, 2024	3	3,990	251	12	311	196	4,763	1,424	6,187
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023									
Balance as of January 1, 2023	2	3,209	77	91	159	(31)	3,507	859	4,366
Investments by holders of non-controlling									
interests in equity of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	231	231
Share-based payment	-	-	7	-	-	-	7	1	8
Exercised options and RSUs	*_	1	(1)	-	=	-	-	-	-
Restructuring - share exchange and investment transaction with Veridis	-	-	163	-	-	-	163	289	452
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the									
period, net of tax	-	-	-	(10)	269	-	259	74	333
Profit for the period			<u> </u>			121	121	19	140
Balance as of September 30, 2023	2	3,210	246	81	428	90	4,057	1,473	5,530

<sup>\*</sup> Amount is less than NIS 1 million.

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ In terim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

	Attributable to the Company's shareholders								
	Share capital NIS million	Share premium NIS million	Capital reserves NIS million	Hedge fund NIS million	Foreign operations translation reserve NIS million (Unaudited)	Retained earnings NIS million	Total NIS million	Non-control- ling interests NIS million	Total equity NIS million
For the three-month period ended September 30, 2024									
Balance as of July 1, 2024	2	3,211	251	(2)	<b>3</b> 70	115	3,947	1,434	5,381
Issuance of shares (less issuance expenses) Share-based payment Exercised and expired options and RSUs Loss of control in a subsidiary Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of tax Profit for the period  Balance as of September 30, 2024  For the three-month period ended September 30, 2023	*	778 - 1 - - - 3,990	. (1)	14	(59)	81	779 1 (45) 81 4,763	(11) (5) 5	779 2 - (11) (50) 86
Balance as of July 1, 2023	2	3,210	244	83	318	8	3,865	1,385	5,250
Investments by holders of non-controlling interests in equity of subsidiary Share-based payment Exercised options and RSUs Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of tax Profit for the period	- *_ -	*.	- 2 *-	(2)	- - - 110	82	2 - - 108 82	35 - - 34 19	35 2 - 142 101
Balance as of September 30, 2023	2	3,210	246	81	428	90	4,057	1,473	5,530

\* Amount is less than NIS 1 million.
The accompanying notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part thereof.

	Attributable to the Company's shareholders								
	Share capital NIS million	Share premium  NIS million	Capital reserves NIS million	Hedge fund NIS million	Foreign operations translation reserve NIS million (Audited)	Retained earnings (retained loss) NIS million	Total NIS million	Non-control- ling interests NIS million	Total equity NIS million
For the year ended December 31, 2023									
Balance as of January 1, 2023	2	3,209	77	91	159	(31)	3,507	859	4,366
Investments by holders of non-controlling interests in equity of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	231	231
Share-based payment Exercised options and RSUs	- *_	- 1	9 (1)	-	-	-	9	1	10
Restructuring - share exchange and investment transaction with Veridis	-	-	163	_	-	_	163	289	452
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	(66)	91	-	25	(11)	14
Profit for the year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	144	144	25	169
Balance as of December 31, 2023	2	3,210	248	25	250	113	3,848	1,394	5,242

<sup>\*</sup> Amount is less than NIS 1 million.

 $The accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ Interim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

	For the nine-month period ended September 30		For the three-mo		For the year ended December 31	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	
Cash flows from operating activities						
Profit for the period	74	140	86	101	169	
Adjustments:						
Depreciation and amortization	257	215	95	98	303	
Diesel fuel consumption	9	24	1	5	32	
Finance expenses, net	249	143	100	70	197	
Expenses for income tax	49	44	22	32	68	
Share in profits of associates	(150)	(179)	(64)	(79)	(242)	
Other income (expenses), net	50	(18)	(2)	(18)	16	
Share-based payment transactions	24	26	14	9	(7)	
	562	395	252	218	536	
Changes in trade and other receivables	(176)	99	(75)	82	(22)	
Changes in trade payables, service providers, payables and other long-term liabilities	158	(52)	62	(19)	(25)	
changes in three paymotes, set thee providers, paymotes and other rong term into inter-	(18)	47	(13)	63	(47)	
			450			
Dividends received from associates (1)	205	7	179	3	13	
Income taxes paid	(4)	(6)	<u>-</u>	(1)	(7)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	745	443	418	283	495	
Cash flows used for investing activities						
Interest received	23	23	11	8	35	
Change in restricted deposits and cash, net	(3)	(18)	(2)	-	48	
Withdrawals into short-term deposits	-	125	-	-	125	
Release of short-term collateral, net	14	110	7	37	110	
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	-	(893)	-	-	(1,172)	
Sale of subsidiary, net of cash sold (2)	10	-	10	-	-	
Investment in associates	(37)	(25)	(9)	(17)	(29)	
Subordinated long-term loans to Valley		(87)		-	(87)	
Purchase of property, plant, and equipment, intangible assets and long-term						
deferred expenses	(1,203)	(872)	(698)	(332)	(1,223)	
Proceeds for derivatives, net	4	11	3	2	8	
Proceeds for repayment of partnership capital from associates(1)	95	11	95	3	11	
Other		8		8	8	
Net cash used for investing activities	(1,097)	(1,607)	(583)	(291)	(2,166)	

<sup>(1)</sup> For further details about equity and dividend distributions from Fairview - a CPV Group associate - see Note 10C3.

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ Interim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

 $<sup>(2) \ \</sup> For further details about the sale of Gnrgy, see Note 6C.$ 

	For the nine-month period ended September 30		For the three-mo		For the year ended December 31
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million
Cash flows provided by financing activities					
Proceeds of share issuance, net of issuance costs (1)	779	-	779	-	-
Proceeds of debenture issuance, net of issuance costs	198	=	-	-	-
Receipt of long-term loans from banking corporations and financial institutions, net (2)	1,649	1,045	1,614	174	1,242
Receipt of long-term debt from non-controlling interests	60	50	36	5	110
Change in short term loans from banking corporations, net	(195)	29	10	5	231
Interest paid	(198)	(105)	(79)	(46)	(152)
Repayment of long-term loans from banks and others (2)(3)	(1,743)	(76)	(1,617)	(30)	(144)
Repayment of long-term loans as part of the acquisition of Gat	-	(303)	-	-	(303)
Repayment of long-term debt from non-controlling interests	(68)	(105)	(59)	(31)	(123)
Repayment of debentures	(193)	(31)	(97)	(15)	(31)
Proceed in respect of restructuring - share exchange and investment transaction with Veridis	-	452	-	-	452
Investments by holders of non-controlling interests in equity of subsidiary	34	231	-	35	231
Tax equity partner's investment in US-based renewable energy projects	152	-	-	-	304
Proceeds for derivatives, net	9	6	4	3	9
Repayment of principal in respect of lease liabilities	(7)	(6)	(2)	(2)	(9)
Other	(10)	<u> </u>	(3)	<u>-</u>	
Net cash provided by financing activities	467	1,187	586	98	1,817
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	115	23	421	90	146
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	1,007	849	722	818	849
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalent balances	29	43	8	7	12
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	1,151	915	1,151	915	1,007

- (1) For further details, see Note 7D.
- (2) In the reporting period, OPC Israel entered into Financing Agreements with banking corporations, under which it took approx. NIS 1,650 million in loans; on the other hand it carried out an early repayment of the outstanding balance of Zomet and Gat's loans amounting to approx. NIS 1,573 million (including an early repayment fee totaling approx. NIS 12 million). For further details, see Note 7A2.
- (3) In the reporting period includes a partial early repayment of the long-term loans in Hadera amounting to approx. NIS 25 million, further to receipt of compensation from the Construction Contractor at the end of 2023 as detailed in Note 28A4 to the Annual Financial Statements.

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ Interim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

#### NOTE 1 - GENERAL

### The Reporting Entity

OPC Energy Ltd. (hereinafter – "the Company") was incorporated in Israel on February 2, 2010. The Company's registered address is 121 Menachem Begin Road, Tel Aviv, Israel. The Company's controlling shareholder is Kenon Holdings Ltd. (hereinafter - the "Parent Company"), a company incorporated in Singapore, the shares of which are dual-listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange Ltd. (hereinafter - the "TASE").

The Company is a publicly-traded company whose securities are traded on the TASE.

As of the report date, the Company and its investees (hereinafter - the "Group") are engaged in the generation and supply of electricity and energy through three reportable segments. For details regarding the Group's operating segments during the reporting period, see Note 27 to the Financial Statements as of the date and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (hereinafter - the "Annual Financial Statements").

### NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### A. Statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 (hereinafter – "IAS 34") - "Interim Financial Reporting" and do not include all of the information required in complete Annual Financial Statements. These statements should be read in conjunction with the Annual Financial Statements. In addition, these financial statements were prepared in accordance with the provisions of Chapter D of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports) 1970.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved for publication by the Company's Board of Directors on November 12, 2024.

### B. Functional and presentation currency

The New Israeli Shekel (NIS) is the currency that represents the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. Accordingly, the NIS is the Company's functional currency. The NIS also serves as the presentation currency in these financial statements. Currencies other than the NIS constitute foreign currency.

#### C. Use of estimates and judgments

In preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with the IFRS, the Company's management is required to use judgment when making estimates, assessments and assumptions which affect the implementation of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. It is clarified that the actual results may differ from these estimates.

Management's judgment, at the time of implementing the Group's accounting policies and the main assumptions used in the estimates involving uncertainty, are consistent with those used in the Annual Financial Statements.

#### D. Reclassification

The Group carried out immaterial classifications in its comparative figures such that their classification will match their classification in the current financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

#### F Seasonalit

The revenues of the Group companies from the sale of energy in Israel are mostly based on the generation component, which constitutes part of the demand side management tariff, which is supervised and published by the Israeli Electricity Authority. The year is broken down into three seasons: summer (June through September), winter (December, January and February) and transitional (March through May and October through November), with each season having a different tariff for each demand hour cluster.

In the United States, the electricity tariffs are not regulated and are affected by the demand to electricity, which is generally higher than average during the summer and winter; electricity tariffs are also materially affected by natural gas prices, which may generally be higher in winter than the annual average. In addition, with regard to wind-powered renewable energy projects, the speed of the wind tends to be higher during the winter and lower during the summer, whereas in solar-powered projects solar radiation tends to be higher during the spring and summer months and lower during the fall and winter months.

#### NOTE 3 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Group's accounting policies in the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are the same as the accounting policies applied to the Annual Financial Statements.

### B. New standards not yet adopted

#### IFRS 18. Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

This standard supersedes IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements. The objective of the standard is to provide improved structure and content for the financial statements, specifically the Statement of Profit or Loss. The standard includes new disclosure and presentation requirements, and requirements which have been retained from IAS 1 with slight changes in wording. Generally, expenses in the Statement of Profit or Loss shall be classified into three categories: operating profit, investment income, and finance income. The standard also includes requirements to provide separate disclosure in the financial statements regarding the use of NON-GAAP measures, and specific guidance on aggregation and disaggregation of items in the financial statements and the notes.

The standard will be initially applied for annual periods commencing on January 1, 2027; early application is permitted. The Group is studying the effects of the standard on the Financial Statements.

### NOTE 4 – SEGMENT REPORTING

Further to that which is stated in Note 27 to the Annual Financial Statements, during the reporting period there were no changes in the composition of the Group's reportable segments, or in the manner of measuring the results of the segments by the chief operating decision maker.

		For the nine	month period ended Septer	nber 30, 2024		
<del>-</del>		Energy Transition in	Renewable energies in	Other activities in the	Adjust-ments to	
_	Israel	the USA	the USA	USA	consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - total
In NIS million			(Unau	ıdited)		
Revenues from sales and provision of services	1,835	1,328	188	167	(1,328)	2,190
EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup>	541	451	84	(2)	(455)	619
Adjustments:						
Share in profits of associates						150
General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters						
(not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's						(77
headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments)						(13
Total EBITDA						679
Depreciation and amortization						(257
Finance expenses, net						(249
Other expenses, net						(50
						(556
Profit before taxes on income						123
Expenses for income tax						(49
r						
-	Israel	Energy Transition in the USA	month period ended Septer Renewable energies in the USA	Other activities in the	Adjust-ments to	
<del>-</del>			the USA	USA	consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - total
In NIS million	•	the Cort		udited)	consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - total
-	1.770		(Una	ıdited)		
In NIS million  Revenues from sales and provision of services	1,779	1,137			consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - total
-	1,779 445		(Una	ıdited)		1,971
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup> Adjustments:		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179 (18
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179 (18
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments)		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179 (18 (72
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179 (18 (72
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments)		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179 (18 (72 (20 (536
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179 (18 (72 (20 536 (215
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179 (18 (72 (20) 536 (215) (143)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179 (18 (72 (20) 536 (215) (143)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	1,971 467 179 (18 (72 (20) 536 (215) (143) 6 (352
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net Other revenues, net		1,137	(Unat	adited)	(1,137)	

For a definition of EBITDA following adjusted proportionate consolidation, see Note 27 to the Annual Financial Statements.

## NOTE 4 – SEGMENT REPORTING (cont.)

_		For the three	-month period ended Septe	mber 30, 2024		
	Israel	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA	Other activities in the USA	Adjust-ments to consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - total
In NIS million			(Unai	ıdited)		
Revenues from sales and provision of services	761	448	49	69	(448)	879
EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup>	255	163	21	1	(164)	276
Adjustments:						
Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters						64
(not allocated to segments)						(34)
General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)						(5)
Total EBITDA						301
Depreciation and amortization						(95)
Finance expenses, net						(100)
Other revenues, net						2
						(193)
Profit before taxes on income						108
Expenses for income tax						(22)
D. C.C. d						96
Profit for the period						86
<u>-</u>			-month period ended Septe			
-	Israel	Energy Transition in	Renewable energies in	Other activities in the	Adjust-ments to	Consolidated - total
In NIS million	Israel		Renewable energies in the USA		Adjust-ments to consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - total
-		Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unau	Other activities in the USA udited)	consoli-dated	
In NIS million  Revenues from sales and provision of services	Israel	Energy Transition in	Renewable energies in the USA	Other activities in the USA		Consoli-dated - total
-		Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unau	Other activities in the USA udited)	consoli-dated	
Revenues from sales and provision of services	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	851
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments; Share in profits of associates	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	851
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup> Adjustments: Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not allocated to segments)	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	851 243
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not allocated to segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	851 243 79 (25)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup> Adjustments: Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not allocated to segments)	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	851 243 79
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not allocated to segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	851 243 79 (25) (7) 290
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not allocated to segments)  General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	851 243 79 (25)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not allocated to segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	243 79 (25) (7) 290 (98)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not allocated to segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	243 79 (25) (7) 290 (98) (70)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not allocated to segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net Other revenues, net	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	851 243 79 (25) (7) 290 (98) (70) 111 (157)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not allocated to segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net Other revenues, net	781	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA (Unar	Other activities in the USA addited)	consoli-dated (389)	851 243 79 (25) (7) 290 (98) (70) 11 (157)

For a definition of EBITDA following adjusted proportionate consolidation, see Note 27 to the Annual Financial Statements.

## NOTE 4 – SEGMENT REPORTING (cont.)

	For the year ended December 31, 2023					
-	Israel	Energy Transition in the USA	Renewable energies in the USA	Other activities in the USA	Adjust-ments to consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - total
In NIS million			(Aud	lited)		-
Revenues from sales and provision of services	2,283	1,525	146	123	(1,525)	2,55
EBITDA after adjusted		_				
proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup>	580	577	31	6	(580)	614
Adjustments:						
Share in profits of associates						24
Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet						(1
General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters						
(not attributed						
to US segments)						(5
General and administrative expenses at the Company's						
headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments)						(2
Total EBITDA						75.
Depreciation and amortization						(30
Finance expenses, net						(19
Other expenses, net						(1
						(510
Profit before taxes on income						23
Expenses for income tax						(6
Profit for the year						16

For a definition of EBITDA following adjusted proportionate consolidation, see Note 27 to the Annual Financial Statements.

### NOTE 5 - REVENUES FROM SALES AND PROVISION OF SERVICES

Composition of revenues from sales and provision of services:

_	For the nine-mon ended Septem		For the three-more		For the year ended December 31
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023
In NIS million	(Unaudite	<b>d</b> )	(Unaudite	<b>d</b> )	(Audited)
Revenues from sale of energy in Israel:					
Revenues from the sale of energy to private customers	1,138	1,154	533	530	1,424
Revenues from energy sales to the System Operator and other suppliers	129	93	33	50	120
Revenues from the sale of energy to the System Operator, at cogeneration tariff	42	34	17	14	82
Income for capacity services	127	30	39	28	59
Revenues from sale of steam in Israel	44	45	14	14	59
Other revenues in Israel	23	50	<u> </u>	7	59
Total income from sale of energy and others in Israel (excluding infrastructure services)	1,503	1,406	636	643	1,803
Revenues from private customers for infrastructure services	332	373	125	138	480
Total income in Israel	1,835	1,779	761	781	2,283
Revenues from sale of energy from renewable sources in the United States	164	89	39	29	136
Revenues from provision of services and other revenues in the United States	191	103	79	41	133
Total income in the USA	355	192	118	70	269
Total income	2,190	1,971	879	851	2,552

### NOTE 6 - SUBSIDIARIES

A. On August 16, 2024, investees of CPV Group entered into binding agreements with Harrison Street, an American private equity fund operating in the field of infrastructures (hereinafter - the "Investor"), where under the Investor will invest a total of USD 300 million (hereinafter - the "Total Investment Amount") in CPV Renewables Power LP (hereinafter - "CPV Renewables")<sup>2</sup> in consideration for 33.33% of the ordinary interests in CPV Renewables (hereinafter - the "Investor's Interest"), in accordance with and subject to the main terms and conditions as detailed below (hereinafter - the "Agreement" and the "Transaction", as the case may be<sup>3</sup>). The Transaction reflects a pre-money valuation of approx. USD 600 million for CPV Renewables.

As of the report approval date, a corporation wholly-owned by CPV Group. Prior to the completion of the Transaction: (1) CPV Renewables will change its status from a Limited Partnership to a Limited Liability Company (LLC); (2) the holdings in CPV Keenan LLC (which is part of CPV Group's renewable energy activities) shall be transferred to CPV Renewables. As of the report approval date, the said changes had been completed.
 In accordance with the Agreement, a certain refund was set from CPV Renewables to CPV Group in respect of investments in 2024.

### NOTE 6 - SUBSIDIARIES (cont.)

#### A. (cont.)

The Investment Agreement includes, among other things, generally accepted representations and statements by CPV Corporations and the Investor, undertakings applicable to CPV Group in the interim period (between the signing date and the Transaction Completion Date, if completed), whose objective is mainly to ensure the ordinary course of business, and conditions precedent for completion of the Transaction, which include the absence of material adverse events as defined in the Agreement, and receipt of the regulator's approval within a certain period.

The regulator's approval was received on October 28, 2024. As of the report approval date the parties work towards the completion of the remaining actions required for the completion of the transaction.

In accordance with the Agreement, USD 200 million out of the Total Investment Amount will be invested by the Investor on the Transaction Completion Date, and the remaining amount (a total of USD 100 million) will be invested no later than September 30, 2025. On the Transaction Completion Date the Investor's Interests will be allocated to the Investor.

The interest holders agreement, which will come into effect on the Transaction Completion Date, sets forth arrangements between the interest holders in CPV Renewables, and Corporate Governance provisions, including, among other things, as detailed below:

- (1) Board of Directors composition the initial composition as of the completion date will include 4 board members (CPV Group and the Investor each appointing 2 directors). The voting power of the directors is based on the holding rate of the appointing interest holder.
- (2) Generally accepted restrictions on the transfer of rights (including certain restriction periods), subject to agreed conditions and exclusions.
- Actions and resolutions requiring a special majority, which includes the votes of the directors appointed by the Investor including, among other things, changes in the corporation's documents, mergers, allocation of securities, liquidation, future budgets (the agreement includes arrangements regarding budgetary continuity), interested party transactions (including regarding the service agreements), certain engagements and material transactions, etc., all subject to the applicable conditions, thresholds and definitions as per the agreement. Furthermore, the replacement of the CPV Renewables' lead business officer shall require the consent of the Investor under certain conditions.
- (4) The activities of CPV Group in the field of renewable energy shall be carried out through CPV Renewables<sup>4</sup>.

Furthermore, the agreement stipulates that CPV Group shall provide development and asset management services to CPV Renewables in accordance with a long-term services agreement,<sup>5</sup> which will include, among other things, CPV Group's undertaking to provide sufficient resources and skilled manpower for that purpose, in accordance with specific undertakings6.

Except under certain circumstances defined in the agreement.

The service agreements include provisions in connection with early termination by CPV Renewables under certain circumstances.

Includes undertakings regarding skilled lead business officer and development team. A breach of some of the undertakings (as the case may be) may trigger the termination of the services agreements and the appointment of a replacement officer, and lead to other impacts on CPV Group's rights as per the Interest Holders' Agreement.

#### NOTE 6 - SUBSIDIARIES (cont.)

#### A. (cont.)

Subsequent to an analysis of the contractual rights awarded to the Investor, the Company reached the conclusion that in accordance with the provisions of IFRS 10, the Company will lose control over CPV Renewables once the transaction is completed, if completed, and accordingly as from the Annual Financial Statements for 2024 it will discontinue the consolidation of CPV Renewables' financial statements and will implement the equity method with respect to its investment in CPV Renewables. It is also noted that in the Company's opinion, IFRS 5 (Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations) does not apply to the said transaction. In view of the above, on the Transaction Completion Date, the Company is expected to recognize a one-off gain arising from the accounting treatment applied to loss of control and reorganization of the renewable energy activity, which was completed as of the report approval date - which is estimated, as of the report approval date, at approx. NIS 130-150 million (approx. USD 35-40 million), net of tax, and may change in an immaterial manner with respect to certain adjustments which may be made as of the Transaction Completion Date.

- B. Further to Note 25E1 to the Annual Financial Statements regarding the completion of the transaction for the acquisition of the Gat Power Plant on March 30, 2023, during the reporting period, the Company completed the attribution of the acquisition cost of the acquired identifiable assets and liabilities and no change took place therein compared with the amounts reported in the Annual Financial Statements.
- C. Further to Notes 12D and 25A4 to the Annual Financial Statements regarding the signing of a separation agreement between OPC Israel, the Founder and the additional shareholder in Gnrgy, and further to OPC Israel's signing a non-binding memorandum of understanding for the sale of Gnrgy's shares to a third party, the memorandum of understanding with the third party did not amount to an agreement, and OPC Israel did not issue a notice about the purchase of the Founder's Gnrgy shares within the period set in the agreement, and on May 4, 2024 the right to purchase OPC Israel's Gnrgy shares within the period and under the conditions set in the agreement was transferred to the Founder.

In view of the above, the Company assessed the recoverable amount of Gnrgy as of March 31, 2024, in accordance with the provisions of IAS 36 and based on an independent external appraiser, using the fair value method net of costs to sell, and based on the expected discounted cash flows (DCF), a long-term growth rate of 3% and a weighted discount rate of 21.5%. Since Gnrgy's recoverable amount is lower than its carrying amount, an approx. NIS 21 million impairment loss (which was mostly attributed to goodwill) was recognized in the first quarter of 2024 in the net other expenses line item.

On July 3, 2024, the Founder served OPC Israel a notice in accordance with the separation agreement regarding their undertaking to purchase all Gnrgy shares held by OPC Israel. The sale of Gnrgy shares by OPC Israel was completed on August 29, 2024 and as from that date the Company discontinued the consolidation of Gnrgy's financial statements. The effect of the sale transaction on the Company's financial statements is immaterial.

### NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY

### A. Significant events during and subsequent to the reporting period

### Issuance of Debentures (Series D)

In January 2024, the Company issued Debentures (Series D) with a par value of approx. NIS 200 million (hereinafter - "Debentures (Series D)"), with the proceeds of the issuance to be used for the Company's needs, including to refinance current financial debt. The debentures are listed on the TASE, are not CPI-linked and bear annual interest of 6.2%. The principal and interest for Debentures (Series D) will be repaid in unequal semi-annual payments (on March 25 and September 25 of each year), starting from March 25, 2026 in relation to the principal and September 25, 2024 in relation to interest. The issuance expenses amounted to approx. NIS 2 million.

For details regarding additional terms and conditions of Debentures (Series D), see Note 17C to the Annual Financial Statements.

### 2. Banking Financing Agreements in OPC Israel

On August 11, 2024 OPC Israel (hereinafter - the "Borrower") engaged in a financing agreement with Bank Hapoalim Ltd. and a financing agreement with Bank Leumi le-Israel B.M. (hereinafter - the "Lenders") for the provision of loans at the total amount of approx. NIS 1.65 billion, which were advanced on August 15, 2024 and served mainly for early repayment of the project financing of Zomet - amounting to approx. NIS 1,144 million (including approx. NIS 10 million in accrued interest and approx. NIS 4 million in accrued interest and approx. NIS 5 million in accrued interest and approx. NIS 4 million in accrued interest and approx. NIS 4 million in accrued interest and approx. NIS 5 million in accrued interest and approx. NIS 6 million in accrued inte

In respect of the abovementioned early repayment the Company recognized in the third quarter of 2024 one-off finance expenses totaling approx. NIS 49 million in the loss from extinguishment of financial liabilities, of which approx. NIS 12 million are in respect of early repayment fees including in the above repayment amounts, and approx. NIS 37 million in respect of amortization of deferred finance costs (not involving cash flows).

## NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY (cont.)

- ${\bf A.} \quad {\bf Significant\ events\ during\ and\ subsequent\ to\ the\ reporting\ period\ (cont.)}$ 
  - 2. <u>Banking Financing Agreements in OPC Israel</u> (cont.)

Following are the key principles of the Financing Agreements<sup>2</sup>

Loan provision date	Total Financing Commitments were advanced to the Borrower on August 11, 2024. The financing withdrawal and the execution of the Early Repayment of the Project Credit will take place on August 15, 2024.
Principal terms	Principal of Financing Agreement 1: NIS 850 million. Principal of Financing Agreement 2: NIS 800 million.
	The loans' principal will be repaid in quarterly installments from March 25, 2025 through December 25, 2033, as follows: 0.5% in every quarter in 2025; 0.75% in every quarter in 2026; 1% in every quarter in 2027-2029; 5% in every quarter in 2030-2032; 5.75% in every quarter in 2033.
Interest terms	The Financing Agreements bear annual interest at a rate based on Prime interest + a spread ranging from 0.3% to 0.4%. The interest in respect of each loan will be repaid in quarterly installments from September 25, 2024 through December 25, 2033. Furthermore, the Financing Agreements include additional interest as is generally accepted, which is payable upon the occurrence of default events (with respect to additional interest due to temporary non-compliance with financial covenants which does not constitute default, see below) and in respect of failure to make payments on time (interest on arrears).
Collateral and pledges	Under the Financing Agreements, the Borrower undertook not to place liens on, or provide collateral for, its assets, including its holdings in subsidiaries, except for certain allowed pledges as defined in the Financing Agreements, mostly for the purpose of existing and/or future project financing (for the Hadera Power Plant) (if any), under the defined terms and conditions.  Furthermore, the Borrower's subsidiaries provided the Lenders with an undertaking not to take credit, excluding existing and/or future Project Credit (for the Hadera Power Plant) and except with respect to activity in the ordinary course of business, all in accordance with the defined terms and conditions. In addition, company guarantees were provided to the Lenders by certain subsidiaries in which the Borrower has a 100% stake (directly and/or indirectly).
Additional restrictions, liabilities and material conditions	The Financing Agreements include various undertakings of the Borrower and grounds, upon the fulfillment of which the Lenders will be allowed to call for immediate repayment of the loans (subject to remediation periods or to amounts set if applicable under the circumstances),8 which include, among other things, failure to make payments in respect of the loan on the dates which were set for that purpose, liquidation procedures, receivership, insolvency or debt arrangements of the Borrower as set forth in the Financing Agreements, change of control in the Company or the Borrower under defined circumstances and conditions, certain events which have an adverse effect on the Borrower's activity as set forth in the Financing Agreements, restructuring - except for certain defined exceptions, a change in the area of activity of the Borrower under set conditions, retrain events on the sale of assets under set conditions, failure to comply with the following financial covenants in accordance with the terms and conditions which were set (except for cases where a certain deviation does not constitute grounds subject to the provisions regarding additional interest as detailed below), and a cross-default clause where the Borrower's debt is called for immediate repayment upon the fulfillment of certain set terms and conditions.
	In addition, provisions were set with regard to fees, as is generally accepted in financing agreements, including transaction and early repayment fees. It is clarified that early repayment fees in respect of each loan (except for fees in respect of economic damage, as applicable) were set at levels which decrease gradually over the loan term, such that within a set number of years no early repayment fees will apply.
Conditions for distribution	Distribution by the Borrower (including repayment of subordinated shareholder loans provided to the Borrower and/or its investees, excluding the Rotem Loan) is subject to conditions generally accepted in financing agreements, and to compliance with the following financial covenants:  The ratio between the net financial debt less the financial debt designated for construction of the projects that have not yet started generating EBITDA, and the adjusted EBITDA, as defined below, shall not exceed 7.

The Financing Agreements are separate and independent of each other; however, considering their similar characteristics, they are described collectively, where relevant.

In accordance with the Financing Agreements, some of the Borrower's undertakings and grounds for immediate repayment (as detailed below) apply in respect of events of material subsidiaries of the Borrower (which include, among other things, OPC Power Plants, Rotem, Zomet, etc.).

#### NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY (cont.)

### A. Significant events during and subsequent to the reporting period (cont.)

Banking Financing Agreements in OPC Israel (cont.)

### Financial covenants

The financial covenants will be assessed at the end of each quarter (hereinafter - the "Measurement Date"), immediately after the approval date of the financial statements of the Borrower. Following are the financial ovenants applicable to the Borrower (on a consolidated basis) on each measurement date in connection with each of the Financing Agreements:

The ratio of the net financial debt(1) less financial debt designated for construction of the projects that have not yet started generating EBITDA(2), and the adjusted EBITDA(3) shall not exceed 8 (hereinafter - "Debt to

- The equity<sup>(4)</sup> to total assets ratio<sup>(5)</sup> shall not fall below 20%.
- The Company's equity(4) will not fall below NIS 1.1 billion.
- (1) Net financial debt Total (1) Long and short-term interest-bearing debts (including the Borrower's share in such debts of associates) to banking corporations, financial entities and any other entity engaged in the provision of loans; (2) Shareholder loans, excluding subordinated shareholder loans, as defined by the Financing Agreements, excluding the Rotem Loan; (3) Plus and/or less principal and/or interest swaps at their nominal value (less and/or plus the deposits provided to secure them); and (4) Net of financial assets.
  - Financial assets total (1) Cash and cash equivalents and (2) Deposits with banks and financial institutions (excluding restricted deposits provided against a guarantee), provided that they are clear and free of any pledge, incumbrance and foreclosure. It is noted that cash and cash equivalents and deposits restricted to the servicing of a financial debt shall constitute part of the financial assets.
- (2) A financial debt designated for the construction of projects which have not yet started generating EBITDA (1) Financial debt provided to a special-purpose corporation as part of project credit; or (2) In a project that was not pledged - the outstanding balance of a financial debt provided at an amount that does not exceed the balance of actual investment in the project, provided that the aggregate amount will not  $exceed - on each \ measurement \ date - NIS\ 200\ million; \ all \ of the \ above - in connection \ with \ a \ project \ that \ has \ not \ yet \ reached \ commercial \ operation.$
- (3) Adjusted EBITDA EBITDA in the four quarters preceding the measurement date (including the Borrower's share in the EBITDA of associates) net of other and/or one-off expenses or income and share-based payment. Plus:
  - (a) The annualized EBITDA<sup>10</sup> of assets which commenced commercial operation during the four quarters preceding the measurement date; and
  - (b) The annualized EBITDA of assets, which were purchased by the Borrower and/or investees as part of an acquisition and/or merger transaction, the financial debt in respect of which was recognized upon their purchase.
- (4) Equity capital as per the Borrower's consolidated financial statements attributable to the parent company's shareholders, plus subordinated shareholder loans (but excluding the Rotem Loan).
- (5) <u>Total assets</u> as per the Borrower's consolidated financial statements.

It is noted that if the Borrower fails to comply with any financial covenants in a certain quarter at a range which does not exceed 10% of the values set for the relevant covenant, the loan will bear additional interest at a rate set in the Financing Agreements as from the quarter in which the financial statements were published, according to which the Borrower failed to comply the relevant covenants, up to a period of 2 (two) consecutive quarters. Provided that such a deviation period will not occur more often than a frequency set in the Financing Agreements, the failure to comply with such financial covenants in the said period shall not be deemed a default event and shall not constitute grounds for calling for immediate repayment of the loan.

For details regarding the actual amounts and/or ratios in respect of the abovementioned covenants as of September 30, 2024, see Note 7C.

For details regarding the shareholder loan advanced to Rotem see Note 25D2 to the Annual Financial Statements.

Annualized EBITDA - the EBITDA divided by the number of days during the period commencing on the commercial operation or acquisition date and ending on the relevant measurement date, multiplied by 365.

### $NOTE\ 7 - CREDIT\ FROM\ BANKING\ CORPORATIONS\ AND\ OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES\ AND\ EQUITY\ (cont.)$

### ${\bf A.} \quad {\bf Significant\ events\ during\ and\ subsequent\ to\ the\ reporting\ period\ (cont.)}$

### Bank Financing Agreements in the US Renewable Energies Segment

On August 16, 2024 a notice to proceed order was issued to the Rogue's Wind project - a wind energy power plant with a capacity of 114 MW, located in Pennsylvania United States (hereinafter - the "Project"). On the said date, the EPC Agreement (Engineering, Procurement and Construction) with the Project's construction contractor and the equipment purchase agreement were signed. As of the report approval date, the cost of construction is estimated at approx. NIS 1.35 billion (approx. USD 365 million).

In addition, on the said date CPV Group entered into a project financing agreement for the project at a total amount of approx. NIS 0.95 billion (approx. USD 257 million) (hereinafter - the "Financing Amount" and the "Financing Agreement", respectively), which includes, among other things, the following key conditions:

Lenders	International financial corporations (hereinafter - the "Lenders")
Total loans and credit facilities	The Construction Term Loan (will be converted into a loan on the commercial operation date (hereinafter - the "Loan Conversion Date"): Up to approx. NIS 330 million (up to approx. USD 89 million).  Ancillary credit facilities: Up to approx. NIS 105 million (approx. USD 28 million).  Bridge loan (for the investment of the tax equity partner) <sup>12</sup> : Up to approx. NIS 580 million (up to approx. USD 157 million).
	The withdrawal of the credit facilities is subject to compliance with the capital requirements as defined in the Financing Agreement.
Repayment dates	The final repayment date of the loan principal and credit facilities: 3 years from the Loan Conversion Date.  The loan's principal shall be paid in semi-annual payments in accordance with predefined amortization schedule and amounts, over a period of three years after the Loan Conversion Date.  The final repayment date of the bridge loan (for the investment of the tax equity partner): In principle, the date is in line with the Loan Conversion Date.
Interest terms and other costs	The interest is accrued during the construction period and paid in semi-annual payments during the commercial operation period. The loans bear annual interest based on SOFR plus a spread, as follows:  Construction Term Loan: SOFR+1.75%.  Term loan: SOFR+1.875%.  Ancillary credit facilities: If they will be withdrawn - interest similar to that payable on the Construction Term Loan or the term loan, as applicable.  Bridge loan (for the investment of the tax equity partner): SOFR+1.50%.  Furthermore, fees and transaction costs will apply as is generally accepted in financing agreements of this type.
Additional material conditions	<ul> <li>The financing agreement includes grounds for immediate repayment that are standard in project financing agreements of this type, including, inter alia – default events, non-compliance with certain obligations, various insolvency events, winding down of the project or termination of significant parties in the project (as defined in the agreement), occurrence of certain events relating to the regulatory status of the project and holding approvals, certain changes in ownership of the project, certain events in connection with the project, and a situation wherein the project is not entitled to receive payments for capacity and electricity – all in accordance with and subject to the terms and conditions, definitions and remediation periods detailed in the financing agreement.</li> <li>The project is pledged in favor of the Lenders in order to secure the liabilities in accordance with the Financing Agreement.</li> <li>It is noted that the Financing Agreement includes, among other things, and as customary in agreements of this type, provisions regarding mandatory prepayments, fees and commissions in respect of credit facilities, annual fees relating to the issuance of LC and additional customary terms and conditions, including partial hedging of the base interest rate (SOFR) in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Financing Agreement.</li> <li>The execution of distributions is conditional upon the project's compliance with certain conditions, including compliance with a minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.20 during the four quarters that preceded the distribution (proportionately to the measurement period which is less than four quarters), and a condition whereby no grounds for repayment or default event exist (as defined in the Financing Agreement).</li> </ul>
Collaterals, liens, guarantees	Collaterals and liens will be provided in favor of the Lenders on all of the projects' assets and the rights arising therefrom, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Financing Agreement.

As of the report approval date, the project is wholly-owned by CPV Group. Furthermore, the Financing Agreement includes tax credit arrangements as an alternative to tax equity.

### NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY (cont.)

### A. Significant events during and subsequent to the reporting period (cont.)

3. Bank Financing Agreements in the US Renewable Energies Segment (cont.)

Furthermore, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company advanced to the project an interest-bearing shareholder loan totaling approx. NIS 315 million (approx. USD 85 million), which was designated to finance some of the project's costs to be financed from own capital, and the said loan is expected to be repaid at the same time as the transaction in CPV Renewables is expected to be completed, as detailed in Note 6A, if completed.

4. On July 28, 2024, Maalot (S&P) reiterated the rating of the Company and its debentures at 'ilA.', and upgraded the outlook from negative to stable due to improvement in the financial ratios.

### 5. Short-term credit facilities from Israeli banks:

As of the report date, the Company and OPC Israel have binding short-term credit facilities from Israeli banks in effect as of various dates during the second half of 2025. For details regarding the terms and conditions of the credit facilities, see Note 16B2 to the Annual Financial Statements. Below is information regarding the amounts of the facilities and their utilization as of the report date (in NIS million):

	Facility amount	Utilization as of the report date
The Company	300	21
OPC Israel	250	78
The Company for CPV Group (1)	Approx. 74 (approx. USD 20 million)	Approx. 59 (approx. USD 16 million)
CPV Group <sup>(1)</sup>	Approx. 278 (approx. USD 75 million)	Approx. 222 (approx. USD 60 million)
Total	902	379

(1) For the purpose of letters of credit and bank guarantees. The facilities provided for CPV Group are backed with a Company guarantee.

Furthermore, as of the report date, unsecured credit facilities from banking corporations and financial institutions utilized in Israel for the purpose of letters of credit and bank guarantees at the total amount of approx. NIS 417 million. The utilization of unsecured facilities is subject to the discretion of any financing entity on a case-by-case basis on every utilization request date, and therefore there is no certainty as to the ability to utilize them at any given time.

Subsequent to the report date, a further committed credit facility was provided to the Company for CPV Group, at the total amount of approx. NIS 100 million.

### $NOTE\ 7 - CREDIT\ FROM\ BANKING\ CORPORATIONS\ AND\ OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES\ AND\ EQUITY\ (cont.)$

### B. Changes in the Group's material guarantees:

Further to Note 16C to the Annual Financial Statements, following are details on the main changes which took place during the reporting period in the bank guarantee amounts given by Group companies to third parties:

	As of September 30, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	NIS million	NIS million
For operating projects in Israel (Rotem, Hadera, Zomet and the Gat Power Plant)	249	244
For projects under construction and development in Israel (Sorek 2 and consumers' premises) (1)	87	47
In respect of the filing of a bid in the Sorek tender (2)	100	-
For the virtual supplier in Israel (3)	94	29
For operating projects in the US Renewable Energies Segment (CPV Group)	175	189
For projects under construction and development in the US (CPV Group) (4)	317	148
Total	1,022	657

- (1) The increase arises mainly from the provision in favor of the Accountant General of a NIS 45 million bank guarantee in connection with the financial closing of the Sorek 2 project.
  (2) The guarantee was given with respect to a bid submitted by OPC Power Plants in a planning, financing, build and operate tender for a new conventional electricity generation power plant.
  (3) The increase arises mainly from the provision of a bank guarantee of approx. NIS 90 million in favor of the System Operator for the purpose of allocating certain customers to the virtual supplier, instead of the approx. NIS 27 million bank guarantee, which was previously provided.
  (4) The increase arises mainly from the provision of bank guarantees in connection with PPAs and connection to the electrical grid in the Renewable Energies segment.

Furthermore, the Company and the Group companies provide, from time to time, corporate guarantees to secure Group companies' undertakings in connection with their activity.

## NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY (cont.)

### C. Financial covenants

Further to that which is stated in Note 17C to the Annual Financial Statements, below are the financial covenants attached to Debentures (Series B, C and D), as defined in the deeds of trust, and the actual amounts and/or ratios as of Sentember 30, 2024:

Ratio	Required value - Series B	Required value - Series C and D	Actual value	
Net financial debt (1) to adjusted EBITDA (2)	Will not exceed 13 (for distribution purposes - 11)	Will not exceed 13 (for distribution purposes - 11)		5.0
The Company shareholders' equity ("separate")	Will not fall below NIS 250 million (for distribution purposes -	With respect to Debentures (Series C): will not fall below NIS 1		
	NIS 350 million)	billion (for distribution purposes - NIS 1.4 billion)		
		With respect to Debentures (Series D): will not fall below NIS 2		
		billion (for distribution purposes - NIS 2.4 billion)	Approx. NIS 4,763 million	
The Company's equity to asset ratio ("separate")	Will not fall below 17% (for distribution purposes: 27%)	Will not fall below 20% (for distribution purposes - 30%)		71%
The Company's equity to asset ratio ("consolidated")		Will not fall below 17%		46%

- (1) The consolidated net financial debt net of the financial debt designated for construction of the projects that have not yet started to generate EBITDA.
- (2) Adjusted EBITDA as defined in the deeds of trust.

As of September 30, 2024, the Company complies with the said financial covenants.

### NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY (cont.)

#### C. Financial covenants (cont.)

Further to Note 16 to the Annual Financial Statements and Section A2 above in said notes, below are the financial covenants, as defined in the said note, which apply to Group companies in connection with their financing agreements with banking corporations (including long-term loans and binding short-term credit facilities), and the actual amounts and/or ratios as of September 30, 2024:

Financial covenants	Breach ratio	Actual value	
Covenants applicable to OPC Israel with respect to financing agreements with Hapoalim and Leumi banks <sup>13</sup>			
OPC Israel's equity capital	Will not fall below NIS 1,100 million	Approx. NIS 2,451 million	
OPC Israel's equity to asset ratio	Will not fall below 20%		44%
OPC Israel's ratio of net debt to adjusted EBITDA	Will not exceed 8		3.3
Covenants applicable to Hadera in connection with the Hadera Financing Agreement			
Minimum expected DSCR	1.10		1.15
Average expected DSCR	1.10		1.68
LLCR	1.10		1.64
Covenants applicable to the Company in connection with the Hadera Equity Subscription Agreement			
The Company shareholders' equity ("separate")	Will not fall below NIS 200 million	Approx. NIS 4,763 million	
The Company's equity to asset ratio ("separate")	Will not fall below 20%		71%
Covenants applicable to the Company in connection with binding credit facilities with Israeli banks <sup>14</sup>			
The Company shareholders' equity ("separate")	Will not fall below NIS 1,200 million	Approx. NIS 4,763 million	
The Company's equity to asset ratio ("separate")	Will not fall below 30%		71%
The Company's net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio	Will not exceed 12		5.0

As of September 30, 2024, the Group companies comply with the said financial covenants.

#### D. Shares issuance

In July 2024, the Company issued to the public 31,250,000 ordinary shares of NIS 0.01 par value each; 16,707,400 ordinary shares were issued to the Parent Company. The issuance was by way of a uniform offering with a range of quantities, and a tender on the price per unit and the quantity. The gross proceeds of the issuance amounted to about NIS 800 million. The issuance expenses amounted to approx. NIS 21 million.

<sup>13</sup> OPC Israel has short-term bank credit facilities, which include financial covenants, which are not stricter than the abovementioned financial covenants.

<sup>14</sup> The Company has short-term bank credit facilities, which include financial covenants, which are not stricter than the abovementioned financial covenants.

### NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY (cont.)

#### E. Equity compensation plans

1. Below is information about allotments of offered securities in the reporting period:

		Average fair value of each				
Offerees and	No. of options at the grant	option at the grant date (in	Exercise price per option	Standard deviation	Rate of risk-free interest	Cost of benefit (in NIS
allotment date	date (in thousands)	NIS) (*)	(in NIS, unlinked)	(**)	rate (***)	million) (****)
'-	<u> </u>	-	•			
Executives, March 2024	49	7 9.77	25.19	9 33.85%-35.79%	3.81%-3.91%	Approx. 5

- (\*) The average fair value of each allotted option is estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes model.
- (\*\*) The standard deviation is calculated based on historical volatility of the Company's share over the expected life of the option until exercise date.
- $(***) \ The \ rate \ of \ the \ risk-free \ interest \ is \ based \ on \ the \ Fair \ Spread \ database \ and \ an \ expected \ life \ of \ 4 \ to \ 6 \ years.$
- (\*\*\*\*) This amount will be recorded in profit and loss over the vesting period of each tranche.

The Offered Securities are by virtue of the option plan as detailed in Note 18B to the Annual Financial Statements and include identical terms and conditions and provisions.

### 2. <u>Issuance of shares in respect of share-based payment:</u>

During the reporting period, the Company issued an additional approx. 12 thousand ordinary shares of the Company of NIS 0.01 par value each to Group officers following the announcement of net exercise of approx. 72 thousand options.

Furthermore, during the reporting period, the Company issued a total of approx. 14 thousand ordinary shares of the Company of NIS 0.01 par value each in view of the partial vesting of some of the RSUs awarded to them as part of an equity compensation plan to Company's employees as described in Note 18B to the Annual Financial Statements.

### F. Profit participation plan for CPV Group employees

Further to Note 18C to the Annual Financial Statements regarding a profit participation plan for CPV Group employees, during the Reporting Period CPV Group approved a 1% increase in the profit participation rights intended for a CPV Group officer. As of the report date, the Plan's fair value amounted to approx. NIS 136 million (approx. USD 36.8 million), which was estimated using the option pricing model (OPM), based on a standard deviation of 33%, risk-free interest of 3.84%, and remaining expected life until exercise of approx. 1.32 years.

As of the report date, the Group recognized - out of the Plan's fair value and in accordance with the vesting period - a liability of approx. NIS 98 million, which was included in the other long-term liabilities line item.

In March 2024, a partial exercise was carried out of the participation units awarded to CPV Group employees, by way of purchasing the units exercised by CPV Group, totaling approx. NIS 11 million (approx. USD 3 million).

#### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS, CLAIMS AND OTHER LIABILITIES

#### A. Commitments

1. On August 18, 2024, an agreement was signed for the purchase and sale of surplus electricity between Rotem and a third party holding an electricity generation license (hereinafter - the "Electricity Producer"); the term of the agreement is five years.

As part of the agreement, Rotem undertakes to sell to the Electricity Producer and the Electricity Producer undertakes to purchase from Rotem surplus quantities of electricity, during certain demand hour clusters, at a discount set from the general energy demand management rate (DSM Tariff) (hereinafter - the "Contractual Discount"); in relation to surplus electricity in other demand hour clusters, which were defined, the parties will give certain priority under agreed conditions. Under the provisions of the agreement, the sale of surpluses shall be carried up in accordance with set maximum and minimum quantities. Furthermore, the agreement includes additional provisions and arrangements regarding early termination thereof and provisions which are generally accepted in agreements for the purchase of surplus electricity.

2. On March 18, 2024, a wholly-owned partnership of OPC Israel (hereinafter - the "Partnership") engaged with a third party in an agreement for the purchase of natural gas. The agreement will terminate on June 30, 2030 or at the earlier of: the end of the consumption of the Total Contractual Quantity of approx. 0.46 BCM as set out in the agreement.

Under the agreement, the Seller undertook to provide to the Partnership a daily quantity of gas, as will be decided by the Partnership each month, in accordance with the mechanism set out in the agreement, and - for its part - the Partnership assumed a take or pay liability for a certain annual consumption as set out in the agreement. The agreement includes arrangements regarding quantities consumed above or below the minimum annual quantity. The price of the natural gas is denominated in USD and based on an agreed formula, which is linked to the generation component and includes a minimum price. Furthermore, the agreement included additional provisions and arrangements customary in agreements for the purchase of natural gas, including with regard to the natural gas's quality, supply shortage, force majeure, limitation of liability, early termination provisions under certain cases, subject to terms and conditions and reassignment.

3. Further to Note 10E(1) a to the Annual Financial Statements regarding an agreement for the construction of the Zomet Power Plant (hereinafter - the "Construction Agreement"), in March 2024 an amendment to the Construction Agreement was signed, under which, among other things, the Construction Contractor paid Zomet an approx. NIS 26 million (approx. USD 7 million) as compensation due to a delay in the commercial operation, and on the other hand Zomet paid approx. NIS 43 million in respect of milestone payments, which were delayed, net of amounts that will serve as a collateral for an additional period as set out in the agreement.

As a result of the signing of the amendment to the Construction Agreement, the Company recognized in the reporting period income of approx. NIS 26 million (approx. USD 7 million) in respect of the said compensation.

4. On May 13, 2024, a CPV Group subsidiary entered into a binding tax equity agreement with a tax equity partner in respect of the Stagecoach project (hereinafter in this Section - the "**Project**"), at the total amount of approx. NIS 193 million (approx. USD 52 million) (hereinafter - the "**Investment Agreement**"), which was completed on its signing date, after the project reached commercial operation in the second quarter of 2024.

#### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS, CLAIMS AND OTHER LIABILITIES (cont.)

#### A. Commitments (cont.)

4. (cont.)

In accordance with the Investment Agreement and as of its completion date, the tax equity partner in the project advanced an investment of approx. NIS 160 million (approx. USD 43 million), which is presented under the other long-term liabilities line item, and the remaining balance - approx. NIS 33 million (approx. USD 9 million) - will be advanced over the term of the agreement as a function of the project's production, as these terms are defined in the Investment Agreement, and subject to the fulfillment of the conditions set in connection therewith in the Investment Agreement, as is generally accepted in agreements of this type.

In consideration for its investment in the project, the tax equity partner is expected to benefit from most of the project's tax benefits, including a production tax credit (PTC), which awards a tax benefit for each KWh generated using renewable energy over a 10-year period, and to participation in the distributable cash flow from the project (gradually, and at rates and for periods set in the Investment Agreement). Furthermore, the tax equity partner is entitled to most of the project's taxable income or loss for tax purposes subject to certain limitations. At the end of 9.5 years from the completion date, the tax equity partner's share in such taxable income and tax benefits decreases significantly, and CPV Group will have the option to acquire the tax equity partner's share in the project within a certain period and in accordance with a mechanism and conditions set out in the Investment Agreement in connection therewith

As is generally accepted in engagements of this type, the Investment Agreement includes a guarantee provided by CPV Group, and an undertaking to indemnify the tax equity partner in connection with certain matters. Furthermore, the tax equity partner has certain veto rights, among other things, in respect of the creation of certain liens on the Project Partnership's assets or the entry of the Project Corporation into additional material Project agreements.

 On October 10, 2024, a CPV Group subsidiary entered into a binding tax equity agreement with a tax equity partner in respect of the Backbone project (hereinafter in this Section - the "Project"), at the total amount of approx. NIS 410-430 million (approx. USD 110-116 million) (hereinafter - the "Investment Agreement").

In accordance with the provisions of the Investment Agreement, some of the tax equity partner's investment in the Project (approx. 20%) will be provided on the Project's mechanical completion date, and the remaining balance (approx. 80%) will be provided on the commercial operation date, as these terms are defined in the Investment Agreement, subject to meeting the conditions set forth in connection therewith in the Investment Agreement, in relation to each date, as is generally accepted in agreements of this type.

Against its investment in the Project, the tax equity partner is expected to benefit from most of the Project's tax benefits, including the Project's taxable income or its loss for tax purposes, an investment tax credit (ITC), which is based on the investment in the Project's compliance with the required conditions, subject to certain restrictions and for periods as set in the Investment Agreement, and to participation in the distributable cash flow from the Project (gradually, and at rates and for periods set in the Investment Agreement). At the end of 5 years from the commercial operation date, the tax equity partner's share in such taxable income and tax benefits decreases significantly, and CPV Group will have the option to acquire the tax equity partner's share in the project within a certain period and in accordance with a mechanism and conditions set out in the Investment Agreement in connection therewith.

#### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS, CLAIMS AND OTHER LIABILITIES (cont.)

### A. Commitments (cont.)

5. (cont.)

As is generally accepted in engagements of this type, the Investment Agreement includes a guarantee provided by CPV Group, and an undertaking to indemnify the tax equity partner with certain matters. Furthermore, the tax equity partner will be entitled to rights in the Project and to certain veto rights, among other things, in respect of the creation of certain liens on the Project Corporation's assets or the engagement of the Project Corporation in additional material Project agreements (which will include indemnity). In addition, the tax equity partner may be entitled to an under-delivery fee at a rate and under conditions set forth in the Investment Agreement.

It is clarified that the completion of the Investment Agreement and the provision of the tax equity partner's investments on the above dates is subject to conditions precedent, which have not yet been fulfilled as of the reporting date. It is also noted that if the Project will not be completed by September 1, 2025, the tax equity partner shall be eligible to an option to sell its share to CPV Group in accordance with a mechanism set forth in the Investment Agreement, which is based mainly on the tax equity partner's investment through that date, or the conversion of the investment into a loan, which will be repaid on certain terms and conditions and dates set forth in the Agreement.

6. Further to Note 28D to the Annual Financial Statements regarding engagement in a tax equity partner agreement in the Maple Hill project, in the third quarter of 2024 CPV Group received the consideration in respect of the sale of the ITC grant amounting to approx. NIS 278 million (approx. USD 75 million) and transferred the sale consideration to the tax equity partner. Accordingly, the said sale amount was derecognized from other receivables and debit balances and from payables and credit balances.

#### B. Claims and other liabilities

- 1. Further to Note 11B1f to the Annual Financial Statements regarding its win of a bid for an Israel Land Authority tender for planning and option to acquire leasehold rights in land for the construction of renewable energy electricity generation facilities in relation to three compounds of May 10, 2023, on July 23, 2024 OPC Power Plants received purchase tax assessments in connection with the project amounting to approx. NIS 29 million. OPC Power Plants disagrees with the Israel Tax Authority's position and its financial demands as included in the purchase tax assessments, due to, among other things, the Company's position that the arrangement as per the Israel Land Authority's tender does not establish a "right in land". Subsequent to the report date, OPC Power Plants appealed the purchase tax assessment. As of the report date, the Company is of the opinion that since the chances of its position being allowed are higher than the chances that it will be dismissed, no provision was made in respect of the assessment amount.
- 2. Further to Note 28A3 to the Annual Financial Statements regarding the proposed resolution on complementary arrangements and the imposition of certain criteria on Rotem (hereinafter the "Hearing"), in March 2024, the Israeli Electricity Authority's resolution was delivered further to the Hearing (hereinafter the "Resolution"). Generally, the arrangements as per the Resolution are not materially different from the arrangements included in the Hearing, which comprise, among other things, the application of certain criteria on Rotem, including regarding deviations from consumption plans and the market model, alongside the award of a supply license to Rotem (if it applies for one and complies with the conditions for receipt thereof), in view of the Israeli Electricity Authority's intention to consolidate, in many respects, the regulation that applies to Rotem with the regulation that applies to other bilateral electricity producers, thereby allowing Rotem to operate in the energy market in a manner that is similar and equal to that of producers. The Resolution came into force on July 1, 2024 for the period that coincides with that of Rotem's generation license.

### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS, CLAIMS AND OTHER LIABILITIES (cont.)

### B. Claims and other liabilities (cont.)

3. Further to Note 11B1(e) to the Annual Financial Statements regarding the issuance of a decision in an appeal filed against ILA's assessment in connection with the Zomet land, subsequent to the reporting period Zomet withdrew the appeal against the decision. Accordingly, the Company will be required to pay ILA an immaterial amount and is expected to receive a guarantee of approx. NIS 58 million it had given to ILA.

### NOTE 9 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### A. Financial instruments measured at fair value for disclosure purposes only

The carrying amounts of certain financial assets and financial liabilities, including cash and cash equivalents, short-term and long-term deposits, restricted cash, trade receivables, other receivables, trade payables and other payables are the same as or approximate to their fair values. The fair values of the other financial assets and financial liabilities, together with the carrying amounts stated in the statement of financial position, are as follows:

	As of Septemb	er 30, 2024
	Carrying value (*)	Fair value
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	NIS million	NIS million
rom banks and financial institutions (Level 2)	3,103	3,091
non-controlling interests (Level 2)	478	488
	1,878	1,784
	5,459	5,363
	As of Septemb	er 30, 2023
	Carrying value (*)	Fair value
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	NIS million	NIS million
nd financial institutions (Level 2)	2,962	2,973
ntrolling interests (Level 2)	426	399
el 1)	1,841	1,682
	5,229	5,054
	As of Decemb	er 31, 2023
	Carrying value (*)	Fair value
	(Audited)	(Audited)
	NIS million	NIS million
ncial institutions (Level 2)	3,055	3,085
vel 2)	204	204
ntrolling interests (Level 2)	454	464
	1,853	1,760
	5,566	5,513

<sup>(\*)</sup> Including current maturities and interest payable.

For details regarding the Group's risk management policies, including entering into financial derivatives as well as the manner of determining the fair value, see Note 23 to the Annual Financial Statements.

### NOTE 9 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont.)

### B. Fair value hierarchy of financial instruments measured at fair value

The table below presents an analysis of financial instruments measured at fair value, on a periodic basis, using an evaluation method.

The evaluation techniques and various levels were detailed in Note 23 to the Annual Financial Statements.

	As of September	er 30	As of December 31
	2024	2023	2023
In NIS million	(Unaudited)		(Audited)
Financial assets			
Derivatives used for hedge accounting			
CPI swap contracts (Level 2)	46	40	(*)39
Cross-currency interest rate swaps (USA) (Level 2)	14	43	24
Forwards on exchange rates (Level 2)	<u>-</u>	1	
Total	60	84	63
Financial liabilities			
Derivatives used for hedge accounting			
CDI ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	(I)	(2)	(#)(2)
CPI swap contracts (Level 2)	(1)	(2)	(*)(2)
Cross-currency interest rate swaps (USA) (Level 2)	(12)	-	(9)
Electricity price hedge contracts (the US renewable energy segment) (Level 3)	(30)		(55)
Total	(43)	(2)	(66)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The nominal NIS-denominated discount rate range in the value calculations is 3.6%-4.8% and the real discount rate range is 0.8%-2.8%.

### NOTE 10 - SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD

#### A. General

- 1. As of the report approval date there was no material change in the Company's assessments regarding the "Iron Swords" War, compared to Note 1 to the Annual Financial Statements.
- 2. In the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 the Group purchased property, plant and equipment for a total of approx. NIS 982 million and approx. NIS 1,991 million, respectively, including property, plant and equipment purchased under a business combination during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023, for a total of approx. NIS 1,321 million. Furthermore, these amounts include non-cash purchases totaling approx. NIS 38 million and approx. NIS 82 million during these periods, respectively.

The said purchase amounts also include credit costs, which were capitalized to property, plant and equipment at approx. NIS 23 million and approx. NIS 44 million, in the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

- 3. For further details regarding developments in credit from banking corporations and others, debentures, guarantees and equity in the reporting period and thereafter, see Note 7.
- 4. For further details regarding developments in commitments, legal claims and other liabilities in the reporting period and thereafter, see Note 8.

#### NOTE 10 - SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD (cont.)

#### B. OPC Israel

1. Further to Note 11B1 to the Annual Financial Statements regarding an option to a lease agreement with Infinya Ltd. in respect of an area of approx. 68 dunam (adjacent to the Hadera Power Plant) for the purpose of constructing a power plant, on April 17, 2024, the Israeli government rejected National Infrastructures Plan (NIP) 20B, for the construction of a natural gas-fired power generation plant (hereinafter - "Hadera 2 Project") on the said land.

In view of the above Government Resolution, the Company assessed the recoverable amount of the Hadera 2 Project in its financial statements in accordance with the provisions of IAS 36, and accordingly recognized an approx. NIS 31 million impairment loss.

In June 2024, further to the abovementioned Government Resolution, Hadera 2 filed a petition to the High Court of Justice, which is pending as of the report approval date. In addition, the Company is considering other alternatives in relation to the Hadera 2 site, in the event that it will be impossible to construct a natural gas-fired power plant.

2. Further to Note 11b1 to the Annual Financial Statements regarding the Ramat Beka Project (hereinafter - the "Previous Tender"), on June 30, 2024, it was announced that the Group - through OPC Power Plants - won a further tender issued by the Israel Land Authority for planning and an option to purchase leasehold rights in land for the construction of renewable energy electricity generation facilities using photovoltaic technology in combination with storage in relation to two compounds with an aggregate area of approx. 161.7 hectares (hereinafter - the "Two Compounds"), which are in proximity to the compounds in respect of which the Group won the previous tender. The Group's bids in this Tender total approx. NIS 890 million, in the aggregate, for the two Compounds.

Under the terms and conditions of the Tender, the bids' amount shall be paid in the following manner for each of the compounds: (1) In connection with participating in the Tender, the Group has provided a NIS 5 million guarantee for each of the compounds which are the subject matter of the Tender (a total of NIS 10 million), which, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender, was realized upon winning and deducted from the first payment, as stated below; (2) In September 2024, a further amount was paid, which is comprised of amounts that constitute 20% of the bid amount for each compound in respect of a planning authorization agreement for the period prescribed in the tender documents; (3) Upon authorizing a new outline plan, under which the project may be constructed (to the extent that it is authorized), lease agreements will be signed for a period of 24 years and 11 months, to build and operate the project(s), against payment of the remaining 80% of the bid amount per compound. To clarify, 20% of the bid amount (the first payment) will not be returned to the Winning Bidder even if the project(s)' development and planning procedures never develop into an authorized plan and lease agreements are not signed.

The proximity of the compounds, which are the subject matter of the current tender, to the compounds included in the previous tender, which is under development, constitutes a significant and unique advantage for OPC Power Plants, which intends to promote a consolidated project covering all compounds and subject to appropriate development procedures.

As of the report approval date, it is uncertain that approvals, consents, or actions required for the completion of the project/s will be completed with respect to any of the compounds.

#### NOTE 10 - SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD (cont.)

#### B. OPC Israel (cont.)

- 3. In July 2024, Hadera received a lump sum of approx. NIS 18 million (USD 5 million) in connection with loss of income prior to the commercial operation date of the Hadera Power Plant. In the third quarter of 2024, the Company recognized an income in respect of the said amount in the 'compensation for loss of income' line item.
- 4. In September 2024, an amendment to the Fuel Excise Tax Ordinance (Imposition of Excise Tax) went into effect, as from January 1, 2025. The amended ordinance includes an increase of the excise tax rates applicable to various types of fuels, including natural gas, such that in 2025, the excise tax on natural gas will increase from NIS 19 to NIS 33 and will continue to increase in a graduated manner until reaching a maximum excise tax of NIS 192 in 2030. The increase in the excise tax rate on natural gas is expected to increase the Company; the Company estimates that some of the effect may be mitigated as a result of an increase in the Company; revenues, provided that the generation component will be increased and subject to the effect of such a possible increase, for the Company, in the price of natural gas, which is linked to the generation component. As of the report approval date, the effect of ithe amendment to the Excise Tax Ordinance on the Company's results in Israel over time cannot be estimated. With respect to 2025, the Company believes that the amended Excise Tax Ordinance is not expected to have a material effect on its results.

#### C. CPV Group

- 1. Further to Note 25A3 to the Annual Financial Statements, in the reporting period, the Company and non-controlling interests made equity investments in OPC Power Ventures LP (both directly and indirectly) totaling approx. NIS 111 million (approx. USD 30 million) and extended loans totaling approx. NIS 37 million (approx. USD 10 million), respectively, based on their stake in the Partnership. As of the report approval date, the balance of the investment commitments and advanced shareholder loans of all Partners is approx. NIS 223 million (approx. USD 60 million); the Company's share is approx. NIS 156 million (approx. USD 42 million). It is noted that, as of the report approval date, the Company and non-controlling interests in the CPV Group (the financial investors) are in a process regarding the scope of their involvement in providing financing for transactions to acquire additional stakes in the Shore and Maryland power plants as detailed below, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the partnership agreement, which has yet to be completed.
- On July 19, 2024, CPV Group entered into a non-binding memorandum of understanding with one party and a binding acquisition agreement (hereinafter the "Acquisition Agreement") with another party to acquire, in the aggregate, additional interests in the Shore associates (which may result in the CPV Group owning approx. 68% of the project) and in Maryland (which may result in the CPV Group owning approx. 75% of the project).

Subsequent to the Reporting Period, on October 11, 2024, the acquisition of an additional 25% interest in the Maryland Power Plant was completed in accordance with the Acquisition Agreement (further to fulfillment of the conditions precedent and the payment of the consideration by CPV Group); further binding agreements for the acquisition of an additional 31% interest in the Shore Power Plant and 25% in the Maryland Power Plant were signed (hereinafter - the "Additional Bindina Acquisition Agreements")

### NOTE 10 - SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD (cont.)

#### C. CPV Group (cont.)

#### 2. (cont.)

As of the report approval date, the total amount required in connection with the completion of the engagements (if fully completed) is expected to amount to approx. USD 200-230 million (as of the report approval date - approx. NIS 755-870 million). The abovementioned amount includes an estimated amount, which is expected to be provided by CPV Group for the purpose of reducing leveraging (including funds from the Company), as the owner of the equity rights in the increased holding in Shore (if completed). As of the report date, there is no certainty as to the amount which will be provided by the interest holders for the purpose of the abovementioned reduction of leveraging; for further details, see Note 11 below.

The terms and conditions of the Additional Binding Acquisition Agreements are in line with generally accepted terms for transactions of this type, taking into consideration that CPV Group has existing ownership interests in the power plants and that it provides them with management services. Each of the transactions, which is the subject matter of each of the Additional Binding Acquisition Agreements is conditional upon the completion of the other transaction; the transactions are also subject to conditions precedent, including non-occurrence of material adverse events, as defined in the Additional Binding Acquisition Agreements and receipt of regulatory approvals.

In the opinion of the Company, given the ownership interest held by the remaining interest holders in the associates, the Company is expected to continue accounting for the investments in Shore and Maryland by the equity method.

3. In August 2024, after the completion of a refinancing agreement in Fairview, an associate of the CPV Group distributed partners' equity and dividends at the total amount of approx. NIS 982 million (approx. USD 263 million) to partners with a stake in the project; the CPV Group's share is approx. NIS 246 million (approx. USD 66 million).

### NOTE 11 - ATTACHMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MATERIAL ASSOCIATES

The Group attaches to these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements the condensed interim financial statements of Towantic, Shore, and the condensed interim financial data of Fairview (hereinafter - "Material Associates"), including adjustments from US GAAP to IFRS presented below. According to an approval issued by the Israel Securities Authority Staff at the request of the Company, the Company shall publish the condensed interim financial statements of Fairview for the third quarter of 2024 by December 31, 2024.

According to legal advice received by CPV Group, under the relevant US law it is not required to sign the financial statements of the material associates, and the attached financial statements were approved by the competent organs, and a review report of the independent auditors was attached thereto.

The Material Associates' functional and presentation currency is the USD. As of the report date, the exchange rate is NIS 3.710 per USD.

The financial statements of the Material Associates are drawn up in accordance with US GAAP, which vary, in some respects, from IFRS. Following is information regarding adjustments made to the Material Associates' financial statements in order to make them compatible with the Company's accounting policies and rules.

The repayment date of Shore's ancillary credit facilities, which as of September 30, 2024 total approx. NIS 352 million (approx. USD 95 million) and of which approx. NIS 278 million (approx. USD 75 million) has already been utilized, is March 31, 2025 (less than 12 months from the approval date of the financial statements). In addition, the repayment date of Shore's long-term loans, which as of September 30, 2024 total approx. NIS 1.33 billion (approx. USD 358 million), is December 31, 2025. Shore's operating cash flows is its main source of liquidity. While Shore has produced cash flows that are sufficient to meet its liabilities under its financing agreements up to September 30, 2024. Shore expects that if the repayment date of the ancillary credit facilities is not extended, it will not have sufficient cash balances to repay the said credit facilities by their repayment date on March 31, 2025. If these credit facilities are not extended and Shore does not have sufficient to repay them by March 31, 2025, a cross-default scenario is expected to be triggered, which may also trigger a call for immediate repayment, on that date, of Shore's long-term loans.

Shore is seeking to refinance, with the lenders, the long-term loans as well as to extend the credit facilities prior to March 31, 2025. The CPV Group believes it reasonable that Shore will reach binding agreements with the lenders to extend the said credit facilities and/or to refinance the entire long-term debt by March 31, 2025. It is noted that the CPV Group believes that in light of the energy margins and capacity prices, and pursuant to Shore's financial performance as of September 30, 2024, particularly the coverage ratio that stands at 1.15 as of that date, it is possible that in connection with extension of the credit facilities and loans, as stated, Shore will require a certain capital injection. In the opinion of CPV Group, as of the report approval date, CPV Group's current share in the abovementioned injection (if needed) is expected to arise from own sources, such that the Company will not need to make an investment, whereas in relation to the injection beyond its current share, including in connection with the acquisition of additional equity interests (provided the acquisition transaction is completed) as per Note 10C2 - these are expected to come from CPV Group's own sources and from the Company's investment.

As of the approval date of the financial statements, there is no certainty that the assessments of the CPV Group regarding the abovementioned events will materialize. Since the said events are not under the control of the CPV Group, there are significant doubts as to the ability of Shore to continue as a going concern.

Accordingly, Shore's interim financial statements as of September 30, 2024 include disclosure regarding the circumstances relating to Shore's ability to repay its liabilities within a period of 12 months of the approval date of the financial statements.

It is noted that Shore's interim financial statements were prepared on the assumption that it will continue as a going concern and do not include any adjustments to the values and classification of the assets and liabilities that may be necessary if Shore is unable to continue as a going concern.

## Fairview

Statement of Financial Position:

		As of September 30, 2024		
	US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS	
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
D	85	1 560	1,64	
			18,05	
			853,61	
			055,01	
C		(20,101)	25,86	
	872,545	26,622	899,16	
A	17,577	(10,905)	6,67	
	550,137	<del>-</del>	550,13	
	567,714	(10,905)	556,80	
Δ	304 831	37 527	342,35	
А	304,031	31,321	342,33	
	872,545	26,622	899,16	
		As of September 30, 2023		
	US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS	
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
D		25 102	25.10	
			25,19	
			1,18	
			868,04	
C				
	67,263	_ <del></del> _	67,26	
	941,631	20,053	961,68	
A	16,218	(11,117)	5,10	
	406,718	490	407,20	
	422,936	(10,627)	412,30	
A	518.695	30.680	549,37	
	941,631	20,053	961,68	
		As of December 31, 2023		
	US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS	
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
D	52	265	31	
D	947	(265)	68:	
A,C	817,316	57,540	874,85	
C	26,753	(26,753)		
	80,408		80,40	
	925,476	30,787	956,26	
	15.021	(5.125)	0.50	
A			9,59 399,58	
	414,199	(5,015)	409,18	
A	511,277	35,802	547,079	
	D D A, C C	D 85 D 19,612 A, C 800,887 C 26,101 25,860  872,545  A 17,577 550,137  567,714  A 304,831   US GAAP In USD thousand  D 88 D 26,287 A, C 821,022 C 26,971 67,263  A 16,218 406,718  A 518,695  A 518,695  D 941,631  US GAAP In USD thousand  D 26,287 A, C 821,022 C 26,971 C 26,971 C 26,971 C 26,971 C 26,971 C 26,751 C 27,752 C 27,753 C 380,408	US GAAP	

## Fairview (cont.)

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

		For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024			
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	212,728	(1,384)	17,247	228,591
Operating expenses	A	93,943	(6,602)	17,247	104,588
Depreciation and amortization	A	20,591	5,296		25,887
Operating profit		98,194	(78)	-	98,116
Finance expenses	В	16,732	(4,325)		12,407
Profit for the period		81,462	4,247		85,709
Other comprehensive loss	В	2,442	(2,778)		(336)
Comprehensive income for the period		83,904	1,469	<u> </u>	85,373
			For the nine-month period	ended September 30, 2023	
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		218,205	460	13,195	231,860
Operating expenses	A	116,664	(6,756)	13,195	123,103
Operating profit		101,541	7,216	-	108,757
Finance expenses	В	18,896	(4,114)		14,782
Profit for the period		82,645	11,330		93,975
Other comprehensive loss	В	(3,270)	(4,364)	<del>_</del>	(7,634)
Comprehensive income for the period		79,375	6,966	-	86,341

 $<sup>(*) \</sup> Represents \ adjustments \ to \ the \ Group's \ accounting \ policies \ regarding \ the \ presentation \ of \ hedging \ transactions \ regarding \ energy \ margins.$ 

## Fairview (cont.)

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income: (cont.)

		For the three-month period ended September 30, 2024			
		US GAAP In USD thousand	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	IFRS - according to t Group's accounting policies In USD thousand
Revenues	В	69,113	(2)	7,406	76,5
Operating expenses		28,859	(2,161)	7,406	34,1
Depreciation and amortization	A	6,867	1,765		8,6
Operating profit		33,387	394	-	33,7
Finance expenses		9,018	(871)	-	8,1
Profit for the period		24,369	1,265	-	25,6
Other comprehensive income		4,480	(846)		3,6
Comprehensive income for the period		28,849	419		29,2

			For the three-month period	ended September 30, 2023	
		US GAAP In USD thousand	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*  In USD thousand	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand
Revenues		67,330	460	3,806	71,596
Operating expenses	A	34,371	(2,326)	3,806	35,851
Operating profit		32,959	2,786	-	35,745
Finance expenses	В	5,546	(1,346)	<u>-</u> _	4,200
Profit for the period		27,413	4,132		31,545
Other comprehensive loss	В	(7,284)	(1,737)		(9,021
Comprehensive income for the period		20,129	2,395		22,524
			For the year ended l	December 31, 2023	

			For the year ended December 31, 2023			
		US GAAP In USD thousand	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*  In USD thousand	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand	
Revenues	В	256,103	3,898	17,660	277,661	
Operating expenses	A	119,737	(12,985)	17,660	124,412	
Depreciation and amortization	A	27,186	1,177		28,363	
Operating profit		109,180	15,706	-	124,886	
Finance expenses	В	24,191	(5,416)		18,775	
Profit for the year		84,989	21,122		106,111	
Other comprehensive loss	В	(8,032)	(9,034)		(17,066)	
Comprehensive income for the year		76,957	12,088		89,045	

 $<sup>(*) \</sup> Represents \ adjustments \ to the \ Group's \ accounting \ policies \ regarding \ the \ presentation \ of \ hedging \ transactions \ regarding \ energy \ margins.$ 

### Fairview (cont.)

 $Material\ adjustments\ to\ the\ Statement\ of\ Cash\ Flows:$ 

		US GAAP	nonth period ended Septemb Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the period		81,462	4,247	85,709
Net cash provided by operating activities		101,096	-	101,090
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(3,509)	10,010	6,501
Net cash used for financing activities		(106,268)		(106,268
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(8,681)	10,010	1,329
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	52	265	317
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	28,328	(28,328)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	85	1,561	1,646
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	19,614	(19,614)	
		For the nine-n	nonth period ended Septeml	per 30, 2023
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the period		82,645	11,330	93,975
Net cash provided by operating activities		138,620	-	138,620
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(1,071)	10,124	9,053
Net cash used for financing activities		(123,941)		(123,94
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		13,608	10,124	23,732
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	89	1,370	1,459
testricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	38,404	(38,404)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	88	25,103	25,191
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	52,013	(52,013)	

### Fairview (cont.)

Material adjustments to the Statement of Cash Flows: (cont.)

			month period ended Septem	
		US GAAP In USD thousand	Adjustments In USD thousand	IFRS In USD thousand
Profit for the period		24,369	1,265	25,634
Net cash provided by operating activities		30,622	-	30,622
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities  Net cash used for financing activities		(1,275)	8,792	7,517 (39,135
Net cash used for financing activities		(39,135)		(39,133
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(9,788)	8,792	(996
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	73	2,569	2,642
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	29,414	(29,414)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	85	1,561	1,646
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	19,614	(19,614)	
			month period ended Septem	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the period		27,413	4,132	31,545
Net cash provided by operating activities		39,796	-	39,796
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(438)	849	411
Net cash used for financing activities		(21,904)		(21,904
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		17,454	849	18,303
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	65	6,823	6,888
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	34,582	(34,582)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	88	25,103	25,191
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	52,013	(52,013)	
		For th	e year ended December 31,	2023
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the year		84,989	21,122	106,111
Net cash provided by operating activities		138,604	-	138,604
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(3,967)	8,971	5,004
Net cash used for financing activities		(144,750)		(144,750
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(10,113)	8,971	(1,142
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the year	D	89	1,370	1,459
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the year	D	38,404	(38,404)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the year	D	52	265	317
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the year	D	28,328	(28,328)	
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## Towantic

Statement of Financial Position:

			As of September 30, 2024	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	99	1,054	1,153
Restricted cash	D	13,858	(1,054)	12,804
Property, plant & equipment	A, C	722,910	80,135	803,04
Intangible assets	C	48,701	(48,701)	000,01
Other assets		53,300	(40,701)	53,30
Total assets		838,868	31,434	870,30
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	13,104	(2,275)	10,82
Other liabilities		280,578	(480)	280,09
Total liabilities		293,682	(2,755)	290,92
Dente and a suite	,			
Partners' equity	A	545,186	34,189	579,37
Total liabilities and equity		838,868	31,434	870,30
			As of September 30, 2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	98	6,581	6,67
Restricted cash	D	6,624	(6,581)	2,0
Property, plant & equipment	A, C	746,449	80,704	827,15
ntangible assets	C	52,210	(52,210)	027,11
Other assets		126,492	(32,210)	126,49
Total assets		931,873	28,494	960,36
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	11,697	(2,397)	9,30
Other liabilities		449,955	(123)	449,83
Fotal liabilities		461,652	(2,520)	459,13
		450.004		
Partners' equity	A	470,221	31,014	501,23
Total liabilities and equity		931,873	28,494	960,36
			As of December 31, 2023	
		US GAAP In USD thousand	Adjustments In USD thousand	IFRS In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	100	1,946	2,04
Restricted cash	D	2,004	(1,946)	5
Property, plant & equipment	A, C	740,844	80,810	821,65
Intangible assets	С	51,333	(51,333)	
Other assets		131,405		131,40
Total assets		925,686	29,477	955,1
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	14,167	(2,107)	12,00
Accounts payable and deterred expenses Other liabilities	A	412,217	(2,107)	412,11
Total liabilities		426,384	(2,212)	424,17
Partners' equity	A	499,302	31,689	530,99
Total liabilities and equity		925,686	29,477	955,16
		725,300	22,7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	F - 45			

### Towantic (cont.)

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

		]	For the nine-month period		
		US GAAP In USD thousand	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*  In USD thousand	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand
		III USD thousand	III USD tilousaliu	III USD tilousaliu	III USD tilousaliu
Revenues	В	324,031	(18,626)	-	305,405
Operating expenses	A	188,903	(6,555)	-	182,348
Depreciation and amortization	A	21,680	4,430		26,110
Operating profit		113,448	(16,501)	-	96,947
Finance expenses	В	14,714	(3,508)		11,206
Profit for the period		98,734	(12,993)		85,741
Other comprehensive loss	В	(24,850)	15,493		(9,357)
Comprehensive income for the period		73,884	2,500		76,384
			For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023		
			For the nine-month period	ended September 30, 2023	
		US GAAP In USD thousand	For the nine-month period  IFRS adjustments  In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand
Revenues		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	the Group's accounting policies
Revenues Operating expenses	A	US GAAP In USD thousand  270,449 129,571	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*  In USD thousand	the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand 282,837
	A A	US GAAP In USD thousand 270,449	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand 282,837 135,307
Operating expenses		US GAAP In USD thousand  270,449 129,571	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand (18) (6,670)	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand 282,837 135,307 25,832
Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Operating profit		US GAAP In USD thousand 270,449 129,571 21,625	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand (18) (6,670) 4,207	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	the Group's accounting policies  In USD thousand
Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Operating profit Finance expenses	А	US GAAP In USD thousand  270,449 129,571 21,625 119,253	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand  (18) (6,670) 4,207  2,445	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand 282,837 135,307 25,832 121,698
Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization	А	US GAAP In USD thousand  270,449 129,571 21,625  119,253	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand  (18) (6,670) 4,207  2,445 (6,130)	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand 282,837 135,307 25,832 121,698 8,084

 $<sup>(*) \</sup> Represents \ adjustments \ to \ the \ Group's \ accounting \ policies \ regarding \ the \ presentation \ of \ hedging \ transactions \ regarding \ energy \ margins.$ 

## $\underline{Towantic}\ (cont.)$

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income: (cont.)

		For the three-month period ended September 30, 2024			
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		105,039	(1,334)	_	103,705
Operating expenses	A	58,000	(2,278)	_	55,722
Depreciation and amortization	A	7,226	1,626	-	8,852
Operating profit		39,813	(682)	-	39,131
Finance expenses	В	4,565	(897)	-	3,668
Profit for the period		35,248	215		35,463
Other comprehensive loss	В	10,156	408		10,564
·	Б				
Comprehensive income for the period		45,404	623	-	46,027
			For the three-month period		
				Adjustments to the	IFRS - according to
		T/2 (2.1.1)	TERRO II .	Group's accounting	the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		83,791	(1,856)	7,097	89,032
Operating expenses	A	36,169	(2,372)	7,097	40,894
Depreciation and amortization	A	7,210	1,403		8,613
Operating profit		40,412	(887)	-	39,525
Finance expenses (income)	В	1,537	(3,245)	-	(1,708
Profit for the period		38,875	2,358		41,233
Other comprehensive loss	В	(8,258)	(1,407)		(9,665
<u> </u>	Б				
Comprehensive income for the period		30,617	951	-	31,568
			For the year ended		
				Adjustments to the	IFRS - according to
				Group's accounting	the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	380,081	19,039	15,698	414,818
Operating expenses	A	198,011	(8,765)	15,698	204,944
Depreciation and amortization	A	28,843	5,609		34,452
Operating profit		153,227	22,195	_	175,422
Finance expenses	В	19,317	(7,346)	-	11,971
Profit for the year		133,910	29,541		163,451
Other comprehensive loss	В	(4,815)	(26,455)		(31,270
<u> </u>	D				
Comprehensive income for the year		129,095	3,086		132,181

 $<sup>(*) \</sup> Represents \ adjustments \ to \ the \ Group's \ accounting \ policies \ regarding \ the \ presentation \ of \ hedging \ transactions \ regarding \ energy \ margins.$ 

# Towantic (cont.)

Material adjustments to the Statement of Cash Flows:

			er 30, 2024
	US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
	98,734	(12,993)	85,74
	113,499	-	113,49
D	(929)	32,017	31,0
	(145,480)		(145,4
	(32,910)	32,017	(89
D	100	1,946	2,0
D	46,767	(46,767)	
D	99	1,054	1,1
D	13,858	(13,858)	
	For the nine-n	onth period ended Septemb	ner 30 2023
			IFRS
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
	105,039	8,575	113,6
	98,957	-	98,9
D	(413)	31,115	30,7
	(163,300)	-	(163,3
	(64,756)	31,115	(33,6
D	(64,756) 90	31,115 40,230	· ´
D D			(33,6
	90	40,230	· ´
	D D D	D (929) (145,480)  D (32,910)  D 100  D 46,767  D 99  D 13,858  For the nine-n US GAAP In USD thousand  105,039  98,957  D (413)	98,734 (12,993)  113,499 (12,993)  113,499 (12,993)  (145,480) (145,480)  32,017  D (32,910) 32,017  D 100 1,946  D 46,767 (46,767)  D 99 1,054  D 99 1,054  D 13,858 (13,858)  For the nine-month period ended Septembre of the septemb

## $\underline{Towantic}\ (cont.)$

Material adjustments to the Statement of Cash Flows: (cont.)

			month period ended Septem	IFRS	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	In USD thousand	
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
Profit for the period		35,248	215	35,463	
Net cash provided by operating activities		44,098	-	44,098	
Net cash used for investing activities	D	(354)	(12,070)	(12,424	
Net cash used for financing activities		(42,780)		(42,78)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		964	(12,070)	(11,10	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	99	12,160	12,25	
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	12,894	(12,894)		
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	99	1,054	1,153	
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	13,858	(13,858)		
		For the three-	month period ended Septem	nher 30, 2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS	
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
Profit for the period		38,875	2,358	41,233	
Net cash provided by operating activities		44,247	<u>-</u>	44,24	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(338)	1,848	1,51	
Net cash used for financing activities		(47,506)		(47,500	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(3,597)	1,848	(1,749	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	100	8,328	8,428	
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	58,669	(58,669)		
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	98	6,581	6,679	
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	55,074	(55,074)		
		For th	e year ended December 31,	2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS	
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
Profit for the year		133,910	29,541	163,451	
Net cash provided by operating activities		122,769	-	122,769	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(1,182)	34,787	33,60	
Net cash used for financing activities		(194,648)		(194,64	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(73,061)	34,787	(38,27	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the year	D	90	40,230	40,320	
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the year	D	119,838	(119,838)		
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the year	D	100	1,946	2,04	
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the year	D	46,767	(46,767)		

## Shore

Statement of Financial Position:

			As of September 30, 2024	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	49	8,507	8,55
Restricted cash	D	10,698	(8,507)	2,19
Derivatives	F	10,000	3,608	3,60
Property, plant & equipment	A, C, G	566,681	(67,591)	499,09
ntangible assets	C C	14,288	(14,288)	4,55,05
Right-of-use assets	E	87,729	135,724	223,4
Other assets	F			
Other assets	Г	97,273	(3,991)	93,2
'cotal assets		776,718	53,462	830,1
accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	29,297	(3,040)	26,2
ong-term lease liability	E	74,752	141,698	216,4
ther liabilities		450,485	9,945	460,4
otal liabilities		554,534	148,603	703,1
Partners' equity	A, E, F	222,184	(95,141)	127,0
Fotal liabilities and equity		776,718	53,462	830,1
oral navinus and equity				030,1
			As of September 30, 2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
ash and cash equivalents	D	2,282	5,114	7,3
estricted cash	D	5,114	(5,114)	,-
roperty, plant & equipment	A, C, G	587,670	(66,780)	520,8
tangible assets	C	14,836	(14,836)	220,0
ight-of-use assets	E	89,388	142,827	232,2
ther assets	L	120,964	142,027	120,9
thei assets		120,904		120,5
otal assets		820,254	61,211	881,4
accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	16,078	(1,753)	14,3
ong-term lease liability		76,124	144,952	221,0
ther liabilities		445,439	8,668	454,1
otal liabilities		537,641	151,867	689,5
artners' equity	A,E	282,613	(90,656)	191,9
otal liabilities and equity		820,254	61,211	881,4
			As of December 31, 2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
	D	48	5,400	5,4
	D			2,1
estricted cash	D	7,529	(5,400)	
estricted cash privatives	D F	7,529	(5,400) 14,304	14,
estricted cash privatives	D F A, C, G			14,
estricted cash erivatives operty, plant & equipment tangible assets	D F A, C, G C	7,529 - 582,326 14,699	14,304 (66,842) (14,699)	14,, 515,
estricted cash rivatives operty, plant & equipment tangible assets ght-of-use assets	D F A, C, G	7,529 - 582,326 14,699 88,979	14,304 (66,842) (14,699) 141,044	14,; 515,· 230,
estricted cash crivatives operty, plant & equipment tangible assets ght-of-use assets	D F A, C, G C	7,529 - 582,326 14,699	14,304 (66,842) (14,699)	14,; 515,· 230,
estricted cash  rerivatives roperty, plant & equipment ntangible assets ight-of-use assets ther assets	D F A, C, G C	7,529 - 582,326 14,699 88,979	14,304 (66,842) (14,699) 141,044	14,; 515,; 230, 110,9
destricted cash  verivatives  roperty, plant & equipment  rangible assets  tight-of-use assets  ther assets  cotal assets	D F A, C, G C E	7,529 582,326 14,699 88,979 126,619	14,304 (66,842) (14,699) 141,044 (15,638) 58,169	14,3 515,4 230,6 110,9 878,3
estricted cash erivatives roperty, plant & equipment tangible assets ight-of-use assets ther assets  otal assets  ccounts payable and deferred expenses	D F A, C, G C	7,529 582,326 14,699 88,979 126,619 820,200	14,304 (66,842) (14,699) 141,044 (15,638) 58,169	14,3 515,4 230,0 110,9 878,3
estricted cash erivatives roperty, plant & equipment tangible assets ight-of-use assets ther assets  otal assets  ccounts payable and deferred expenses ong-term lease liability	D F A, C, G C E	7,529 582,326 14,699 88,979 126,619	14,304 (66,842) (14,699) 141,044 (15,638) 58,169	14, 515,4 230,6 110,5 878,2
testricted cash terivatives roperty, plant & equipment ratangible assets tight-of-use assets ther assets  fotal assets  accounts payable and deferred expenses ong-term lease liability wher liabilities	D F A, C, G C E	7,529 582,326 14,699 88,979 126,619 820,200 21,652 75,775 463,073	14,304 (66,842) (14,699) 141,044 (15,638) 58,169 (2,615) 144,152 8,316	14,5 515,4 230,0 110,9 878,3 19,6 219,5 471,3
restricted cash  rerivatives  roperty, plant & equipment  rangible assets  right-of-use assets  rotal assets  rotal assets  rotal liabilities	D F A, C, G C E	7,529  582,326  14,699  88,979  126,619  820,200  21,652  75,775  463,073	14,304 (66,842) (14,699) 141,044 (15,638) 58,169 (2,615) 144,152 8,316	14,3 515,4 230,6 110,9 878,3 19,6 219,9 471,3
Cash and cash equivalents Derivatives Derivatives Troperty, plant & equipment Intangible assets Dither assets Total assets  Accounts payable and deferred expenses Long-term lease liability Dither liabilities Total liabilities  Partners' equity	D F A, C, G C E	7,529 582,326 14,699 88,979 126,619 820,200 21,652 75,775 463,073	14,304 (66,842) (14,699) 141,044 (15,638) 58,169 (2,615) 144,152 8,316	21,1 14,3 515,4 230,0 110,9 878,3 19,0 219,9 471,3 710,3

### Shore (cont.)

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

		US GAAP	For the nine-month period  IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	g the Group's accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	129,541	(716)	-	128,
Fuels and other	Е	80,400	(11,960)	-	68,
Other operating expenses	A	48,414	(4,317)	-	44,
Depreciation and amortization	A, E, G	16,481	11,609		28,
Operating loss		(15,754)	3,952	-	(11,
inance expenses	B, E	21,722	9,008		30,
oss for the period		(37,476)	(5,056)	<u> </u>	(42,
Other comprehensive loss	В	(40)	1,600		1,
Comprehensive loss for the period		(37,516)	(3,456)	_	(40
			For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023		
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	IFRS - according the Group's accounting polici
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	62,802	1,088	-	63,
uels and other	E	47,412	(11,960)	-	35
Other operating expenses	A	51,434	(16,390)	-	35
Depreciation and amortization	A, E, G	16,475	8,355		24
perating loss		(52,519)	21,083	-	(31
inance expenses	B, E	20,796	5,912		26
oss for the period		(73,315)	15,171		(58
other comprehensive loss	В	(3,905)	(3,569)	<u>-</u>	(7
comprehensive loss for the period		(77,220)	11,602		(65

### Shore (cont.)

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

			For the three-month period	ended September 30, 2024	
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	45,659	21	-	45,680
Fuels and other	Е	22,719	(3,987)	-	18,732
Other operating expenses	A	14,827	(1,437)	-	13,390
Depreciation and amortization	A, E, G	5,496	3,870		9,360
Operating loss		2,617	1,575	-	4,192
Finance expenses	B, E	7,626	3,106	<del>_</del>	10,732
Loss for the period		(5,009)	(1,531)	<del>_</del>	(6,540
Other comprehensive loss	В	3,794	462	-	4,256
Comprehensive loss for the period		(1,215)	(1,069)		(2,284
			For the three-month period	anded Sentember 30, 2023	
			ror the three-month period	Adjustments to the	IFRS - according to
				Group's accounting	the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	34,014	(355)	-	33,659
Fuels and other	E	15,808	(3,987)	-	11,821
Other operating expenses	A	13,957	(1,754)		12,20
Depreciation and amortization	A, E, G	5,492	3,870		9,362
Operating loss		(1,243)	1,516	-	273
Finance expenses	B, E	7,235	1,935	_	9,170
Loss for the period		(8,478)	(419)		(8,897
Other comprehensive loss	В	(1,214)	(493)		(1,70
Comprehensive loss for the period		(9,692)	(912)		(10,604
			For the year ended	December 31, 2023	
				Adjustments to the	IFRS - according to
				Group's accounting	the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	112,217	749		112,960
Fuels and other	E	80,782	(15,947)		64,835
Other operating expenses	A	66,611	(18,196)		48,415
Depreciation and amortization	A, E	21,969	12,225		34,19
Operating loss		(57,145)	22,667		(34,478
Finance expenses	A, E, G	27,863	8,312	-	36,175
Loss for the year		(85,008)	14,355	-	(70,653
	n				
Other comprehensive loss	В	(14,945)	(3,783)		(18,728
Comprehensive loss for the year		(99,953)	10,572		(89,381

 $<sup>(*) \</sup> Represents \ adjustments \ to \ the \ Group's \ accounting \ policies \ regarding \ the \ presentation \ of \ hedging \ transactions \ regarding \ energy \ margins.$ 

## Shore (cont.)

Material adjustments to the Statement of Cash Flows:

	US GAAP	US GAAP Adjustments	IFRS
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
	(37,476)	(5,056)	(42,532
	3,550	-	3,55
D	(386)	(5,625)	(6,01
	5,569		5,569
	8,733	(5,625)	3,10
D	48	5,400	5,448
D	77,610	(77,610)	
D	49	8,507	8,556
D	86,342	(86,342)	
	For the nine-n	nonth period ended Septemb	per 30, 2023
	US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
	(73,315)	15,171	(58,144
	2,592	-	2,592
D	(395)	1,327	932
	(8,100)		(8,100
	(5,903)	1,327	(4,570
D	39	11,933	11,972
D	89,905	(89,905)	
D D		(89,905)	
			7,396
	D D D	In USD thousand	In USD thousand

## Shore (cont.)

Material adjustments to the Statement of Cash Flows:

		US GAAP	ree-month period ended Septen Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Loss for the period		(5,009)	(1,531)	(6,540
Net cash provided by operating activities		6.967		6,967
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(88)	418	330
Net cash used for financing activities	ь	(400)	410	(400
receded to finding detrifies		(400)		(400
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		6,479	418	6,897
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	49	1,610	1,659
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	79,863	(79,863)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	49	8,507	8,556
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	86,342	(86,342)	
		For the three-	month period ended Septem	ber 30, 2023
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Loss for the period		(8,478)	(419)	(8,897
Net cash provided by operating activities		9,133		9,133
Net cash provided by investing activities	D	7,133	2,375	2,375
Net cash used for financing activities	Б	(9,100)	2,373	(9,100
·				
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		33	2,375	2,408
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	41	4,947	4,988
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	83,967	(83,967)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	2,282	5,114	7,396
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	83,993	(83,993)	
			e year ended December 31,	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Loss for the year		(85,008)	14,355	(70,653
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,157	-	4,157
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(408)	5,763	5,355
Net cash used for financing activities		(16,036)		(16,036
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(12,287)	5,763	(6,524
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the year	D	39	11,933	11,972
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the year	D	89,905	(89,905)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the year	D	48	5,400	5,448
balance of easil and easil equivalents as of the end of the year				

### Following is a breakdown of the key adjustments between US GAAP and IFRS in Fairview, Towantic and Shore

- A. Maintenance costs under the Long-Term Maintenance Plan (hereinafter the "LTPC Agreement"): under IFRS, variable payments which were paid in accordance with the milestones as set in the LTPC Agreement are capitalized to the cost of property, plant and equipment and amortized over the period from the date on which maintenance work was carried out until the date on which maintenance work is due to take place again. Under US GAAP, the said payments are recognized on payment date within current expenses in the statement of profit and loss.
- B. Hedge effectiveness of swaps: in accordance with the IFRS the associates recognize adjustments relating to the ineffective portion of their cash flow hedge under profit and loss. Under US GAAP, there is no part which is not effective, and the hedging results are recognized in full in other comprehensive income.
- C. Intangible assets: Under IFRS, certain intangible assets are defined as property, plant and equipment.
- D. Restricted cash: There is a difference between the presentation and classification of restricted cash in the Statements of Cash Flows and in the Statements of Financial Position.
- E. Right-of-use assets: In IFRS, certain contracts are classified as leases. Under US GAAP, these contracts do not meet the definition of lease contracts and are recorded as an operating expense.
- F. Certain compound financial instruments are classified in full as derivatives in IFRS. Under US GAAP, these financial instruments are bifurcated between derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments.
- G. Property, plant and equipment in Shore: In Shore's financial statements the property, plant, and equipment is presented at historical cost. The adjustments to property, plant and equipment include, in addition to sections a and c above, the allocation of excess cost carried out on the acquisition date of CPV Group.