# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

August 19, 2024

Commission File Number 001-36761

## Kenon Holdings Ltd.

1 Temasek Avenue #37-02B Millenia Tower Singapore 039192 (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F  $\boxtimes$  Form 40-F  $\square$ 

EXHIBITS~99.1~AND~99.2~TO~THIS~REPORT~ON~FORM~6-K~ARE~INCORPORATED~BY~REFERENCE~IN~THE~REGISTRATION~STATEMENT~ON~FORM~S-8~(FILE~NO.~333-201716)~OF~KENON~HOLDINGS~LTD.AND IN THE PROSPECTUSES RELATING TO SUCH REGISTRATION STATEMENT.

#### CONTENTS

#### Periodic Report of OPC Energy Ltd. for the Six Month and Three Month Periods Ended June 30, 2024

On August 19, 2024, Kenon Holdings Ltd.'s subsidiary OPC Energy Ltd. ("OPC") reported to the Israeli Securities Authority and the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange its periodic report (in Hebrew) for the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2024 ("OPC's Periodic Report"). English convenience translations of (i) the Report of the Board of Directors for the Six-Month and Three-Month Periods ended June 30, 2024 and (ii) the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements as at June 30, 2024, each as published in OPC's Periodic Report are furnished as Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2, respectively, to this Report on Form 6-K. In the event of a discrepancy between the Hebrew and English versions, the Hebrew version shall prevail.

#### Forward Looking Statements

This Report on Form 6-K, including the exhibits hereto, includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include statements with respect to OPC's business strategy, OPC's and CPV's construction and development projects and tenders, including expected start of construction and completion date, estimated investment in projects, and characteristics (e.g., capacity and technology) and stage of development of such projects, including expected commercial operation date ("COD"), estimated construction cost, expected competitive advantage, the description of projects in various stages of development, carbon capture projects, and statements relating to expectations about these projects, including with respect to projects in Israel and the U.S., the investment agreement with a U.S. private equity fund for an investment in CPV Renewables including the terms and expected timing of completion of the investment and related statements about the agreement and investment, the agreement by CPV Group to acquire additional holdings in the Shore and Maryland power plants, including the expected investment amount and expected timing of completion of the transactions, the expected impact on CPV Group's results of the availability prices in the PJM published in July 2024 and expected timing of next availability tenders, refinancing agreements of CPV Group projects, expectations with respect to interest rates, the war in Israel and potential impact on OPC, the supply license awarded to OPC-Rotem and related statements, the Electricity Authority decision with respect to smart meters, electricity and natural gas prices including forecasted prices and electricity margin, capacity payments and revenues, the NYISO and ISO-NE markets capacity payments and availability prices, carbon emissions tax, provisions of financing agreements including cash sweep mechanisms, gas supply agreements, and statements with respect to industry and potential regulatory developments in Israel and the U.S., including the Clean Air Act electricity tariffs and guaranteed payments in the U.S., the impact of seasonality and seasonal tariffs, the Electricity Authority tariffs, including the expected impact of the tariffs implemented in 2024 on OPC's profits, and other non-historical statements. These statements are based on OPC management's current expectations or beliefs, and are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties which could cause the actual results to differ materially from those indicated in such forwardlooking statements. Such risks include risks relating to potential failure to obtain regulatory or other approvals for projects or to meet the required conditions and milestones for development of its projects, the risk that OPC (including CPV) may fail to develop or complete projects or any other planned transactions, as planned (including as to the actual cost and characteristics of projects and other transactions) or at all, the risk that development projects do not proceed to construction, risks relating to new and existing regulations and license requirements and regulatory decisions, risks relating to tariffs and gas prices and hedging and the impact on OPC's results, risks relating to electricity prices in the U.S. where CPV operates and the impact of hedging arrangements of CPV, and other risks and factors, including those risks set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" in Kenon's most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC and other filings. Except as required by law, Kenon undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future

## Exhibits

- 99.1 OPC Energy Ltd. Report of the Board of Directors for the Six-Month and Three-Month Periods ended June 30, 2024, as published on August 19, 2024 with the Israeli Securities Authority and Tel Aviv Stock Exchange\*
- 99.2 OPC Energy Ltd. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements as at June 30, 2024, as published on August 19, 2024 with the Israeli Securities Authority and Tel Aviv Stock Exchange\*

<sup>\*</sup>English convenience translation from Hebrew original document.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

KENON HOLDINGS LTD.

Date: August 19, 2024

By: /s/ Robert L. Rosen

Name: Robert L. Rosen
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 99.1

## OPC ENERGY LTD.

# Report of the Board of Directors regarding the Company's Matters for the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2024

The Board of Directors of OPC Energy Ltd. (hereinafter – "the Company") is pleased to present herein the Report of the Board of Directors regarding the activities of the Company and its investee companies (hereinafter together – "the Group"), as at June 30, 2024 and for the six-month and three-month periods then ended (the Period of the Report").

Except for the data reviewed in the Company's interim consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2024 (hereinafter – "the Interim Statements") that is included in this report below, the data appearing in the Report of the Board of Directors has not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditing CPAs.

This Report of the Board of Directors is submitted on the assumption that the interim reports and all parts of the Company's Periodic Report for 2023, which was published on March 12, 2024 (Reference No.: 2024-01-021301) ("the Periodic Report for 2023"), are before the reader and references to the Company's reports include the information presented therein by means of reference.

#### 1. Executive Summary<sup>1</sup>

 $\underline{Main\ financial\ parameters}\ (in\ millions\ of\ shekels)$ 

For the For the Six Months Ended Three Months Ended June 30 June 30 2024 2023 2023 Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation 583 434 34% 238 159 50% (131)% (106)% (27) (30) (40) (37) Net income (loss) (12) 39 33% 19% Adjusted net income (loss) 66 (4) FFO 307 278 10% (54)% 37 81 Adjusted EBITDA 286 210 36% 116 92 26% Israel FFO 218 169 29% 28 (68)% U.S. Adjusted EBITDA after 73 proportionate consolidation FFO 305 237 127 74% 29% 144 49 156 (8)%54 10% Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation energy transition 288 268 7% 109 87 25% Adjusted EBITDA -19 232% 63 35 12 192% renewable energies

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation, adjusted net income and FFO are not recognized in accordance with IFRS – for definitions and the manner of their calculation – see Sections 4A and 4B to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023 and Section 4A below.

The Executive Summary below is presented solely for convenience and it is not a substitute for reading the full detail (including with reference to the matters referred to in the Summary) as stated in this report with all its parts (including warnings relating to "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, 1968 ("the Securities Law") definitions or explanations with respect to the indices for measurement of the results and including the information included by means of reference, as applicable). This Summary includes estimates, plans and assessment of the Company, which constitute "forward-looking" information regarding which there is no certainty it will materialize and the readers are directed to the detail presented in this report below.

#### 1. Executive Summary (Cont.)

U.S.

Main developments in the second quarter and thereafter

Israel Increase of 26% in the adjusted EBITDA compared with the corresponding quarter last year

Win in the Ramat Beka 2 tender – in June 2024, the Group won an additional tender of Israel Lands Authority for two sites located adjacent to the sites of the first Ramat Beka project, for an aggregate consideration of about NIS 890 million.

As at the approval date of the report, if the win is realized, the Company intends to advance a consolidated project that will amount to about 505 megawatts, plus storage capability with an estimated cumulative capacity of about 2,760 megawatts per hour on the sites of the prior tender and the present tender. See also Section 6A(1) of the report.

Refinancing in Israel – in August 2024, OPC Holdings Israel signed two bank financing agreements, with an aggregate scope of NIS 1.65 billion, which were used mainly for purposes of early repayment of the project financing of the Zomet and Gat power plants. See also Note 7A(2) to the interim statements.

Government Decision with respect to Hadera 2 project – in April 2024, the government of Israel rejected for plan for construction of a power plant in land located adjacent to the Hadera power plant. The Group has submitted a petition to the High Court of Justice, which as at the approval date of the report is pending.

Increase of about 74% in adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation compared with the corresponding quarter last year.

Signing of an investment agreement in the area of renewable energy in the U.S. – in August 2024, an investment agreement was signed with Harrison Street, a U.S. private equity fund in the area of infrastructures, whereby the fund will invest an aggregate amount \$300 million in exchange for 33.3% of the ordinary rights in CPV's renewable-energy activities. The transaction reflects a value for the said activities "before the money" of \$600 million. Completion of the transaction is expected to take place within about 3 months. See also Note 10J to the interim statements.

Undertaking in acquisition agreement and a memorandum of understanding regarding increase in the holdings in the Shore and Maryland power plants in the area of Energy Transition in the U.S. – in July 2024, the CPV Group signed a non-binding memorandum of understanding and a binding agreement for acquisition, cumulatively, of significant holdings in the Shore and Maryland power plants.

The total amount required in connection with the transactions, including as a result of their closing (if closed) is expected to amount to about \$210 million – \$240 million. As at the approval date of the report, completion of the transactions is expected to take place in the second half of 2024. See also Section 10C below.

<u>Availability tenders in the PJM market for the period July 2025 through June 2026</u> – in July 2024, the results of tenders for availability prices in PJM were published, with a significant increase in the prices to about \$270 per megawatt per day. In CPV's estimation, the additional to its revenues from availability of the power plants active in the PJM market is estimated at about \$54 million for the period of the tender. See also Section 3.3J below.

Including the expected amount in connection with reduction of the leverage in respect of the holdings being acquired in one of the projects.

#### 1. Executive Summary (Cont.)

U.S. (Cont.) Start of co

Start of construction of the Rogue's Wind project (wind-energy power plant with a capacity of 114 megawatts located in Pennsylvania) – in August 2024 a Work Commencement Order was issued for construction of the Rogue's Wind project. See also Section 6A(2) below.

 $\underline{Refinancing\ of\ Towantic}-in\ June\ 2024,\ Towantic\ signed\ a\ refinancing\ agreement.\ See\ also\ Section\ 9\ below.$ 

Refinancing Fairview – in August 2024, Fairview completed a refinancing transaction. See also Section 9 below.

Group headquarters Raising of capital - in July 2024, the Company completed raising of capital, in the amount of about NIS 800 million.

Credit rating – in July 2024, S&P Maalot reconfirmed the credit rating of the Company and its debentures at the level of ilA– and updated the rating outlook from negative to stable.

Portfolio of about 10 GW and about 1.4 GWh of storage (for details - see Section 6 below)

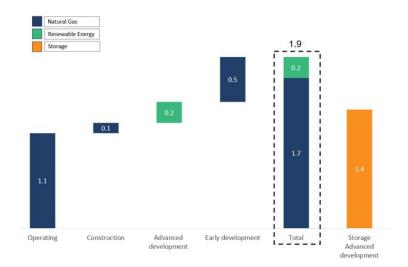
United States (\*)



(\*) The above chart does not include increase in the holdings in the Shore and Maryland power plants and the investment agreement in the renewable-energy area, which as at the approval date of the report had not yet been signed and/or completed.

In addition, the CPV Group has additional projects in the area of carbon capture potential with a scope about 5GW in initial development stages.

Israel



(\*\*) The early development does not include the Hadera 2 project, with a capacity of above-mentioned 850 megawatts, in light of the Government's decision to reject the plan, as stated in Section 10A below. In addition, the development backlog does not include the Ramat Beka 2 project, since as at the approval date of the report the win in tender had not yet occurred, as stated in Section 6 below.

That stated with respect to the development stages, capacities and expectations regarding construction of the development projects constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based on the Company's estimates at the date of the report and regarding which there is no certainty they will be realized. Ultimately, there could be changes in the characteristics of the projects and/or delays due to regulatory and/or operating factors and/or realization of one or more of the risk factors to which the Company is exposed, as stated in Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023. Advancement of the development projects is subject to the discretion of the Company's competent organs and existence (fulfillment) of additional conditions, as stated in Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.

## 2. Brief description of the areas of activity

The Company is a public company the securities of which are listed for trade on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange Ltd. (hereinafter - "the Stock Exchange").

For details regarding the Group's activity segments in the period of the report – see Part 2 of the Report of the Board of Directors that is included in the Periodic Report for 2023 ("Report of the Board of Directors for 2023") and Note 77 to the annual financial statements

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment

### 3.1 General

A. Macro-economic environment (particularly inflation and interest) – for details regarding the business environment and the macro-economic situation in which the Group companies operate, significant changes that occurred in 2022–2023 and the impact thereof on the Group's activities – see Section 3.1A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

In the first half of 2024, the interest rate in the U.S. remained unchanged. In addition, in the interest-rate decision made in July 2024 the interest rate once again remain unchanged at the level of 5.5%, where based on the estimates published by the U.S. Federal Reserve Bank during 2024, one rate reduction of 0.25% is expected. In Israel, in the January 2024 interest decision Bank of Israel decided to reduce the interest rate to 4.5% while in the other interest-rate decisions there was no change, where according to the forecasts published by Bank of Israel, the interest rate will gradually decline in 2024 and will stabilize in the second quarter of 2025 in the range of 4% to 4.25%.

Set forth below is data with reference to the currency exchange rate, Consumer Price Index (CPI) in Israel and in the U.S. the interest rates of Bank of Israel and the interest rates of the Fed in U.S.:

	2024	2023	Change
Dollar/shekel exchange rate*			
At the end of the prior year	3.627	3.519	3.1%
At June 30	3.759	3.700	1.6%
At March 31	3.681	3.615	1.8%
Average January – June	3.694	3.590	2.9%
Average April– June	3.725	3.649	2.1%

\* The dollar/shekel exchange rate shortly before the approval date of the report (on August 16, 2024, is 3.683.

	Israeli CPI	U.S. CPI	Bank of Israel interest rate	Federal interest rate
At August 14, 2024	114.2	314.5	4.5%	5.25%-5.50%
At June 30, 2024	113.4	314.1	4.5%	5.25%-5.50%
At March 31, 2024	111.6	310.3	4.5%	5.25%-5.50%
At December 31, 2023	111.3	307.1	4.75%	5.25%-5.50%
At June 30, 2023	110.3	304.1	4.75%	5.00%-5.25%
At March 31, 2023	108.9	300.84	4.25%	4.75%-5.00%
At December 31, 2022	107.7	297.7	3.25%	4.25%-4.50%
Change in the first half of 2024	1.9%	2.3%	(0.25)%	0%
Change in the first half of 2023	2.5%	2.1%	1.5%	0.75%
Change in the second quarter of 2024	1.6%	1.2%	0%	0%
Change in the second quarter of 2023	1.4%	1.1%	0.5%	0.25%

For details regarding credit linked to the CPI or to prime – see Section 9B of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023, and that stated in Note 7A(2) to the interim statements. For additional details regarding impacts of the changes in the macro-economic environment on the results of the Group's activities – see Section 11 of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

#### 3.1 General (Cont.)

B. <u>Domestic and geopolitical instability in the defense (security) situation in Israel</u> – 2023 was characterized by significant instability against the background of internal domestic events and geopolitical defense (security) matters as stated in the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023. As at the approval date of this report, the war that broke out on October 7, 2023 is still ongoing, including increased combat activities and defense (security) tension in additional areas. In this regard, it is noted that against the background of the War and the geo-political defense (security) instability, in April 2024, the State of Israel withstood an air strike of missiles from Iran. The war and the security situation led to impacts and restrictions on the Israeli economy that include, among other things and based on the actual situation, reduction of economic activities, a large call for military reserves duty (soldiers), limitations on gatherings in work places and public areas, restrictions on carrying on classes in the educational system, temporary closing of air traffic routs, etc. As at the approval date of the report, most of the said restrictions had been gradually relaxed, according to the security situation existing in the State and the relevant combat areas

In addition, as at the approval date of the report the War has had external (consequential) impacts including, among others, interruptions in the marine routes to Israel due to attacks on commercial and supply ships and a significant cutback of the activities of the foreign airline companies in Israel. These impacts could have an adverse impact on the arrival of equipment and foreign teams to Israel (including equipment and teams required for purposes of maintenance and construction of the Group's activity sites in Israel) and the time schedules for their arrival.

Furthermore, as at the approval date of the report the War could impact Israel's foreign relations which, in turn, could also impact the State's economic situation. The said events involve significant uncertainty and could impact the macro-economic environment, including a negative impact on the strength of the Israeli economy and the financial position of the State of Israel, including possible unfavorable changes in Israel's credit rating (as at the approval date of the report, certain rating companies reduced the credit rating of Israel) and of the Israeli institutions, particularly the Israeli banking system (as at the approval date of the report, certain rating companies reduced the credit rating of some of the Israeli banks), adversely affect investments in the Israeli economy and trigger a removal of money and investments from Israel, increase the costs of the financing sources in Israel, cause a weakening of the exchange rate of the shekel against the other currencies (particularly the dollar), harm the activities of the business sector and create instability in the Israeli capital market (including increased volatility, falling prices of traded securities, and limited liquidity and accessibility). Also, the possible impacts of the War, including events such as the Iranian attack, could impact the possibility of acquiring insurance policies covering war and terrorist risks to the Group's assets in Israel or a significant worsening of the terms of these policies. As at the approval date of the report, the Company had renewed the said insurance policies in Israel up to May 31, 2025. To the extent the above estimates materialize, wholly or partly, or in a case of a worsening of the security situation, this could negatively impact the Company's activities and the activities of the Company's customers and suppliers in Israel (including physical harm or curtailment of activities) and could also negatively impact the Company's activities and the availability and cost of the capital and financing sources that a

C. Global events and broad impacts on raw-material prices and the supply chain – for details – see Section 3.1C of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.2 Activities in Israel

D. Update of the electricity tariffs — on February 1, 2024, the annual update to the tariff for 2024 for electricity consumers of Israel Electric Company entered into effect. Pursuant to the decision, the generation component was updated to NIS 0.3007 per kilowat hour, a decrease of 1.1% compared with the generation component at the end of 2023 — this being mainly due to the surplus receipts expected from sale of the Eshkol power plant, which led to a reduction in the generation sector. In addition, as part of the said tariff update decision, it was noted that pursuant to the decision designation of the receipts from sale of Eshkol was determined — the surplus receipts from the sale will first be used to cover expenses incurred during the war, including costs of diesel oil, and only thereafter will the surplus receipts be used to cover non-recurring past expenses.

Set forth below is data regarding the annual weighted-average generation component (the prices are denominated in agurot per kilowatt hours):

Period	 2024	2023	Change
January–June average	30.12	30.66	(1.8)%
April–June average	30.07	30.39	(1.1)%

It is noted that the results of the Group's activities in Israel are materially impacted by changes in the electricity generation component tariff, in such a manner that an increase in the electricity generation component has a positive impact on the Group's result, and vice-versa.

- E. Supplementary arrangements and granting of a supply license to Rotem further to that stated in Section 3.2E of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023 regarding a proposed decision regarding the matter of supplementary arrangements and imposition of certain covenants on Rotem ("the Hearing"), on March 13, 2024 a decision of the Electricity Authority was announced further to the Hearing ("the Decision"). In general, the arrangements in the Decision are not significantly different than the arrangements included in the Hearing, which include, among other things, imposition of certain covenants on Rotem, including with respect to the matter of deviations from the consumption plans and the market model, along with provision of a supply license to Rotem, this being against the background of the intention of the Electricity Authority to consolidate in many respects the regulation applicable to Rotem with that of other bilateral electricity generators, and thus, to permit Rotem to operate in the energy market in a manner similar and equal to the said generators. The Decision entered into effect on July 1, 2024 and for the period covering Rotem's generation license. For additional details see Section 7.3.18.5 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.
- F. Decision regarding the matter of "smart meters" pursuant to the decision of the Electricity Authority, which entered into effect on July 1, 2024 with respect to virtual suppliers (which do not have means of generation) and will enter into effect on November 1, 2024 with respect to conventional suppliers (which have means of generation, such as the Company) it will be possible to assign household consumers with no smart meter to private transactions based on a normative consumption model of a household consumer. The Decision permits the Company to increase the diversity of its customers by means of selling electricity directly and/or indirectly to all households.

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

- 3.2 Activities in Israel (Cont.)
- G. Public call regarding bilateral market regulation for generation facilities in the transmission network on April 17, 2024, the Electricity Authority published a public call with respect to principles for a bilateral market regulation for generation facilities in the transmission network. Pursuant to the public call, the Electricity Authority is considering determination of a regulation whereby facilities for generation of renewable energy and storage facilities that are connected to the transmission network will be permitted to sell the electricity generated in bilateral transactions pursuant to a mechanism whereby the generator will sign a deal with a virtual supplier for sale of availability, which will convey the supplier a right to acquire energy from the network at the market price, in a capacity that will conform to the facility's technology through use of a "conformance coefficient", as detailed in the public call, in every year up to the amount of the capacity stated in the availability certificate it acquired from the generator, and the generator will commit to operate in accordance with the market model. In addition, the supplier and the generator will sign a financial hedging transaction covering the energy generated in the facility. According to the public call, in the first stage it will apply solely to generation facilities using renewable energy, including with integrated storage, and to independent storage facilities that are connected to the transmission network, provided that certain conditions specified in the public call have been met. It is noted that the Ramat Beka solar project that is being developed by the Company (including in connection with the additional win if realized), might operate under this regulation, to the extent it is actually advanced and subject to the final regulations that will be determined (if any).
- H. Additional information regarding the renewable energy activities in Israel as part of the Company's strategy to expand its activities in the generation and supply sector utilizing renewable sources in Israel, as stated in Section 7.9 of Part A of the Annual Report for 2023, the Company engages in and/or attempts to engage in transactions for acquisition of rights in renewable energy projects in Israel (particularly solar and/or storage) and/or acquisition of rights in lands designated for projects as stated, including as part of projects in the framework of joint ventures with holders of rights in projects or lands as stated.

As at the approval date of the report, there is no certainty regarding the scope of the Company's undertakings in transactions as stated and/or execution of projects as stated if they are advanced by the Company based on its said activities (the completion of which is subject to fulfillment of various conditions, including completion of development, planning, licensing and financing processes similar to projects of this type that are in the development stages).

For additional details regarding developments of the Group's activities in Israel - see Section 6 below.

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S.

## I. Electricity and natural gas prices

The results of the activities of the CPV Group are impacted to a significant extent by the electricity prices in effect in the areas in which the Group's power plants operate. The main factors impacting the electricity prices are demand for electricity, available generation capacity (supply) and the natural gas price in the area in which the power plant operates.

With respect to the area of "energy transition" activities, in general, the natural gas price is significant in determination of the price of the electricity in most of the regions in which the power plants of the CPV Group operate that are powered by natural gas. For the most part, in the existing production mix, over time, to the extent the natural-gas prices are higher, the marginal energy prices will also be higher, and will have a positive impact on the energy margins of the CPV Group due to the high efficiency of the power plants it owns compared with other power plants operating in the relevant activity markets (the impact could be different between the projects taking into account their characteristics and the area (region) in which they are located).

### Electricity prices

The following table summarizes the average electricity prices in each of the main regions in which the power plants in the area of energy transition activities of the CPV Group are active (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt hour)\*:

Region	For the Six Months Ended June 30			Th	For the aree Months Ended June 30	
(Power Plant)	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
PJM West (Shore, Maryland)	31.72	31.29	1%	30.83	29.47	5%
PJM AEP Dayton (Fairview)	29.10	30.04	(3)%	28.63	29.04	(1)%
New York Zone G (Valley)	34.43	34.57	0%	28.64	27.13	6%
Mass Hub (Towantic)	36.60	39.76	(8)%	29.28	29.07	1%
PJM ComEd (Three Rivers)	24.29	N/A	N/A	22.42	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> Based on Day-Ahead prices as published by the relevant ISO.

It is noted that the actual electricity prices of the power plants of the CPV Group could be higher or lower than the regional price shown in the above table due to the existence of a Power Basis (the difference between the power plant's specific electricity price and the regional price). The Power Basis is a function of transport pressures, local cost of electricity generation, local demand for electricity, losses in the transmission lines and additional factors. For details regarding the Power Basis data for 2021–2023 – see Section 3.3H to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

### I. <u>Electricity and natural gas prices</u> (Cont.)

The moderate changes in the electricity prices in the period of the report and in the second quarter compared with the corresponding periods last year stem mainly from relatively moderate changes the decline in the natural gas prices in the activity regions of the CPV Group (except with respect to the Maryland and Towantic power plants), as detailed below. In addition, the said electricity prices are impacted by supply and demand trends in the activity areas of the CPV Group: an increase in the demand for electricity in the transportation, real estate and industry sectors, and due to the increase in the demand for electricity in the data-center sector, as a result of the transition to "cloud" and growth in the Artificial Intelligence activities. At the same time, there was a decline in the available capacity as a result of closing of old, inefficient and polluting conventional power plants (mainly coal-powered power plants), on the one hand, and limited new supply of power plants due to a relatively slow entry rate of renewable energies and a lack of construction of new conventional power plants, on the other hand. For details regarding the EPA regulations relating to carbon emissions – see Section 3K(2), below.

### Natural gas prices

Set forth below are the average natural gas in each of the main markets in which the power plants of the CPV Group operate (the prices are denominated in dollars per MMBtu)\*:

Region	For the Six Months Ended June 30			Tì	For the aree Months Ended June 30	
(Power Plant)	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
Texas Eastern M-3 (Shore, Valley – 70%)	2.21	2.21	0%	1.53	1.50	2%
Transco Zone 5 North (Maryland)	2.94	2.67	10%	2.27	2.17	5%
Texas Eastern M-2 (Fairview)	1.72	1.82	(5)%	1.42	1.40	1%
Dominion South Pt (Valley – 30%)	1.66	1.82	(9)%	1.45	1.43	1%
Algonquin City Gate (Towantic)	2.97	3.57	(17)%	1.68	2.02	(17)%
Chicago City Gate (Three Rivers)	2.25	N/A	N/A	1.65	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> Source: The Day-Ahead prices at gas Midpoints as reported in Platt's Gas Daily. It is clarified that the actual gas prices of the power plants of the CPV Group could be significantly different.

In general, in the period of the report and in the second quarter of 2024, there were no significant changes in the natural gas prices compared with the corresponding periods last year. Regarding the Maryland power plant, which is located in the Transco Zone 5 region, which was more resilient with respect to the demand for natural gas in the period of the report, the natural gas prices increased compared with the corresponding period last year.

With respect to the Towantic power plant, the natural gas price remained at relatively low levels due to lower transport costs between Zone 2 Iroquois and the Algonquin City Gate Zone (the area in which the Towantic power plant operates) which strengthened the competition and created downward pressure on the price.

### Electricity margin in the operating markets of the CPV Group (Spark Spread)

Spark Spread is the difference between the price of the electricity in the relevant area (zone) and the price of the natural gas (used for generation of the electricity) in the relevant area (zone). The Spark Spread is calculated based on the following formula:

Spark Spread (\$/MWh) = price of the electricity (\$/MWh) - [the gas price (\$/MMBtu) x thermal conversion ratio (MMBtu/MWh)]

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

### I. <u>Electricity and natural gas prices</u> (Cont.)

Electricity margin in the operating markets of the CPV Group (Spark Spread) (Cont.)

Set forth below are the average Spark Spread margins for each of the main markets in the power plants of the CPV Group are operating (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt/hour)\*:

Region	;	For the Six Months Ended June 30		Tì	For the nree Months Ended June 30	
Power Plant <sup>3</sup>	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
Shore	16.47	16.04	3%	20.27	19.12	6%
Maryland	11.43	12.87	(11)%	15.17	14.50	5%
Valley	20.32	20.13	1%	18.25	16.92	8%
Towantic	17.30	16.56	4%	18.36	15.94	15%
Fairview	17.92	18.21	(2)%	19.40	19.94	(3)%
Three Rivers	9.67	N/A	N/A	11.70	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> Based on electricity prices as shown in the above table, with a discount for the thermal conversion ratio (heat rate) of 6.9 MMBtu/MWh for Maryland, Shore and Valley, and a thermal conversion ratio of 6.5 MMBtu/MWh for Three Rivers, Towantic and Fairview. It is clarified that the actual energy margins of the power plants of the CPV Group could be significantly different due to, among other things, the existence of Power Basis and a different breakdown in the scope of the electricity sold in the peak and off-peak hours in CPV's power plants and that shown above (which was calculated based on the assumption of generation in all the hours of the 24-hour period).

In the period of the report and in the second quarter of 2024, generally, there was no significant change in the electricity margins (Spark Spread) compared with the corresponding periods last year. Regarding the Maryland power plant, most the decline in the electricity margin in the period of the report stems from a challenging price environment in the first quarter of 2024, along with the increase in the natural-gas price and a moderate decline in the electricity price.

Regarding the Towantic power plant, most of the increase in the electricity margin in the period of the report and in the second quarter of 2024, stems from a decline in the natural-gas prices, as detailed above.

It is noted that the hedging plans of the electricity margins in the power plants of the CPV Group that are powered by natural gas is intended to reduce the fluctuations of the CPV Group's electricity margin resulting from changes in the natural gas and electricity prices in the energy market (for details regarding agreements hedging of the electricity margin of the CPV Group – see Section 4E below).

For details regarding a forecast of the EOX company of electricity and natural gas prices at the end of the second quarter of 2024 in the activity regions of the CPV Group up to the end of 2024 and for 2025–2026 – see Appendix A below.

For additional details regarding the energy margin of the CPV Group – see Section 4E below.

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

## J. Capacity revenues

Capacity is a component that is paid by regulatory bodies that manage demand and loads (system operators) for electricity generators, with respect to their ability to generate energy at the required times for purposes of reliability of the system. This revenue component is an additional component, separate and apart from the component based on the energy prices (which is paid in respect of sale of the electricity). Definition of the capacity component, as stated, including entitlement to revenue for seeing to availability of the electricity, including provisions regarding bonus or penalty payments, are governed by the tariffs determined by the FERC of every market. Accordingly, NY-ISO, PJM and ISO-NE publish mandatory public tenders for determination of the capacity tariffs. It is noted that, in the nature of things, an increase in the capacity prices favorably impacts CPV's results, and vice-versa. The extent of the impact on the overall results changes as a function of the energy margins, which is the most significant component of the gross profit (margin for generation of the electricity and the sale thereof) – this being taking into account that the weight of the capacity component is usually lower than the weight of the energy margin component.

### PJM market

In the PJM market, the capacity payments vary between the market's sub-regions, as a function of local supply and demand and transmission capabilities.

Set forth below are the capacity tariffs in the sub-regions that are relevant to the CPV Group's power plants and in the general market (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt per day). It can be seen in the following table that in prior years, generally, the capacity prices have declined from period to period up to a significant reversal in the trend in the last tender for the period from July 2025 through June 2026.

Sub-Region	CPV Plants <sup>4</sup>	2025/2026	2024/2025	2023/2024	2022/2023
РЈМ RTO		269.92	28.92	34.13	50
PJM COMED	Three Rivers	269.92	28.92	34.13	-
РЈМ МААС	Fairview, Maryland, Maple Hill	269.92	49.49	49.49	95.79
РЈМ ЕМААС	Shore	269.92	54.95	49.49	97.86

Source: PJM

<sup>4</sup> The Three Rivers power plant, which commenced commercial operation in July 2023, is entitled to capacity payments, from this date.

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

### J. <u>Capacity revenues</u> (Cont.)

Results of availability tender in the PJM market for the period from July 2025 through June 2026

In July 2024, PJM published the results of tenders on availability prices for the period from July 2025 through June 2026 – this being after in October 2023, PJM submitted to FERC changes in the format for the availability (capacity) market that entered into effect commencing from the present tender (at this stage for a one-year period starting from the middle of 2025). The changes include, among others, adjustments to the scope of availability permitted to be sold, examination requirements for generators and adjustment of planning parameters with an increase in the weight of the winter reliability risk parameter.

The significant increase in the availability tariff in the tender, as shown in the above table, relates to, among other things, the forecast of an increase in demand, an increase in the reserves required and a decline in the total supply as a result of demands and a change in the manner of calculating capacities and load capability of the generation sources by PJM. The change in the manner of calculating availability capacities of the power plants caused a decrease in the availability capacities for sale in most of the power plants operating in the PJM market. The impact of the said change on the power plants of the CPV Group operating in the energy transition area is a decline in the availability capacity provided for sale from about 96% to about 79%. In the estimation of the CPV Group as at the date of the report, the addition to its revenues from availability from all its power plants in the PJM market as at the date of the report, without taking into account the increase in the rates of holdings in the Shore and Maryland power plants, if completed (for details – see Section 10C below), is expected to amount to about \$54 million for the period from July 2024 through June 2025. The next availability tenders for the period from July 2026 through June 2027 are planned to be held in December 2024.

That stated in this Section regarding the estimate of the CPV Group constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized. Ultimately, the revenues of the CPV Group from availability could be different (even significantly) as a result of, among other things, regulatory changes (including appeal processes or other processes in the PJM market or as part of other municipal authorities), operating factors, changes in the business environment and/or the occurrence of one or more of the risk factors to which the CPV Group is exposed.

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

## 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

## J. <u>Capacity revenues</u> (Cont.)

### NYISO market

Similar to the PJM market, in the NYISO market capacity payments are made in the framework of a central mechanism for acquisition of capacity. In the NYISO market, there are a number of submarkets, wherein there could be various capacity demands as a function of local supply and demand and transmission capability. NYISO makes seasonal tenders in every spring for the upcoming summer (the months of May through October) and in the fall for the upcoming winter (the months of November through April). In addition, there are supplemental monthly tenders for the balance of the capacity not sold in the seasonal tenders. The power plants are permitted to assure the capacity tariffs in the seasonal tender, the monthly tender or through bilateral sales.

Set forth below are the capacity prices determined in the seasonal tenders in NYISO market, the capacity prices rose compared with prior periods – this being mainly due to exit from the system of power plants and an anticipated increase in demand (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt per day):

Sub-Area	CPV Plants	Summer 2024	Winter 2023/2024	Summer 2023
NYISO Rest of the Market	-	168.91	127.25	153.26
Lower Hudson Valley	Valley	168.91	128.90	164.35

Source: NYISO - the Company's processing in order to convert from dollars for kilowatt per month to dollars for megawatt per day.

It is noted that the Valley power plant is located in Area G (Lower Hudson Valley) and the actual capacity prices for the Valley power plants are impacted by the seasonal tenders, the monthly tenders and the SPOT prices, with variable capacity prices every month, as well as bilateral agreements with energy suppliers in the market.

#### 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)

### 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)

### J. <u>Capacity revenues</u> (Cont.)

#### ISO-NE market

The Towantic power plant, which operates in this market, participated for the first time in a capacity tender for 2018–2019 at a price of \$313.97 MW/day and determination of the tariff for seven years in respect of 725 megawatts linked to the Handy Whtiman Price Index, which will apply up to May 2025.

Similar to the PJM market, in the ISO-NE market capacity payments are made as part of a central mechanism for acquisition of capacity. In the ISO-NE market, there are a number of submarkets, in which there should be capacity requirements that differ as a function of local supply and demand and transport capacity. ISO-NE executes forward tenders for a period of one year, commencing from June 1, three years from the year of the tender. In addition, there are supplementary monthly and annual tenders for the balance of the capacity not sold in the forward tenders. The power plants are permitted to guarantee the capacity payments in the forward tenders, the supplementary tenders or through bilateral sales.

Set forth below are the capacity payments determined in the sub-regions that are relevant to the Towantic power plant (the prices are denominated in dollars per megawatt per day):

Sub-Region	CPV Power Plants	2027/2028	2026/2027	2025/2026
ISO-NE Rest of the Market	Towantic	117.70	85.15	85.15

Source: NE-ISO - the Company's processing in order to convert from dollars for kilowatt per month to dollars for megawatt per day.

It is noted that the actual availability prices for the Towantic power plant are impacted by forward tenders, supplementary annual tenders, monthly tenders with capacity prices that change every month and bilaterial agreements with energy suppliers in the market.

#### K. Additional information regarding the activities in the U.S.

1. Further to that stated in Section 17.1 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, as part of the activities of the CPV Group to strengthen its position as a significant player in the energy transition area through, among other things, holding and managing effective and reliable conventional means (natural gas), which will support the rising demand for electricity in the U.S., the CPV Group is examining business possibilities/opportunities with respect to increasing its holdings in certain of the power plants it holds, subject to formulation of appropriate terms with the other holders in the said power plants. For details regarding undertakings of the CPV Group signed in July 2024 for acquisition of additional rights in the Shore and Maryland power plants – see Section 10C below. As at the date of the report, there is no certainty that these activities and/or additional similar activities will be executed and/or will come to fruition.

- 3. Main Developments in the Business Environment (Cont.)
  - 3.3 Activities in the U.S. (Cont.)
  - K. Additional information regarding the activities in the U.S. (Cont.)
    - 2. Further to that stated in Section 8.1.4 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, in April 2024 the U.S. EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) published final emissions' regulations in the framework of the Clean Air Act. Pursuant to the new rules, up to January 1, 2032, a reduction of emissions will be required at a carbon-capture rate of 90% for coal-fired generation facilities that are expected to operate after 2039 and new baseload natural gas-fired power plants (that were not under construction as at May 2023). Less stringent requirements were provided for, among other things, existing coal-fired generation facilities that integrate natural-gas fired generation that are expected to discontinue their operations prior to 2039. For new gas turbines, the regulations require that full baseload (as defined) generation through use of natural gas combustion will be executed with maximum utilization of efficient technologies in order to limit emissions to no more than 800 lbs. CO2/MWh-gross until January 1, 2032 and thereafter a reduction to 100 lbs. CO2/MWh-gross via 90% carbon capture or co-firing with hydrogen. Efficiency requirements and reduced emission restrictions were provided with respect to gas turbines that generate at a partial baseload or a low baseload. The various states have two years to develop compliance plans for the existing coal plants but compliance for new natural gas plants (the construction of which started after 2023) is immediate. In July 2024, the U.S. Appeals Court rejected a request for an injunctive order filed by several state Attorneys General with respect to the new regulations, which is intended to stay their

The development portfolio of the CPV Group, which includes wind energy and solar projects, with a scope of more than 4.6 gigawatts, and natural gas projects with carbon capture potential with a scope of about 6.3 gigawatts, is expected to benefit from a significant tailwind due the regulation, to the extent it is implemented in the manner it was published (or at all). In addition, in the estimation of the CPV Group its active natural-gas powered power plants are expected to have a significant competitive advantage under the said regulation in light of their high level of efficiency along with entry barriers that are expected to be created in the market for construction of new natural-gas powered power plants.

As at the approval date of the report, there is no certainty regarding the actual impacts of the said new regulation on the market and on the CPV Group, and the matter depends on, among other things, the policies and the manner of implementation of the rules (in whole or in part) by the relevant electricity authorities and entities, as they will be from time to time, and/or on legal proceedings in connection therewith.

For additional details regarding developments of the Group's activities in the U.S. – see Section 6.

## 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS)

The Group's activities in Israel and the United States are subject to seasonal fluctuations.

In Israel, the TAOZ tariffs are supervised (controlled) and published by the Electricity Authority. Generally, the electricity tariffs in Israel in the summer and the winter are higher than those in the transition seasons. It is noted that acquisition of the gas, which constitutes the main cost in this activity area, is not impacted by seasonality of the TAOZ (or the demand hours' brackets).

In the United States, the electricity tariffs are not supervised (controlled) and are impacted by the demand for electricity, which is generally high in periods in which the weather is cold or hot compared with the average (generally in the summer and the winter seasons) and they are materially impacted by the natural gas prices, which are usually higher in the winter compared with the annual average and depending on the weather. In addition, in connection with renewable energy projects, in wind projects the wind speeds tend to be higher in the winter and lower in the summer, whereas in solar projects the radiation from the sun tends to be higher in the spring and summer months and lower in the fall and winter months.

### 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

## A. <u>Statement of income</u><sup>6</sup>

Section	For the Six Months Ended June 30		
Section	2024	2023	
		2023	
Revenues from sales and provision of services (1)	1,311	1,120	
Cost of sales and provision of services (without depreciation and amortization) (2)	(911)	(834)	
Depreciation and amortization	(155)	(110)	
Gross profit	245	176	
Administrative and general expenses	(119)	(117)	
Share in earnings of associated companies	86	100	
Business development expenses	(22)	(30)	
Compensation for lost revenues	26	-	
Other expenses, net	(52)	(5)	
Operating income	164	124	
Financing expenses, net	(149)	(73)	
Income before taxes on income	15	51	
Taxes on income expenses	(27)	(12)	
Net income (loss) for the period	(12)	39	
Adjustments	8	27	
Adjusted net income (loss) for the period <sup>7</sup>	(4)	66	
Attributable to:			
The Company's shareholders	7	58	
Holders of non-controlling interests	(11)	8	

The results of the associated companies in the U.S. (mainly in the Energy Transition segment) are presented in the category "Company's share in earnings of associated companies".

Adjusted net income or loss – net income or loss in accordance with IFRS plus or minus the adjustments detailed in Section G below. It is emphasized that "adjusted income or loss" as stated in this report is not a recognized data item that is recognized under IFRS or under any other set of generally accepted accounting principles as an index for measuring financial performance and should not be considered as a substitute for income or loss or other terms provided in accordance with IFRS. It is possible that the Company's definitions of "adjusted income or loss" are different than those used by other companies. Nonetheless, the Company believes that the "adjusted income or loss" provides information that is useful to management and investors by means of eliminating certain line items (categories) that do not constitute an indication of the Company's ongoing business activities.

- $4. \qquad \text{Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.) } \\$ 
  - A. <u>Statement of income</u> (Cont.)
    - (1) Changes in revenues:

Revenues	Revenues For the Six		Board's Explanations		
	Months En- June 30				
	2024	2023			
Revenues in Israel					
Revenues from sale of energy to private customers	605	624			
Revenues from sale of energy to the System Operator and to other suppliers	96	45	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 64 million, stems from the commercial operation of Zomet at the end of the second quarter of 2023.		
Revenues in respect of capacity payments	88	=	Most of the increase stems from the commercial operation of Zomet at the end of the second quarter of 2023.		
Revenues from sale of energy at cogeneration tariff	25	20			
Revenues from sale of steam	30	31			
Other revenues	23	43	Most of the decline derives from sales of electricity recognized in the corresponding period last year, in the amount of about NIS 26 million, from the Zomet power plant prior to the commercial operation at the end of June 2023.		
Total revenues from sale of energy and others in Israel (without	867	763			
infrastructure services)					
Revenues from private customers in respect of infrastructure services	207	235			
Total revenues in Israel	1,074	998			
Revenues in the U.S.					
Revenues from sale of electricity from renewable energy	125	60	The increase derives mainly from the first-time consolidation of the Mountain Wind project starting from the second quarter of 2023 and the commercial operation of the Maple Hill and Stagecoach projects starting from the fourth quarter of 2023 and the second quarter of 2024, respectively.		
Revenues from provision of services (as part of the other segment) and other revenues	112	62	The increase stems mainly from an increase in the scope of sale of electricity from renewable sources (retail) to commercial customers.		
Total revenues in the U.S.	237	122			
Total revenues	1,311	1,120			
	20				

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - A. <u>Statement of income</u> (Cont.)
    - (2) Changes in the cost of sales and provision of services (not including depreciation and amortization):

Cost of Sales and Provision of Services	For the Six Months Ended June 30		Board's Explanations
	2024	2023	
Cost of sales in Israel			
Natural gas and diesel oil	331	286	The increase stems mainly from the first-time consolidation of Gat starting from the second quarter of 2023 and the commercial operation of Zomet starting from the end of the second quarter of 2023, in the aggregate amount of about NIS 72 million, and an increase in the natural gas tariff as a result of an increase in the shekel/dollar exchange rate, in the amount of about NIS 8 million. In addition, there was an increase of about NIS 18 million, as described in Note 28C(3) to the annual financial statements. On the other hand, there was a decrease of about NIS 27 million, deriving from a decrease in the quantity of the gas consumed against the background of maintenance work at the Rotem power plant in the first quarter of 2024 and a decrease, in the amount of about NIS 29 million, due to entry of the Energean agreement into effect commencing from the second quarter of 2023, and a decrease in the gas tariff deriving from a decline in the generation tariff.
Expenses in respect of acquisition of energy	117	126	
Cost of transmission of gas	28	16	The increase stems mainly from the first-time consolidation of Gat, starting from the second quarter of 2023 and the commercial operation of Zomet starting from the end of the second quarter of 2023.
Salaries and related expenses	21	14	•
Operating expenses	57	30	The increase stems mainly from the first-time consolidation of Gat commencing from the second quarter of 2023 and the commercial operation of Zomet starting from the end second quarter of 2023.
Other expenses	18	56	Most of the decrease stems from the fact that in the corresponding period last year, pre-commercial operation natural gas and other expenses were recorded in the Zomet power plant at the end of June 2023.
Total cost of sales in Israel without infrastructure services	572	528	
Expenses in respect of infrastructure services	207	235	
Total cost of sales in Israel	<b>779</b> 21	763	

## $Analysis \ of \ the \ results \ of \ operations \ for \ the \ Six \ Months \ Ended \ June \ 30, 2024 \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS) \ (Cont.)$

## A. <u>Statement of income</u> (Cont.)

(2) Changes in the cost of sales and provision of services (not including depreciation and amortization): (Cont.)

42	20 The increase stems mainly from the commercial operation of the Maple Hill and
	Stagecoach projects and the first-time consolidation of the Mountain Wind
	project.
90	51 The increase stems mainly from an increase in the scope of sale of electricity
	from renewable sources (retail) to commercial customers.
132	71
911	834
22	
	90 132 911

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - B. EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt

For details regarding "EBITDA indices", "EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation", "FFO" and "net cash flows after service of the project debt" – see Section 4B to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

The said indices are not recognized in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as indices for measurement of financial performances and are not intended to be considered a replacement for gross profit or loss and operating income, cash flows from operation activities or other terms relating to operating performances or liquidity indices in accordance with IFRS.

For the

 $\underline{EBITDA\ calculations, including\ adjusted\ EBITDA\ after\ proportionate\ consolidation\ (in\ millions\ of\ NIS):}$ 

	Six Months June	
	2024	2023
Revenues from sales and provision of services	1,311	1,120
Cost of sales (without depreciation and amortization)	(911)	(834)
Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and amortization)	(112)	(110)
Business development expenses	(22)	(30)
Share in income of associated companies	86	100
Compensation for lost revenues	26	-
Consolidated EBITDA	378	246
Elimination of the share in income of associated companies	(86)	(100)
Addition of the share of Group in proportionate EBITDA of associated companies (1)	281	254
EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	573	400
Adjustments for consolidated companies (see detail in Section G below)	_	18
Adjustments for associated companies (see detail in Section G below) (1)	10	16
Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	583	434

- Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
    - $(1) \quad \text{Calculation of the Group's share in the proportionate EBITDA of associated companies (} \underline{\text{in millions of NIS}}\text{)}\text{:}$

For the six months ended June 30, 2024	Fairview	Towantic	Maryland	Shore*	Valley	Three Rivers	Total
Revenues from sales of energy	102	93	67	76	168	26	532
Cost of natural gas	47	46	36	43	69	18	259
Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)**	-	16	11	22	35	-	84
Cost of sales - other expenses							
(without depreciation and							
amortization)	1	2	3	3	3	1	13
Gain on realization of transactions							
hedging the electricity margins	15	3	8	8	39	11	84
Net energy margin	69	32	25	16	100	18 2	260
Revenues from capacity payments	8	56	6	9	29		110
Other income	2 <b>79</b>	92	3 <b>34</b>	28	1 130	1 <b>21</b>	14 384
Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation	19	92	34	28	130	21	384
and amortization)	5	10	9	15	34	6	79
Administrative and general expenses	,	10	,	13	J <del>4</del>	U	17
(without depreciation and							
amortization)	2	2	2	3	4	1	14
Group's share in proportionate	<u>=</u>		-	5	·	•	
adjusted EBITDA of associated							
companies	72	80	23	10	92	14	291
For the six months ended June 30, 2023	Fairview	Towantic	Maryland	Shore*	Valley	Three Rivers	Total
30, 2023	Fairview	Towantic 95	Maryland 72	Shore*	Valley 124		
30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy	107	95	72	53	124		451
30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas	107 50	95 58	72 40	53 32	124 56		451 236
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and	107 50	95 58 12	72 40	53 32 9	124 56 18		451 236 49
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization)	107 50	95 58	72 40	53 32	124 56		451 236
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions	107 50 -	95 58 12	72 40 10	53 32 9	124 56 18		451 236 49
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins	107 50 - 1 24	95 58 12 2 (2)	72 40 10 4	53 32 9	124 56 18 3		451 236 49 13
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin	107 50 - 1 24 80	95 58 12 2 (2) 21	72 40 10 4 3 21	53 32 9	124 56 18 3 52		451 236 49 13 78 231
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments	107 50 - 1 24 80 15	95 58 12 2 (2) 21 49	72 40 10 4 3 21 10	53 32 9 3 1 10 16	124 56 18 3 52 99 25		451 236 49 13 78 231
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income	107 50 - 1 24 80 115 2	95 58 12 2 (2) 21 49 4	72 40 10 4 3 21 10 2	53 32 9 3 1 10 16 2	124 56 18 3 52 99 25		451 236 49 13 78 231 115
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit	107 50 - 1 24 80 15	95 58 12 2 (2) 21 49	72 40 10 4 3 21 10	53 32 9 3 1 10 16	124 56 18 3 52 99 25		451 236 49 13 78 231
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation	107 50 - 1 24 80 15 2	95 58 12 2 (2) 21 49 4 74	72 40 10 4 3 21 10 2 33	53 32 9 3 1 10 16 2 28	124 56 18 3 52 99 25 1		451 236 49 13 78 231 115 11 357
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization)	107 50 - 1 24 80 115 2	95 58 12 2 (2) 21 49 4	72 40 10 4 3 21 10 2	53 32 9 3 1 10 16 2	124 56 18 3 52 99 25		451 236 49 13 78 231 115
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses	107 50 - 1 24 80 15 2	95 58 12 2 (2) 21 49 4 74	72 40 10 4 3 21 10 2 33	53 32 9 3 1 10 16 2 28	124 56 18 3 52 99 25 1		451 236 49 13 78 231 115 11 357
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and	107 50 - 1 24 80 15 2 97	95 58 12 2 (2) 21 49 4 74	72 40 10 4 3 21 10 2 33	53 32 9 3 1 10 16 2 2 28	124 56 18 3 52 99 25 1		451 236 49 13 78 231 115 11 357
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and amortization)	107 50 - 1 24 80 15 2	95 58 12 2 (2) 21 49 4 74	72 40 10 4 3 21 10 2 33	53 32 9 3 1 10 16 2 28	124 56 18 3 52 99 25 1 125		451 236 49 13 78 231 115 11 357
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and	107 50 - 1 24 80 15 2 97	95 58 12 2 (2) 21 49 4 74	72 40 10 4 3 21 10 2 33	53 32 9 3 1 10 16 2 2 28	124 56 18 3 52 99 25 1 125		451 236 49 13 78 231 115 11 357

At the Shore power plant - gas transport costs (totaling in the first quarter of 2024 and 2023 about NIS 11 million) that are classified in accordance with IFRS 16 as depreciation expenses and, accordingly, are not included in

It is noted that as at the approval date of the report, in Pennsylvania RGGI is not imposed. For details regarding a legal proceeding underway regarding the matter and possible implications of imposition of RGGI on costs of the Fairview power plant and the electricity prices throughout the PJM – see Section 8.1.5B of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023. In the period of the report, there was an increase of 48% in the average RGGI tariff compared with the corresponding period last year.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - B. EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
    - (2) Set forth below is a breakdown of the adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation data broken down by the subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) and the associated companies (on a proportionate basis, based on the rate of the holdings of the CPV Group therein) (in NIS millions):

	Basis of	For the Six months e June 30, 20		For the Six months ended June 30, 2023	
	presentation in the Company's financial statements	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	FFO	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	FFO
Total operating projects and					
accompanying business activities* **	Consolidated	299	231	224	183
Business development costs,					
headquarters in Israel	Consolidated	(13)	(13)	(14)	(14)
Total Israel		286	218	210	169
Total operating projects*	Associated	291	175	270	190
Other costs	Consolidated	(3)	(9)	(2)	(3)
Total energy transition in the U.S.		288	166	268	187
Total operating projects*	Consolidated	77	58	36	41
Business development and other costs	Consolidated	(14)	(29)	(17)	(21)
Total renewable energy in the U.S.		63	29	19	20
Total activities as part of the "others"					
segment	Consolidated	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Headquarters in the United States <sup>8</sup>	Consolidated	(43)	(48)	(47)	(48)
Total United States		305	144	237	156
Company headquarters (not allocated					
to the segments)	Consolidated	(8)	(55)	(13)	(47)
Total consolidated		583	307	434	278

<sup>\*</sup> See Section 3 below.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The accompanying business activities in Israel include mainly virtual supply activities through OPC Israel, sale of electricity from facilities for generation of energy on the customer's premises through OPC Power Plants and commerce in natural gas, including with third parties through OPC Natural Gas.

After elimination of management fees between the CPV Group and the Company, in the amounts of about NIS 15 million and about NIS 13 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024

### Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

- EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
  - (3) Set forth below is additional information regarding the revenues, net (in Israel net of infrastructure services and in the U.S. revenues from sale of energy, availability and other), adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt of the Group's active power plants broken down by activity segments and subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) and the associated companies (on a proportionate basis, based on the rate of the holdings of the CPV Group therein) (in NIS millions):

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

	-		For the Six Months En	ded June 30, 2024			For the Six Months Ei	nded June 30, 2023	
Main projects in operation	Basis of presentation in the Company's financial statements	Net revenues	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consol- idation	FFO	Net cash flows after service of project debt	Net revenues	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consol- idation	FFO	Net cash flows after service of project debt
Rotem <sup>9</sup>	Consolidated	417	147	114	114	428	174	149	149
Hadera <sup>10</sup>	Consolidated	153	38	15	(33)	148	42	24	3
Zomet <sup>11, 12</sup>	Consolidated	153	87	65	48	4	2		_
Gat <sup>11</sup>	Consolidated	68	28	9	7	37	10	(1)	(1)
Accompanying		-						(-)	(-)
business activities	Consolidated	53	(1)	28	28	103	(4)	11	11
Total operating projects in Israel and accompanying									
business activities		844	299	231	164	720	224	183	162
Fairview	Associated (25%)	112	72	63	27	124	90	88	8
Towantic	Associated (26%)	153	80	66	10	148	63	38	(30)
Maryland <sup>13</sup>	Associated (25%)	76	23	(5)	(2)	84	22	8	5
Shore <sup>14</sup>	Associated (37.5%)	88	10	(5)	(5)	71	10	(9)	(9)
Valley	Associated (50%)	198	92	50	11	150	85	65	11
Three Rivers <sup>11</sup>	Associated (10%)	29	14	6	9	-	-	-	-
Total energy transition in the U.S. <sup>15</sup>		656	291	175	50	577	270	190	(15)
Keenan	Consolidated	48	31	28	1	43	27	27	3
Mountain Wind <sup>11</sup>	Consolidated	40	22	16	7	17	9	14	11
Maple Hill <sup>11</sup>	Consolidated	23	18	10	10	-	-	_	-
Stagecoach <sup>16</sup>	Consolidated	14	6	4	4	_	_	_	_
Total renewable energy in the U.S.		125	77	58	22	60	36	41	14

Not including a deduction of repayment of loans to shareholders of Rotem before the Veridis transaction and payments of intercompany taxes in the consolidated tax reconciliation statement. In the first quarter of 2024, planned maintenance was performed at the Rotem power plant. For details – see Section 4C(2) of the report.

<sup>10</sup> In the period of the report, the net cash flows after service of the Hadera project debt includes early repayment of the long-term loans, in the amount of about NIS 25 million, further to receipt of compensation from the construction contractor at the end of 2023, as detailed in Note 28A(4) to the annual financial statements.

<sup>11</sup> The financial results of the projects were included starting from the initial consolidation or the commercial operation dates, as applicable, which occurred in 2023. For details regarding the capacity tariffs in the Zomet power plant, particularly in 2023, see Section 7.13 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.

<sup>12</sup> In the first quarter of 2024, the financial results of the Zomet power plant include compensation, in the amount of about NIS 26 million, in respect of lost revenues caused due to delay in the commercial operation date. For additional details - see Note 8A(3) to the interim statements.

The FFO in the period of the report includes a payment for upgrading of the facilities at the Maryland power plant, in the amount of about NIS 8 million.

<sup>15</sup> 

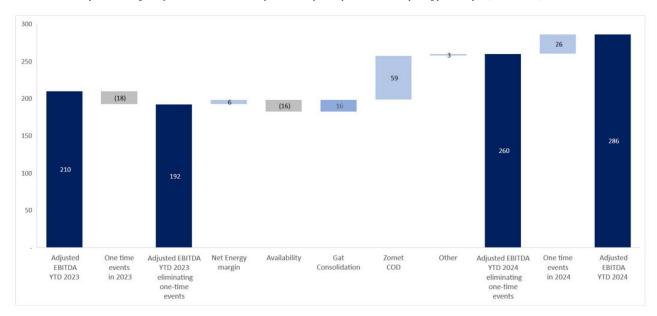
The FFO in the first quarter of 2023 includes a payment, in the amount of about NIS 9 million, in respect of significant planned maintenance work performed.

It is noted that the financing agreements of the CPV Group including mechanisms of the "cash sweep" type in the framework of which all or part of the free cash flows from the project is designated for repayment of the loan principal on a current basis in addition to the predetermined minimum repayment schedule with respect to every long-term loan. Accordingly, there could be an acceleration of execution of repayments upon occurrence of certain events and there are limitations on distributions to the owners.

The financial results of the Stagecoach project Maple Hill were included starting from the commercial operation date, in the second quarter of 2024.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - C. Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA Israel segment

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA in Israel in the period of the report compared with the corresponding period last year (in NIS millions):



- 1. Energy margin the increase stems mainly from a decrease in the natural gas prices, in the amount of about NIS 23 million, as a result of the entry into effect of the Energean agreement commencing from the end of the first quarter of 2023. On the other hand, there was a decrease of about NIS 10 million as a result of a decline in customer consumption and a drop in the generation tariff along with an increase in the natural gas price due to the strengthening of the dollar against the shekel, in the amount of about NIS 8 million.
- 2. Availability (operational) as stated in Section 7.11.1 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, in the period of the report, the Rotem and Hadera power plants were shut down for various time periods for purposes of maintenance work, which had a negative impact on their results in the period of the report, including compared with the corresponding period last year.

The activities of the Rotem power plant were suspended in March 2024 for purposes of planned maintenance work, which lasted for 17 days and activities of the Hadera power plant were partially suspended in the second quarter of 2024.

It is noted that during above-mentioned maintenance, sale of electricity to customers continued, and the companies purchased electricity from the System Operator in order to supply the full demand of their customers during the shutdown.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - C. Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA Israel segment (Cont.)
    - 3. Commercial operation of Zomet and acquisition of Gat in the period of the report, planned maintenance was performed a number of times at the Zomet power plant which had a negative impact on the power plant's availability (for details see Section 4H) and on its results accordingly. It is noted that maintenance in a similar format in Zomet is planned for the second half of 2024.

It is further noted that as at the approval date of the report the Gat power plant is undergoing unplanned maintenance due to a breakdown that caused a shutdown of the plant's activities. As at the approval date of the report, the Company estimates that subject to completion of the maintenance as planned the said maintenance is expected to continue for about two months and is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's activities <sup>17</sup>.

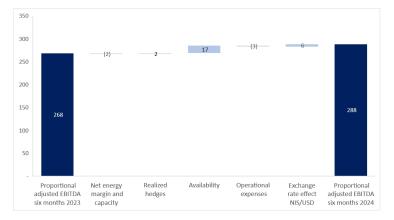
4. One-time events – for details regarding events in the first quarter of 2023 – see Note 28C(3) to the annual financial statements.

In addition, in the first quarter of 2024, an amendment to the agreement was signed with Zomet's construction contractor, in the framework of which the construction contractor paid Zomet compensation, in the amount of about NIS 26 million (about \$7 million) in respect of a loss of revenues caused to Zomet due to delay in the commercial operation date of the power plant. For additional details – see Note 8A(3) to the interim financial statements.

That stated with respect to the Company's estimate regarding completion of the maintenance work, the date thereof and its impact on the Group's results constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized. Ultimately, delays in completion of the maintenance and return of the power plant to operation could be caused, this being due to, among other things, various factors, such as, impacts of the defense (security) situation in Israel (including in connection with movement and arrival of equipment and teams and execution of maintenance activities), breakdowns in performance of the maintenance, operational failures and/or other factors that are not under the Company's control.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - D. Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation energy transition segment in the U.S.

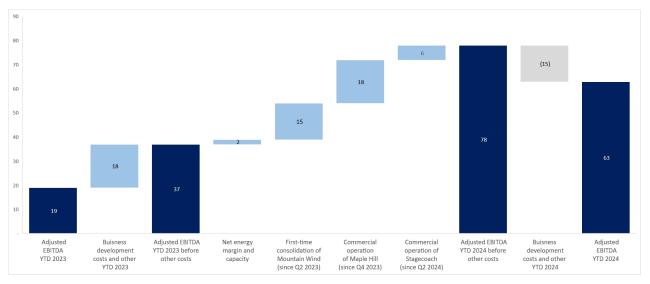
Set forth below is an analysis of the change in the adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation in the energy transition segment. in the period of the report compared with the corresponding period last year (in millions of NIS):



Capacity (operational) - most of the increase stems from planned maintenance that was performed in the Valley power plant in the corresponding period last year.

#### Renewable energy segment

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in the adjusted EBITDA from activities in the renewable energy segment in the period of the report compared with the corresponding period last year (in millions of NIS):



- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - E. Additional details regarding electricity hedges and guaranteed capacity payments in the Energy Transition segment in the U.S.

As part of its policy for management of the exposures, the CPV Group is in the practice, from time to time, of entering into hedging agreements, which reduce the fluctuations in the electricity margins. In addition, the capacity revenues for the nominal capacity of the power plants running on natural gas are determined for certain future periods, as detailed in Section 3.3J above.

Set forth below is the scope of the hedging for the rest of 2024 and for 2025 as at the date of the report (the data presented in the tables below is on the basis of the rate of holdings of the CPV Group in the associated companies)<sup>18</sup>.

	July – December 2024	2025
Expected generation (MWh)	4,874,165	8,749,837
Net scope of the hedged energy margin (% of the expected generation of the power plants) (*)	60%	44%
Net hedged energy margin (millions of \$)	≈ 43.5 (≈ NIS 161 million)	≈ 70.7 (≈ NIS 261 million)
Net hedged energy margin (MWh/\$)	14.95	18.49
Net market prices of energy margin (MWh/\$) (**)	20.50	22.37

- (\*) Pursuant to the policy for hedging electricity margins as at the date of the report, in general the CPV Group seeks to hedge up to 50% of the scope of the expected generation. The actual hedge rate could ultimately be different.
- (\*\*) The net energy margin is the energy margin (Spark Spread) plus/minus Power Basis less carbon tax and other variable costs. For details regarding the manner of calculation of the electricity margin (Spark Spread) see Section 3.3I above. The market prices of energy margin are based on future contracts for electricity and natural gas.

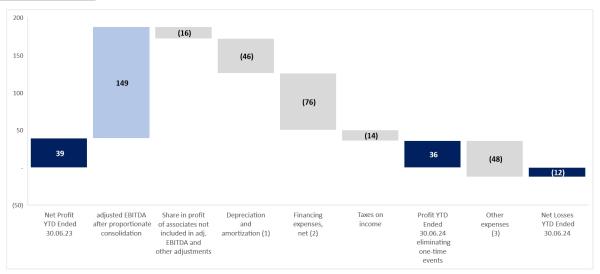
Set forth below is the scope of the secured capacity revenues for the rest of 2024 and for 2025 as at the date of the report:

	July – December 2024	2025
Scope of the secured capacity revenues (% of the power plant's capacity)	90%	46%
Capacity receipts (millions of \$)	≈ 30.5 (≈ NIS 113 million)	≈ 27.2 (≈ NIS 101 million)

It is noted that as at the approval date of the report, and as a result of publication of the results of the availability tender in the PJM market (for details – see Section 3.3J above), the amount of the availability revenues for 2025 was assured at the rate of 77% with guaranteed availability revenues of about \$65.8 million (about NIS 243 million).

<sup>18</sup> The estimated percentages and the actual hedged energy margins could change due to new hedges and/or sales of capacity made or as a result of changes in market conditions or the hedging policy of the CPV Group.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - F. Analysis of the change in net income (in millions of NIS)



- (1) Most of the increase stems from depreciation expenses of the Zomet power plant (about NIS 22 million) and Maple Hill (about NIS 9 million) that were commercially operated at the end of the second and fourth quarters of 2023, respectively, and the Mountain Wind power plant (about NIS 8 million), which was consolidated for the first time in the second quarter of 2023.
- (2) Most of the increase stems from financing expenses relating to the Zomet power plant, in the amount of about NIS 41 million, the Gat power plant, in the amount of about NIS 7 million, the Mountain Wind power plant, in the amount of about NIS 5 million, and financing expenses that were recorded in the statement of income in respect of the financing framework of a renewable energy projects in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 14 million.
- (3) An increase in other expenses in the first quarter of 2024, in the amount of about NIS 21 million, stems from an impairment of value of Gnrgy. For additional details regarding an agreement for sale of Gnrgy shares see Note 6B to the interim statements. In addition, there was an increase, in the amount of about NIS 31 million, stemming from a loss from impairment of value of Hadera 2 due to the government's decision to reject the plan for additional details see Note 10F to the interim financial statements.

- $4. \qquad \text{Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.) } \\$ 
  - $G. \qquad \underline{Adjustments\ to\ EBITDA\ after\ proportionate\ consolidation\ and\ net\ income}\ (in\ millions\ of\ NIS)$

Section	For the Six Months Ended June 30		Board's explanations
	2024	2023	
Change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments (presented as part of the Company's share of income of associated companies in the U.S.)	10	16	Represents the change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are used in programs for hedging electricity margins of the transition generation energies segment in the U.S. and that were not designated for hedge accounting – for details see Section E above.
Net expenses, not in the ordinary course of business and/or of a non-recurring	10	16	In 2023, represents test runs and other activities executed prior to the commercial
		10	
nature	_	18	The second secon
Total adjustments to EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	10	34	
Tax impact in respect of the adjustments	(2)	(7)	
Total adjustments to net income for the period	8	27	
	32		

# 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

# H. Detail generation

Set forth below is detail of the generation of the power plants in Israel and the U.S.:

Israel

		F	or the Six Months E	anded June 30, 2024		For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023			
	Capacity (MW)	Potential electricity generation (GWh) <sup>(1)</sup>	Net electricity generation (GWh) <sup>(2)</sup>	Actual generation percentage (%)(3)	Actual calculated availability percentage (%)	Potential electricity generation (GWh)	Net electricity generation (GWh)	Actual generation percentage (%)	Actual calculated availability percentage (%)
Rotem	466	1,889	1,546	81.8%	89.7%	1,893	1,749	92.4%	97.7%
Hadera	144	528	436	82.5%	82.5%	514	485	94.4%	94.4%
Gat	75	311	293	94.2%	94.5%	157	156	99.4%	100%
Zomet	396	1 638	279	17.0%	85.2%		_	_	_

- (1) The generation potential is the net generation capability adjusted for temperature and humidity.
- (2) The actual net generation in the period.
- (3) The actual generation percentage is the net electricity generated divided by the generation potential.

- 4. Analysis of the results of operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - H. Detail generation (in millions of kilowatt/hours) (Cont.)

Set forth below is detail of the generation of the power plants in Israel and the U.S.: (Cont.)

U.S.

		For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024				For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023			
	Capacity (MW)	Potential electricity generation (GWh) <sup>(1)</sup>	Net electricity generation (GWh) <sup>(2)</sup>	Actual generation percentage (%)(3)	Actual availability percentage (%)	Potential electricity generation (GWh)	Net electricity generation (GWh)	Actual generation percentage (%)	Actual availability percentage (%)
				Energy trai	nsition projects (natu	ıral gas)			
Fairview	1,050	4,432	3,862	83.9%	91.7%	4,480	4,145	90.6%	91.4%
Towantic	805	3,222	2,671	73.8%	88.2%	3,332	2,771	77.3%	89.5%
Maryland	745	2,985	1,744	54.0%	91.1%	2,992	2,166	67.3%	83.6%
Shore	725	2,956	1,856	58.5%	91.8%	2,156	1,471	46.7%	58.2%
Valley	720	3,148	2,613	85.2%	93.4%	3,050	2,029	66.5%	63.3%
Three Rivers	1,258	4,869	2,938	55.2%	73.2%	-	_	_	_

		For the Six Mo	onths Ended
		June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
	Capacity (MW)	Net electricity (GWh	
		Renewable energy projects	
Keenan II	152	125	122
Mountain Wind	82	104	48
Maple Hill	126	87	-
Stagecoach	102	53	-

- (1) The potential generation is the gross generation capability during the period after planned maintenance and less the electricity used for the power plant's internal purposes.
- (2) The net generation of electricity is the gross generation during the period less the electricity used for the power plant's internal purposes.
- (3) The actual generation percentage is the quantity of the net electricity generated in the facilities compared with the maximum quantity that can be generated in the period.
- (\*) It is noted that the generation data of the Gat, Zomet, Three Rivers, Mountain Wind and Maple Hill power plants were included starting from the initial consolidation date or the commercial operation date, as applicable, which took place in 2023. The Stagecoach power plant was operated for the first time in the second quarter of 2024.

# $5. \qquad \text{Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS)}\\$

# A. <u>Statement of income</u>

	For the Three Months Ended			
Section	June 30			
	2024	2023		
	400	404		
Revenues from sales and provision of services (1)	673	601		
Cost of sales and provision of services (without depreciation and amortization) (2)	(481)	(470)		
Depreciation and amortization	(81)	(62)		
Gross profit	111	69		
Administrative and general expenses	(58)	(58)		
Share in earnings of associated companies	14	15		
Business development expenses	(10)	(15)		
Other income (expenses), net	4	(5)		
Operating income	61	6		
Financing expenses, net	(88)	(55)		
Loss before taxes on income	(27)	(49)		
Tax benefit	=	9		
Net loss for the period	(27)	(40)		
Adjustments	(3)	3		
Adjusted net loss for the period	(30)	(37)		
Attributable to:				
The Company's shareholders	(18)	(21)		
Holders of non-controlling interests	(12)	(16)		

- $5. \qquad Analysis \ of \ the \ results \ of \ operations \ for \ the \ Three \ Months \ Ended \ June \ 30, 2024 \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS) \ (Cont.)$ 
  - A. <u>Statement of income</u> (Cont.)
    - (1) Changes in revenues:

Revenues	For the Th	ree	Board's Explanations
	Months En June 30		
	2024	2023	
Revenues in Israel			
Revenues from sale of energy to private customers	305	324	
Revenues from sale of energy to the System Operator and to other suppliers	50	32	The increase stems mainly from an increase, in the amount of about NIS 30 million, as a result of the commercial operation of Zomet at the end of the second quarter of 2023.
Revenues in respect of capacity payments	46	=	The increase stems from the commercial operation of Zomet at the end of the second quarter of 2023.
Revenues from sale of energy at cogeneration tariff	6	10	
Revenues from sale of steam	13	14	
Other revenues	16	35	Most of the decrease derives from sale of electricity, in the amount of about NIS 26 million, from the Zomet power plan prior to the commercial operation at the end of June 2023.
Total revenues from sale of energy and others in Israel (without infrastructure services)	436	415	
Revenues from private customers in respect of infrastructure services	106	119	
Total revenues in Israel	542	534	
Revenues in the U.S.			
Revenues from sale of electricity from renewable energy	69	36	The increase stems mainly from the commercial operation of the Maple Hill and Stagecoach projects commencing from the fourth quarter of 2023 and the second quarter of 2024, respectively.
Revenues from provision of services (as part of the other segment) and other revenues	62	31	Most of the increase stems from the scope of the activities involving sale of electricity from renewable sources (retail) to commercial customers.
Total revenues in the U.S.	131	67	
Total revenues	673	601	
	36		

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - A. <u>Statement of income</u> (Cont.)
    - (2) Changes in the cost of sales and provision of services (not including depreciation and amortization):

Cost of Sales and Provision of Services	For the The Months En June 30	ded	Board's Explanations		
	2024	2023			
Cost of sales in Israel					
Natural gas and diesel oil	177	153	The increase stems from the commercial operation of Zomet starting from the end of the second quarter of 2023, in the amount of about NIS 29 million, and an increase in the gas tariff as a result of an increase in the shekel/dollar exchange rate, in the amount of about NIS 3 million. On the other hand, there was a decrease of about NIS 11 million deriving from entry of the Energean agreement into effect commencing from the end of the first quarter of 2023 and a decrease in the gas tariff stemming from a decline in the generation component.		
Expenses in respect of acquisition of energy	58	83	Most of the decrease, in the amount of about NIS 30 million, is a result of a decline in customer consumption in the period of the report (most of which as part of the virtual activities).		
Cost of transmission of gas	14	9			
Salaries and related expenses	11	7			
Operating expenses	29	16	The increase stems mainly from the commercial operation of Zomet starting from the end of the second quarter of 2023.		
Other expenses	13	44	Most of the decrease stems from the fact that in the corresponding quarter last year natural-gas and other expenses were recognized in the Zomet power plant prior to the commercial operation at the end of June 2023.		
Total cost of sales in Israel without infrastructure services	302	312			
Expenses in respect of infrastructure services	106	119			
Total cost of sales in Israel	408	431			
	37				

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - A. <u>Statement of income</u> (Cont.)
    - (2) Changes in the cost of sales and provision of services (not including depreciation and amortization): (Cont.)

Cost of sales and services in the U.S.		
Cost of sales in respect of sale of electricity from renewable energy	26	12 The increase stems mainly from the commercial operation of the Maple Hill and Stagecoach projects.
Cost in respect provision of services (as part of the "others" segment) and other costs	47	27 Most of the increase stems from an increase in the scope of the activities involving sale of electricity from renewable sources (retail) to commercial customers.
Total cost of sales and provision of services in the U.S.	73	39
Total cost of sales and provision of services in the C.S.	481	470

- $5. \qquad Analysis \ of \ the \ results \ of \ operations \ for \ the \ Three \ Months \ Ended \ June \ 30, \ 2024 \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS) \ (Cont.)$ 
  - B. EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt

EBITDA calculations, including adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation (in millions of NIS):

For the Three Months Ended

	June	30
	2024	2023
Revenues from sales and provision of services	673	601
Cost of sales and provision of services (without depreciation and amortization)	(481)	(470)
Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and amortization)	(54)	(55)
Business development expenses	(10)	(15)
Share in income of associated companies	14	15
Consolidated EBITDA	142	76
Elimination of the share in income of associated companies	(14)	(15)
Addition of the share of Group in proportionate EBITDA of associated companies (3)	113	94
EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	241	155
Adjustments for consolidated companies (see detail in Section F below)	=	11
Adjustments for associated companies (see detail in Section F below) (1)	(3)	(7)
Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	238	159

- Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
    - $(1) \quad \text{Calculation of the Group's share in the proportionate EBITDA of associated companies (} \underline{\text{in millions of NIS}}\text{)}\text{:}$

For the three months ended June 30, 2024	Fairview	Towantic	Maryland	Shore*	Valley	Three Rivers	Total
Revenues from sales of energy	44	32	36	33	66	12	223
Cost of natural gas	18	10	13	13	24	6	84
Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)**	-	8	6	12	18	-	44
Cost of sales - other expenses							
(without							
depreciation and amortization)	-	1	2	2	1	1	7
Gain (loss) on realization of							
transactions							
hedging the electricity margins	4	(1)	1	1	4	2	11
Net energy margin	30	12	16	7	27	7	99
Revenues from capacity	4	20	2	-	1.5		
payments	4	28	3 2	5 2	15	1	56
Other income	35	41	21	14	- 42	9	7 162
Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation	33	41	21	14	42	,	102
and							
amortization)	2	6	6	10	18	2	44
Administrative and general		· ·	· ·	10	10	-	
expenses							
(without depreciation and							
amortization)	1	1	1	2	2	1	8
Group's share in proportionate adjusted EBITDA of associated							
companies	32	34	14	2	22	6	110
For the three months ended June 30, 2023	Fairview	Towantic	Maryland	Shore*	Valley	Three Rivers	Total
June 30, 2023							
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy	48	38	32	19	42		179
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas		38 19			42 16		179 77
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy	48 20	38	32 13	19 9	42		179
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses	48 20	38 19	32 13	19 9	42 16		179 77
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions	48 20 –	38 19 6	32 13 4	19 9 3	42 16 8		179 77 21
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins	48 20 -	38 19 6	32 13 4	19 9 3 2	42 16 8		179 77 21 7
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin	48 20 –	38 19 6	32 13 4	19 9 3	42 16 8		179 77 21
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity	48 20 - - - - 28	38 19 6 1 (2)	32 13 4 2	19 9 3 2 (4) 1	42 16 8 2 1 17	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) 69
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments	48 20 - - - 28	38 19 6 1 (2) 10	32 13 4 2 2 - 13	19 9 3 2 (4) 1	42 16 8 2 1 17	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) <b>69</b> 58
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income	48 20 - - - 28 7 2	38 19 6 1 (2) 10 25 4	32 13 4 2 2 	19 9 3 2 (4) 1 8	42 16 8 2 1 17	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) 69 58
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit	48 20 - - - 28	38 19 6 1 (2) 10	32 13 4 2 2 - 13	19 9 3 2 (4) 1	42 16 8 2 1 17	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) <b>69</b> 58
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income	48 20 - - - 28 7 2	38 19 6 1 (2) 10 25 4	32 13 4 2 2 	19 9 3 2 (4) 1 8	42 16 8 2 1 17	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) 69 58
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation	48 20 - - - 28 7 2	38 19 6 1 (2) 10 25 4	32 13 4 2 2 	19 9 3 2 (4) 1 8	42 16 8 2 1 17	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) 69 58
June 30, 2023  Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses	48 20 - - - 28 7 2 37	38 19 6 1 (2) 10 25 4 39	32 13 4 2 2 - 13 4 1 18	19 9 3 2 (4) 1 8 1	42 16 8 2 1 17 14 -	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) 69 58 8 135
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and	48 20 - - - 28 7 2 37	38 19 6 1 (2) 10 25 4 39	32 13 4 2 2 - 13 4 1 18	19 9 3 2 (4) 1 8 1 10	42 16 8 2 1 17 14 - 31	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) 69 58 8 135
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and amortization)	48 20 - - - 28 7 2 37	38 19 6 1 (2) 10 25 4 39	32 13 4 2 2 - 13 4 1 18	19 9 3 2 (4) 1 8 1	42 16 8 2 1 17 14 -	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) 69 58 8 135
Revenues from sales of energy Cost of natural gas Carbon emissions tax (RGGI)** Cost of sales – other expenses (without depreciation and amortization) Gain (loss) on realization of transactions hedging the electricity margins Net energy margin Revenues from capacity payments Other income Gross profit Fixed costs (without depreciation and amortization) Administrative and general expenses (without depreciation and	48 20 - - - 28 7 2 37	38 19 6 1 (2) 10 25 4 39	32 13 4 2 2 - 13 4 1 18	19 9 3 2 (4) 1 8 1 10	42 16 8 2 1 17 14 - 31	Rivers	179 77 21 7 (5) 69 58 8 135

At the Shore power plant – gas transport costs (totaling in the second quarter of 2024 and 2023 about NIS 5 million) that are classified in accordance with IFRS 16 as depreciation expenses and, accordingly, are not included

In the adjusted EBITDA.

It is noted that as at the approval date of the report, in Pennsylvania RGGI is not imposed. For details regarding a legal proceeding underway regarding the matter and possible implications of imposition of RGGI on costs of the Fairview power plant and the electricity prices throughout the PJM – see Section 8.1.5B of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023. In the period of the report, there was an increase of 62% in the average RGGI compared in the priodic Report for 2023. with the corresponding quarter last year.

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - B. <u>EBITDA</u>, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
    - (2) Set forth below is a breakdown of the adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation data broken down by the subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) and the associated companies (on a proportionate basis, based on the rate of the holdings of the CPV Group therein) (in NIS millions):

	Basis of	For the Three months June 30, 20		For the Three months ended June 30, 2023	
_	presentation in the Company's financial statements	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	FFO	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	FFO
Total operating projects and					
accompanying business activities* **	Consolidated	123	16	99	35
Business development costs and					
headquarters in Israel	Consolidated	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)
Total Israel		116	9	92	28
Total operating projects*	Associated	110	49	87	52
Other costs	Consolidated	(1)	(7)	-	(4)
Total energy transition in the U.S.		109	42	87	48
Total operating projects*	Consolidated	40	28	20	27
Business development and other costs	Consolidated	(5)	3	(8)	(6)
Total renewable energy in the U.S.		35	31	12	21
Total activities as part of the "others" segment	Consolidated	2	2	(3)	(3)
Headquarters in the United States <sup>19</sup>	Consolidated	(19)	(21)	(23)	(17)
Total United States		127	54	73	49
Company headquarters (not allocated					
to the segments)	Consolidated	(5)	(26)	(6)	4
Total consolidated		238	37	159	81

See Section 3 below.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The accompanying business activities in Israel include mainly virtual supply activities through OPC Israel, sale of electricity from facilities for generation of energy on the customer's premises through OPC Power Plants and commerce in natural gas, including with third parties through OPC Natural Gas.

<sup>19</sup> After elimination of management fees between the CPV Group and the Company, in the amounts of about NIS 8 million and about NIS 7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - B. EBITDA, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt (Cont.)
    - (3) Set forth below is additional information regarding the revenues, net (in Israel net of infrastructure services and in the U.S. revenues from sale of energy, availability and other), adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation, FFO and net cash flows after service of the project debt of the Group's active power plants broken down by activity segments and subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) and the associated companies (on a proportionate basis, based on the rate of the holdings of the CPV Group therein) (in NIS millions):

		Fo	or the Three Months E	nded June 30, 2024		Fe	or the Three Months Er	nded June 30, 2023	
Main projects in operation	Basis of presentation in the Company's financial statements	Net revenues	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consol- idation	FFO	Net cash flows after service of project debt	Net revenues	Adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consol- idation	FFO	Net cash flows after service of project debt
Rotem <sup>20</sup>	Consolidated	204	71	13	13	207	73	22	22
Hadera <sup>21</sup>	Consolidated	70	9						
Zomet <sup>22</sup>	Consolidated	70 79	30	5 26	(5) 9	68 4	16 2	6	(4)
Comet	Consolidated	32	12			37	10	- (1)	- (1)
	Consondated	32	12	(17)	(19)	3/	10	(1)	(1)
Accompanying business activities	Consolidated	35	1	(11)	(11)	64	(2)	8	8
Total operating projects in Israel and accompanying					, ,				
business activities		420	123	16	(13)	380	99	35	25
Fairview	Associated (25%)	49	32	26	7	57	34	38	9
Towantic	Associated (26%)	61	34	26	11	67	32	21	(3)
Maryland <sup>23</sup>	Associated (25%)	41	14	-	(2)	37	11	(8)	(4)
Shore	Associated (37.5%)	40	2	-	_	28	1	(1)	(1)
Valley	Associated (50%)	81	22	(5)	(6)	56	9	2	(10)
Three Rivers <sup>22</sup>	Associated (10%)	14	6	2	_	-	-	-	-
Total energy transition in the U.S. <sup>24</sup>		286	110	40	10	245	87	52	<b>(A)</b>
	0 11 - 1			49	10				(9)
Keenan Mountain Wind	Consolidated Consolidated	25 17	16 7	15 5	10	19 17	11 9	13 14	- 11
Maple Hill <sup>22</sup>	Consolidated	17	11	4	10	17	9	14	11
	Consolidated	15	6	4	4	-	_	_	_
Stagecoach <sup>25</sup> Total renewable	Consolidated	14	б	4	4	-	_	_	_
		71	40	20	10	26	20	277	11
energy in the U.S.		71	40	28	18	36	20	27	11

Not including a deduction of repayment of loans to shareholders of Rotem and payments of intercompany taxes in the consolidated tax reconciliation statement.

In the second quarter of 2024, planned maintenance was performed at the Hadera power plant. For details – see Section 4C(2).

The formula power of the project was included section from the initial power law or the company of the project was included section.

The financial results of the projects were included starting from the initial consolidation or the commercial operation dates, as applicable, which occurred in 2023. For details regarding the capacity tariffs in the Zomet power plant, particularly in 2023, see Section 7.13 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.

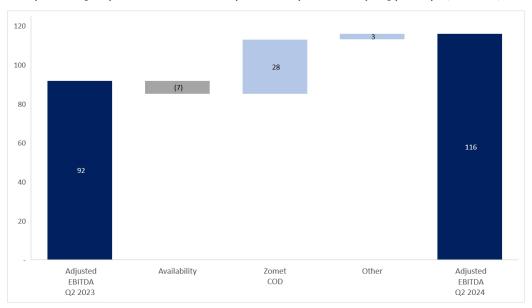
The FFO in the second quarter of 2023 includes a payment for upgrading of the facilities at the Maryland power plant, in the amount of about NIS 8 million.

<sup>24</sup> It is noted that the financing agreements of the CPV Group including mechanisms of the "cash sweep" type in the framework of which all or part of the free cash flows from the project is designated for repayment of the loan principal on a current basis in addition to the predetermined minimum repayment schedule with respect to every long-term loan. Accordingly, there could be an acceleration of execution of repayments upon occurrence of certain events and there are limitations on distributions to the owners.

<sup>25</sup> The financial results of the Stagecoach project were included starting from the commercial operation date, in the second quarter of 2024.

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - C. Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA Israel segment

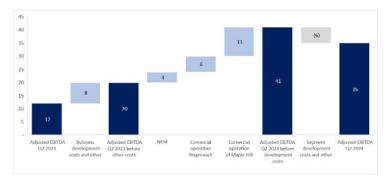
Set forth below is an analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA in Israel in the second quarter of 2024 compared with the corresponding quarter last year (in NIS millions):



- $1. \quad \underline{\text{Availability (operational)}} \text{the decrease stems mainly from a partial shutdown of the Hadera power plant as described in Section 4C(2) above.}$
- 2. Commercial operation of Zomet and acquisition of Gat for details regarding planned maintenance that was performed in the second quarter of 2024 at the Zomet power plant and maintenance work that is expected to be performed in the second half of 2024 in the Zomet and Gat power plants see Section 4H above.

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - D. Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation energy transition segment in the U.S. (Cont.)

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in the adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation in the energy transition segment in in the second quarter of 2024 compared with the corresponding quarter last year (in millions of NIS):



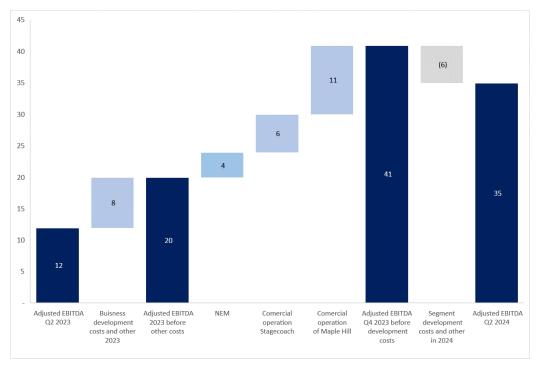
Availability (operational) - most of the increase stems from planned maintenance that was performed in the Valley power plant in the corresponding period last year.

### 5. Analysis of the results of operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

D. Analysis of the change in adjusted EBITDA after proportionate consolidation - energy transition segment in the U.S.

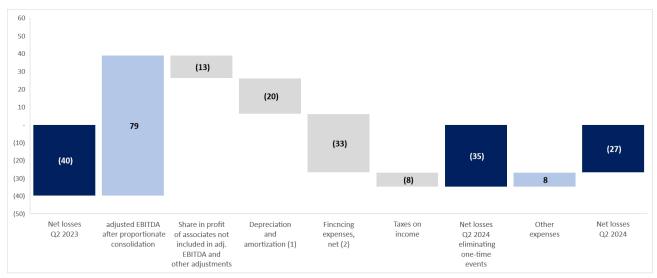
### Renewable energy segment

Set forth below is an analysis of the change in the adjusted EBITDA from activities in the renewable energy segment in the second quarter of 2023 compared with the corresponding quarter last year (in millions of NIS):



# $5. \qquad Analysis \ of \ the \ results \ of \ operations \ for \ Three \ Months \ Ended \ June \ 30, 2024 \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS) \ (Cont.)$

E. Analysis of the change in net income (in millions of NIS)



- (1) Most of the increase stems from depreciation expenses of the Zomet power plant (about NIS 10 million) and Maple Hill (about NIS 4 million) that were commercially operated in the second and fourth quarters of 2023, respectively.
- (2) Most of the increase stems from financing expenses relating to the commercial operation of the Zomet power plant, in the amount of about NIS 21 million, financing expenses that were recorded in the statement of income in respect of the financing framework of a renewable energy project in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 5 million, and expenses in respect of linkage differences (mainly in respect of the debentures (Series B)) in the amount of about NIS 5 million.

- 5. Analysis of the results of operations for Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)
  - $F. \qquad \underline{ Adjustments \ to \ EBITDA \ after \ proportionate \ consolidation \ and \ net \ income \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS)}$

Section	For the Three Months June 30	Ended	Board's explanations
	2024	2023	
Change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments (presented as part of the Company's share of income of associated companies in the U.S.)	(3)	used in t	esents the change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are I in programs for hedging electricity margins of the energy transition segment he U.S. that were not designated for hedge accounting, as described in ion 4E above.
Net expenses, not in the ordinary course of business and/or of a non-recurring nature	-	and	e corresponding quarter last year, represents activities in respect of a test run the Company's preparations for the commercial operation of the Zomet rer Plant at the end of June 2023.
Total adjustments to EBITDA after proportionate consolidation	(3)	4	
Tax impact in respect of the adjustments	=	(1)	
Total adjustments to net loss for the period	(3)	3	
	46		

### 6. Initiation and Construction Projects

### A. <u>Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S.</u>

1. Main details with reference to construction projects in Israel (held at 100% ownership by OPC Israel, which is 80% held by the Company)<sup>26</sup>:

Power plants/ facilities for generation of energy	Status	Capacity (megawatts)	Location	Technology	Date/ expectation of the start of the commercial operation	Main customer/ consumer	Total expected construction cost (NIS millions)	Total construction cost as at June 30, 2024 (NIS millions)
OPC Sorek 2 Ltd. ("Sorek 2")	Under construction	≈ 87	On the premises of the Sorek B seawater desalination facility	Powered by natural gas, cogeneration	Fourth quarter of 2024 <sup>27</sup>	Yard consumers and the System Operator	≈ 205	≈ 170

That stated in connection with projects that have not yet reached operation, including with reference to the expected operation date, the technologies and/or the anticipated cost of the investment, is "forward-looking" information, as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based on, among other things, the Company's estimates and assumptions as at the approval date of the report and regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized (in whole or in part). Completion of the said projects (or any one of them) may not occur or may occur in a manner different than that stated above, among other things due to dependency on various factors, including those that are not under the Company's control, including assurance of connection to the network and output of electricity from the project sites and/or connection to the infrastructures (including gas infrastructures), receipt of permits, completion of planning processes and licensing, completion of construction work, final costs in respect of development, construction, equipment and acquisition of rights in land, the proper functioning of the equipment and/or the terms of undertakings with main suppliers (including lenders), and there is no certainty they will be fulfilled, the manner of their fulfillment, the extent of their impact or what their final terms will be. Ultimately technical, operational or other delays and/or breakdowns and/or an increase in expenses could be caused, this being as a result of, among other things, factors as stated above or as a result of occurrence of one or more of the risk factors the Company is exposed to, including construction risks (including force majeure events and the War and its impacts), regulatory, licensing or planning risks, macro-economic changes, delays and increased costs due relating to the supply chain and changes in raw-material prices and etc. For additional details regarding risk factors — see Section 19 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023. It is further clarified that delays in completion of the

It is noted that a delay in the commercial operation beyond the original contractual date, which is not considered a justified delay as defined in the project agreements, could trigger payment of monthly compensation at a limited graduated rate (taking into account the length of the delay, where a delay after full utilization of the commercial operation date and the costs involved with the construction could be adversely impacted by the War and/or its impacts. As at the date of the report, the financial closing for the project had been completed, however completion of the construction and operation of the Sorek 2 generation facility are subject to fulfillment of conditions and factors that have not yet been fulfilled, and by operational or technical factors that relate to completion of the construction and the work on the project's site. Ultimately, the date expected for completion of the construction and commencement of the operation, as shown in the table could be delayed as a result of, among other things, a delay in completion of the construction work (including construction of the desalination facility), delays in receipt of the required permits or in completion of connection to infrastructures, disruptions in arrival of equipment, force majeure events, occurrence of risk factors to which the Company is exposed, including delays relating to the war or its consequences. It is clarified that delays as stated could impact the project's costs and could also trigger and increase in costs (beyond the expected cost indicated above) and/or could constitute non-compliance with liabilities to third parties.

### 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

- A. Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S. (Cont.)
  - Main details with reference to construction projects in Israel (held at 100% ownership by OPC Israel, which is 80% held by the Company)<sup>26</sup>: (Cont.)

For additional details regarding projects in the advanced and initial development stage in Israel (particularly the Ramat Beka project and the Intel project), and facilities for generation of electricity on the consumer's premises in various construction and development stages – see Section 6A to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023. For details regarding a Purchase Tax assessment in connection with the Ramat Beka project – see Note 8B(1) to the interim statements.

Ramat Beka – further to that stated in Section 6A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023 regarding the Ramat Beka project (hereinafter – "the Prior Tender"), on June 30, 2024 OPC Power Plants was declared the winner in an additional tender of Israel Lands Authority in connection with two sites with an aggregate area of about 1,617 dunams located adjacent to sites the subsidiary won in the Prior Tender. The Group's bids in the tender amount to an aggregate of about NIS 890 million for the two sites in the tender.

As at the date of the report, in the Company's estimation, the proximity of the sites that are the subject of the Present Tender to the sites OPC Power Plants won in the Prior Tender, which are in the development stages, constitutes a significant unique advantage for it, and to the extent the win is realized in respect of the sites and subject to advancement of appropriate development processes, it will be possible to act in order to advance a consolidated project having about 505 megawatts plus storage capacity estimated at about 2,760 megawatts per hour, and an estimated cost of about NIS 4.5 – 4.9 billion, on a cumulative basis, on the area of the sites in the Prior Tender and the Present Tender. In addition, based on an initial evaluation, the proximity of the sites, as stated, would be expected to permit physical project consecutiveness, allow for savings on central (joint) costs, increase the certainty with respect to the feasibility and characteristics of the projects and advance the conditions required for ultimate execution and connection to the transmission network in the framework of an overall plan having a significant scope<sup>28</sup>.

As at the date of the report, OPC Power Plants had not yet signed a planning authorization agreement in connection with the tender sites, had not yet started the development processes, and had not yet received the authorizations required for the new plan and/or advancement of the projects on the land sites (including as a consolidated project), and there is no certainty that these actions, approvals or decisions will be executed and/or received (in whole or in part) and/or the estimated period for their completion (if completed). In addition, that stated regarding, among other things, the characteristics and capacity of the solar facilities and the storage capacity, the estimated cost of the subject projects (or any of them), the feasibility of advancement of the projects as a consolidated project the economic benefit and the cost savings due to consolidation of the projects (if consolidated), increase of the certainty regarding the development or connection to the network processes, realization of the advantages of a consolidated project (if allowed) and the start date of construction of the project/s includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based solely on the Company's estimates and assumptions as at the date of the report, and regarding which there is no certainty they will be realized or the manner in which they will be realized. As at the approval date of the report, construction of the generation and storage facilities and advancement of the project/s (in the Present Tender and/or the consolidated project) depend on, among other things, advancement and completion of the planning, construction, to the network and licensing processes, and assurance of financing for the construction, which as at the date of the report had not yet been completed and there is no certainty regarding their completion or the manner thereof (if completed). In addition, the costs of the projects are impacted by macro-economic conditions and are subject to changes in the princes of ene

### 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

- A. <u>Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S.</u> (Cont.)
  - Main details with reference to construction projects in Israel (held at 100% ownership by OPC Israel, which is 80% held by the Company)<sup>26</sup>: (Cont.)

For additional details regarding the tender and the fixed payment terms therein – see Note 10G to the interim statements.

In the Company's estimation, at this preliminary stage, subject to completion of all the transactions, development processes, planning and licensing along with receipt of the required approvals, the start of the construction stage is expected to be in 2026–2027<sup>29</sup>.

For details – see the Company's Immediate Report dated July 1, 2024 (Reference No.: 2024-01-066948).

Development of the project on the land sites (in whole or in part, including in the format of a consolidated project), its construction and operation are exposed to various risk factors that generally apply to the Company's activities, particularly risks relating to completion of the development processes, regulatory risks, market risks (including macro conditions), dependency on infrastructures and assurance of connection to and a place in the network and the infrastructure suppliers, and construction risks of the projects. For details regarding the Company's risk factors – see Section 19 to Part A of the Company's Periodic Report for 2023.

### 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

- A. <u>Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S.</u> (Cont.)
  - 2. Main details regarding construction projects in the area of renewable energy as at the date of the report using solar and wind technology in the U.S. (held 100% by the CPV Group, which is 70% held by the Company)<sup>30</sup>
- Details with respect to the scope of the investments in the United States were translated from dollars and presented in NIS based on the currency rate of exchange on June 30, 2024 \$1 = NIS 3.759. The information presented below regarding projects under construction, including with respect to the expected commercial structure, the projected commercial operation date, the expected construction cost, an undertaking with a tax partner and/or the expected results of the activities for the first full calendar year (revenues, EBITDA, investments of the tax partner and cash flows after the tax partner) includes "forward-looking" information, as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will materialize (in whole or in part), including due to factors that are not under the control of the CPV Group. The information is based on, among other things, estimates of the CPV Group as at the approval date of the report, the realization of which is not certain, and which might not be realized due to factors, such as: delays in receipt of permits, an increase in the construction costs, delays in execution of the construction work and/or technical or operational malfunctions, problems or delays regarding signing an agreement for connection to the network or connection of the project to transmission or other infrastructures, an increase in costs due to the commercial conditions in the agreements with main suppliers (such as equipment suppliers and contractors), problems signing an investment agreement with a Tax Equity Partner regarding part of the cost of the project and utilization of the tax benefits (if relevant), problems signing commercial agreements for of the potential revenues from the project, terms of the commercial agreements, conditions of the energy market, regulatory changes or legislative changes (including changes impacting main suppliers of the projects), an increase in the project, terms of the commercial agreements, conditions of the energy market, regulatory changes or legis

### 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

A. <u>Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S.</u> (Cont.)

 $2. \quad \text{Main details regarding construction projects in the area of renewable energy using solar technology in the U.S. (held 100% by the CPV Group, which is 70% held by the Company)}^{30}$ 

Project	Capacity (megawatts)	Location	Expected commercial operation date	Commercial structure	Regulated market after the PPA period	Total expected construction cost net for 100% of the project (NIS millions)	Tax equity (NIS millions)	Total construction cost as at June 30, 2024 (NIS millions)		n for a first full cal riod of the PPA agr	
									Revenues (NIS millions)	EBITDA (NIS millions)	Cash flows after tax partner (NIS millions)
CPV Backbone Solar, LLC ("Backbone")	179 MWdc	Maryland	Second half of 2025	Long-term PPA <sup>31</sup> (including green certificates)	PJM + MD SRECs	≈ 1,185 (≈ \$315 million)	$\approx 432$ (≈ \$115 million) <sup>32</sup>	≈ 635 (≈ \$169 million)	≈ 71 (≈ \$19 million)	≈ 49 (≈ \$13 million)	≈ 39 (≈ \$11 million)

The project has signed a connection agreement and electricity supply agreement with the global e-commerce company for a period of 10 years from the start of the commercial operation, for supply of 90% of the electricity expected to be generated by the project in the said period, and sale of solar renewable energy certificates, which is valid up to 2035. The balance of the project's capacity (10%) will be used for supply to active customers, retail supply of electricity of the CPV Group or for sale in the market.

The project is located on a former coal mine and, therefore, it is expected to be entitled to enlarged tax benefits of 40% in accordance with the IRA Law. The CPV Group intends to act to sign an agreement with a tax partner (Equity Tax) in respect of about 40% of the cost of the project and use of the tax credits that are available to the project (subject to appropriate regulatory arrangements). That stated regarding the intention of the CPV Group to sign an agreement with a tax partner (equity tax), including the scope thereof and/or the scope of the tax benefits, includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based on estimates of the CPV Group proximate to the date of the report and regarding which there is no certainty they will materialize (in whole or in part). The said estimates might not materialize or might change due to a range of circumstances, including changes in the provisions of the law or regulations, the final terms of the agreement with the tax partner, which are not dependent on the Company and there is no certainty regarding their realization.

#### 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

A. <u>Initiation and construction projects in Israel and in the U.S.</u> (Cont.)

2. Main details regarding construction projects in the area of renewable energy using solar technology in the U.S. (held 100% by the CPV Group, which is 70% held by the Company)<sup>30</sup>

<u>Project</u>	Capacity (megawatts)	Location	Expected commercial operation date	Commercial structure	Regulated market after the PPA period	Total expected construction cost net for 100% of the project (NIS millions)	Tax equity (NIS millions)	Total construction cost as at June 30, 2024 (NIS millions)	in the pe	n for a first full cal riod of the PPA agr	Cash flows after tax
									(NIS millions)	(NIS millions)	partner (NIS millions)
CPV Rogue's Wind, LLC ("Rogues") <sup>33</sup>	114	Pennsylvania	First half of 2026	Long-term PPA <sup>34</sup> (including green certificates)	РЈМ МААС	≈ 1,372 (≈ \$365 million)	≈ 613 (≈ \$163 million) <sup>35</sup>	≈ 64 (≈ \$17 million)	≈ 89 (≈ \$24 million)	≈ 67 (≈ \$18 million)	≈ 56 (≈ \$15 million)

<sup>33</sup> Subsequent to the date of the report, a Work Commencement Order was issued and a project financing agreement was signed for provision of a shareholders' loan to the project. For details – see Note 7A(3) to the interim statements.

In April 2021, the project signed an agreement for sale of all the electricity and the environmental consideration (including Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs), benefits relating to availability and accompanying services), the terms of which were improved in the period of the report. The agreement was signed for a period of 10 years starting from the commercial operation date. The CPV Group has provided collateral for assurance of its obligations under the agreement, which includes execution of certain payments to the other party if certain milestones (including the commencement date of the activities) in the project are not be completed in accordance with the timetable determined.

The project is located on a former coal mine and, therefore, it is expected to be entitled to enlarged tax benefits of 40% in accordance with the IRA Law. The CPV Group intends to act to sign an agreement with a tax partner (Equity Tax) in respect of about 40% of the cost of the project and use of the tax credits that are available to the project (subject to appropriate regulatory arrangements). That stated regarding the intention of the CPV Group to sign an agreement with a tax partner (equity tax), including the scope thereof and/or the scope of the tax benefits, includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, which is based on estimates of the CPV Group proximate to the date of the report and regarding which there is no certainty they will materialize (in whole or in part). The said estimates might not materialize or might change due to a range of circumstances, including changes in the provisions of the law or regulations, the final terms of the agreement with the tax partner, which are not dependent on the Company and there is no certainty regarding their realization.

#### 6. Initiation and Construction Projects (Cont.)

### B. Additional details regarding development projects in the U.S.

Set forth below is a summary of the scope of the development projects (in megawatts) in the United States as at the approval date of the report<sup>36</sup>:

Technology	Advanced development <sup>37</sup>	Preliminary development	Total*
Solar <sup>38</sup>	1,100	2,100	3,200
Wind (1)	150	1,200	1,350
Total renewable energy	1,250	3,300	4,550
Carbon capture projects (natural gas			
with reduced emissions) (2)	1,300	5,000	6,300

- \* It is noted that out of the total backlog of the development projects, as stated above, about 500 megawatts of renewable energy are in the PJM market in the advanced development stage, and about 4,500 megawatts (of which about 1,000 megawatts are renewable energy) are in the preliminary development stage. The said data takes into account the publication of PJM from May 2024 regarding the projected treatment dates of the requests submitted for connection agreements.
- (1) As at the date of the report, the construction of the Rogue's Wind wind project had started. For details see Section 6A(2) above.
- (2) For details see Section 6C of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.
- The information presented in this section with reference to development projects of the CPV Group, including regarding the status of the projects and/or their characteristics (the capacity, technology, the possibility for integrated carbon capture potential, expected construction date etc.), constitutes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized or the manner in which it will be realized. It is clarified that as at the approval date of the report there is no certainty regarding the actual execution of the development projects (in whole or in part), and their progress and the rate of their progress is subject to, among other things, completion of development and licensing processes, obtain control over the lands, signing agreements (such as equipment and construction agreements), execution of construction processes, completion of the connection process, assurance of financing and/or receipt of various regulatory approvals and permits. In addition, advancement of the development projects is subject to the discretion of the competent authorities of the CPV Group and of the Company.
- In general, the CPV Group views projects that in its estimation are in a period of up to two years or up to three years to the start of the construction as projects in the advanced development stage (there is no certainty the development projects, including projects in the advanced stage, will be executed). That stated is impacted by, among other things, the scope of the project and the technology, and could change based on specific characteristics of a certain project, as well as from the external circumstances that are relevant to the project, such as the anticipated activities' market or regulatory circumstances, including, projects that are designated to operate in the PJM market could be impacted by the changes in the connection processes as part of the proposed change described in Section 8.1.2.2(A) of Part A to the Periodic Report for 2023, and their progress could be delayed as a result of these proposed changes. It is clarified that in the early development stages (in particular), the scope of the projects and their characteristics are subject to changes, if and to the extent they reach advanced stages.
- The capacities in the solar technology included in this report are denominated in MWdc. The capacities in the solar technology projects in the advanced development stages and in the early development stages are about 850 MWac and about 1,650 MWac, respectively.

# 7. Financial Position as at June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS)

Category	06/30/2024	12/31/2023	Board's Explanations
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	722	1,007	For details – see the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows in the interim financial statements and Part 8 below.
Short-term restricted cash and deposits	5	2	
Trade receivables	360	247	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 88 million, stems from an increase in the balances of customers in Israel, mainly due to seasonal factors in the electricity tariff.
Receivables and debit balances	365	404	Most of the decrease, in the amount of about NIS 20 million, stems from a decrease in the balance of the prepaid expenses.
Short-term derivative financial instruments	13	12	
Total current assets	1,465	1,672	
	54		

# 7. Financial Position as at June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

Category	06/30/2024	12/31/2023	Board's Explanations
Non-Current Assets			
Long-term deposits and restricted cash	58	59	
Long-term prepaid expenses and other receivable	183	190	
Investments in associated companies	2,661	2,550	The increase stems mainly from equity earnings of the CPV Group, in the amount of about NIS 85 million and from an increase in the shekel/dollar exchange rate, in the amount of about NIS 93 million, offset by other comprehensive loss, in the amount of about NIS 69 million. For additional details regarding investments in associated companies – see Section 4D above.
Deferred tax assets	38	57	
Long-term derivative financial instruments	60	51	
Property, plant and equipment	6,680	6,243	Most of the increase stems from investments in Israel and the U.S. (mainly in construction and development projects), in the amount of about NIS 127 million and about NIS 390 million, respectively, and an increase of about NIS 72 million, in property, plant and equipment in the U.S. due to an increase in the shekel/dollar exchange rate. This increase was partly offset by a loss from impairment of value with respect to the Hadera 2 project, in amount of about NIS 31 million, and was offset by depreciation expenses on property, plant and equipment.
Right-of use assets and long-term deferred expenses	622	631	
Intangible assets	1,168	1,165	
Total non-current assets	11,470	10,946	
Total assets	12,935	12,618	
	5	55	

# 7. Financial Position as at June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

Category	06/30/2024	12/31/2023	Board's Explanations
Current Liabilities			
Loans and credit from banks and financial institutions (including current maturities)	146	391	Most of the decrease stems from a short-term credit framework repaid by OPC Israel Holdings, in the amount of NIS 200 million, and a decrease in the current maturity of the Zomet loan, in the amount of about NIS 40 million.
Current maturities of debt from holders of non-controlling interests	29	32	
Current maturities of debentures	202	192	
Trade payables	319	257	Most of the increase stems from an increase in the scope of the activities in the renewable energies segment and supply to customers (retail) activities in the U.S.
Payables and other credit balances	438	403	Most of the increase stems from an increase, in the amount of about NIS 29 million, in the balance of VAT payable.
Short-term derivative financial instruments	7	8	
Total current liabilities	1,141	1,283	
	56		

# 7. Financial Position as at June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS) (Cont.)

Category	06/30/2024	12/31/2023	Board's Explanations
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long-term loans from banks and financial institutions	2,880	2,865	
Long-term debt from holders of non-controlling interests	469	422	Most of the increase derives from an increase in the balance of the long-term loans from holders of non-controlling interests in the CPV Group, where an increase of about NIS 24 million relates to new loans and accumulation of principal, and an increase of about NIS 14 million due to an increase in the shekel/dollar exchange rate.
Debentures	1,756	1,647	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 197 million, derives from issuance of the debentures (Series D) and an increase in the linkage differences relating to the debentures (Series B), in the amount of about NIS 18 million. On the other hand, there was a decrease deriving from repayment of debentures, in the amount of about NIS 96 million.
Long-term lease liabilities	201	204	
Long-term derivate financial instruments	45	58	
Other long-term liabilities	567	399	Most of the increase, in the amount of about NIS 151 million, stems from a commitment in respect of an agreement with a tax partner in the Stagecoach project. For details – see Note 8A(4) to the interim statements.
Liabilities for deferred taxes	495	498	
Total non-current liabilities	6,413	6,093	
Total liabilities	7,554	7,376	
Total equity	5,381	5,242	The increase in the equity stems mainly from other comprehensive income, in the amount of about NIS 113 million, deriving mostly from translation differences in respect of the activities in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 159 million, offset by the share in the other comprehensive loss of associated companies, in the amount of about NIS 56 million, stemming primarily from application of hedge accounting to transactions hedging electricity margins in the U.S., issuance of equity to holders of non-controlling interests in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 34 million, net of a net loss of about NIS 12 million.
	57		

# 8. Liquidity and sources of financing (in NIS millions)

For the

	Six Months Ended		
Category	06/30/2024	06/30/2023	Board's Explanations
Cash flows provided by operating activities	327	160	Most of the increase in the cash flows provided by operating activities stems from an increase in cash-basis income, in the amount of about NIS 133 million, an increase in the Group's working capital, in the amount of about NIS 11 million, and an increase in dividends from associated companies in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 22 million.
Cash flows used in investing activities	(514)	(1,316)	Most of the decrease in the cash used in investing activities in the period of the report stems from the fact that in the corresponding period last year the Gat power plant and the Mountain Wind project were acquired, for a consideration of about NIS 268 million and about NIS 625 million, respectively, and a subordinated loan was granted to an associated company in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 87 million. On the other hand, in the corresponding period last year the Group received cash, in the amounts of about NIS 125 million and about NIS 73 million, in respect of release of short-term deposits and release of collaterals relating to hedging electricity margins in the CPV Group, respectively.
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	(119)	1,089	Most of the increase in the cash flows used financing activities stems from amounts received in the corresponding period last year: (1) about NIS 452 million, in respect of a swap of shares of transaction and investment with Veridis; (2) long-term loans, in the amounts of about NIS 450 million and about NIS 270 million, for purposes of financing the acquisition of the Gat power plant transaction and the acquisition of the Mountain Wind transaction, respectively; and (3) a receipt, in the amount of about NIS 197 million, relating to withdrawals from Zomet's financing agreement framework.  In addition, in the period of the report the Group repaid short-term loans and frameworks, in the amount of about NIS 204 million, there was an increase in payments of debentures of about NIS 80 million, there was an increase of about NIS 89 million relating to repayment of long-term loans (including repayment of debt in Zomet, which started commercial operation at the end of the second quarter of 2023 and including early repayment in Hadera, in the amount of about NIS 25 million), and there was also a decrease of about NIS 197 million in respect of investments and loans received from holders of non-controlling interests (in the CPV Group).  On the other hand, in the corresponding period last year, the Group repaid a loan to the prior holders of the rights in the Gat power plant, in the amount of about NIS 303 million. In addition, in the period of the report the Company raised about NIS 198 million, resulting from an issuance of debentures (Series D), received about NIS 198 million, respect of the investment of the tax partner in the Stagecoach project, and there was a decline of about NIS 70 million in repayment of long-terms loans to holders of non-controlling interests in Israel.

# 8. Liquidity and sources of financing (in NIS millions) (Cont.)

For the

	Three Months	Ended			
Category	06/30/2024	06/30/2023	Board's Explanations		
Cash flows provided by operating activities	64	57	Most of the increase in the cash provided by operating activities stems from an increase in the income on a cash basis, in the amount of about NIS 50 million and an increase in dividends from associated companies, in the amount of about NIS 4 million. On the other hand, there was a decrease in the Group's working capital, in the amount of about NIS 49 million.		
Cash flows used in investing activities	(267)	(1,053)	Most of the decrease in the cash flows used in investing activities stems from the fact that in the corresponding quarter last year the Company acquired the Mountain Wind project for a consideration of about NIS 625 million and provided a subordinated loan to an associated company in the U.S., in the amount of about NIS 87 million. In addition, in the period of the report there was a decrease of about NIS 140 million in investments in property, plant and equipment in Israel (mainly, in the Zomet project, the commercial operation of which started at the end of the second quarter of 2023). On the other hand, there was an increase in investments in fixed assets in the U.S., in the amount of NIS 80 million.		
Cash flows provided by financing activities	78	310	Most of the decrease in the cash flows provided by financing activities stems from long-term loans, in the amount of about NIS 270 million, for purposes of financing the Mountain Wind acquisition transaction in the corresponding quarter last year, and from a receipt, in the amount of about NIS 97 million, relating to a withdrawal from the Zomet financing agreement framework in the corresponding quarter last year. On the other hand, in the current quarter the Company received about NIS 152 million in respect of the signing of an agreement with a tax partner in the Stagecoach project.		

For additional details - see the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements of cash flows in the Company's interim financial statements.

As at June 30, 2024 and 2023 and December 31, 2023, the Group's working capital (current assets less current liabilities) amounted to about NIS 324 million, about NIS 142 million and about NIS 389 million, respectively.

As at June 30, 2024, there were no warning signs pursuant to Regulation 10(B)(14) of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970, that require publication (presentation) of a forecasted statement of cash flows for the Company.

### 9. Adjusted financial debt, net

# A. Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net

For details regarding the definition of the net financial debt, adjusted net financial debt and leverage ratio – see Part 9A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

Set forth below is detail of the Group's leverage ratio:

As at June 30, 2024 <sup>(1)</sup>	As at December 31, 2023 <sup>(2)</sup>
<u> </u>	
4.9	4.9

- (1) After elimination of debt under construction in the Renewable Energies segment in the U.S. of about NIS 235 million, as detailed in the following table.
- $^{(2)} \quad \text{For details of the manner of the calculation} \text{see Section 9A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023}.$

# 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

# A. Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

The following table details the financial debt, net, as at June 30, 2024 (in millions of NIS)  $^{39}$ :

			Gross debt				
Name of project	Method of presentation in the Company's financial statements	Debt (including interest payable and deferred expenses)	Weighted- average interest rate	Final repayment date of the loan	Cash and cash equivalents and deposits (including restricted cash used for debt service) (1)	Derivative financial instruments for hedging principal and/or interest	Net debt
Rotem	Consolidated	=	=	-	32	=	(32)
Hadera	Consolidated	602	4.9%	2037	69	41	492
Zomet (2)	Consolidated	1,093	6.55%	2042	76	-	1,017
Gat (2)	Consolidated	433	6.65%	2039	19	_	414
Headquarters and others – Israel (3)	Consolidated	9			57	_	(48)
Total Israel		2,137	6.1%		253	41	1,843
Keenan	Consolidated	269	3.4%	2030	2	19	248
Mountain Wind	Consolidated	258	5.4%	2028	13	9	236
Financing of renewable energy							
projects (4)	Consolidated	364	7.1%	2026	128	1	235
Total renewable energy		891	5.5%		143	29	719
Fairview (Cash Sweep 50%) (5)	Associate (25%)	308	6.7%	06/2025	28	4	276
Towantic (Cash Sweep 100%) (6)	Associate (26%)	250	5.8%	06/2025	12	_	238
Maryland (Cash Sweep 75%)	Associate (25%)	319	7.1%	2028	25	9	285
Shore (7) (Cash Sweep 100%)	Associate (37.5%)	627	5.4%	03+12/2025	113	11	503
Valley (Cash Sweep 100%)	Associate (50%)	741	10.8%	05/2026	124	-	617
Three Rivers (Cash Sweep 100%)	Associate (10%)	270	5.3%	2028	16	22	232
Total energy transition (8)		2,515	7.4%		318	46	2,151
Headquarters and others – U.S.	Consolidated		_	-	74	_	(74)
Total U.S.		3,406			535	75	2,796
Total Energy headquarters (9)			2.5%-6.2% (weighted-average				
		1,977	3%)		306	_	1,671
Total		7,520			1,094	116	6,310

- (1) Includes restricted cash, in the amount of about NIS 53 million, in Hadera and in the energy transition segment, the amounts of about NIS 289 million.
- (2) For details regarding signing of two financing agreements in OPC Israel in the aggregate scope of about NIS 1.65 billion and early repayment of the project financing in Zomet and Gat subsequent to the date of the report see Note 7A(2) to the interim statements.
- (3) Includes mainly balances of cash and cash equivalents in OPC Israel Holdings and OPC Power Plants.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} (4) & For details-see Note 16B(5) to the annual financial statements. \end{tabular}$

In addition, the Group has a liability to holders of non-controlling interests, the balance of which as at June 30, 2024 is about NIS 498 million.

### 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

- A. Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)
- (5) Subsequent to the date of the report, on August 14, 2024, Fairview completed an undertaking in a refinancing agreement that includes the following main terms:
  - a. The scope of the liabilities is about NIS 2,325 million (\$625 million the share of the CPV Group is about NIS 581 million (about \$156 million)) which is composed of the following loan and frameworks: a long-term loan in the amount of \$550 million, and accompanying credit frameworks in the amount of \$75 million (working capital frameworks, letters of credit frameworks, etc.). The scope of the long-term loan granted under the new financing agreements includes the amount of about NIS 930 million (about U.S.\$250 million) beyond the balance of the debt as at June 30, 2024. After payment of the transaction costs use of the cash balances available for distribution, the amount of about NIS 955 million (about \$257 million) will be distributed as a dividend to the partners that hold the project the share of CPV is about NIS 238 million (about \$64 million)

The final repayment dates of the long-term loan and accompanying credit frameworks are August 14, 2031 and August 14, 2030, respectively.

- b. The rate and scope of the repayment of the loan principal changes up to the final repayment date, based on a combination of the repayment (amortization) schedule (1% every year) and a "leveraged-based cash sweep mechanism" (in the range of 25%–75% based on the ratio of the leverage in the project), which in the estimation of the CPV Group as at the approval date of the report amounts to, cumulatively, about 69% over the entire period of the loan<sup>40</sup>.
- c. The interest rate on the long-term loan principal is a SOFR-based rate plus a margin of 3.5% and the interest rate on the accompanying credit frameworks is a SOFR-based rate plus a margin of 3%.
- d. The rest of the main conditions of the new financing agreement (grounds for calling for repayment, collaterals and additional factors), are essentially the same as the conditions as stated in the prior financing agreement, as detailed in Section 8.17.4 of Part A in the Periodic Report, however with an adjustment of the hedging requirement of a minimum interest rate to 50% of the nominal projected balance of the loan for a period of three years starting from the date of the undertaking. Addition of a requirement for coverage of the debt service with a ratio of 1.10 in the last four quarters (pro-rated) for the measurement periods ending December 2024, March 2025 and June 2025, and cancellation of the requirement of compliance with a minimum debt coverage ratio for distribution.
- 40 It is clarified that the said estimate of the CPV Group includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized and its realization depends on market terms, energy prices, availability of hedging transactions as well as additional factors that are not under the CPV Group's control.

#### 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

- A. Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)
- (6) The data shown in the above table relates to the financing agreement that ended on June 27, 2024, on which date Towantic completed an undertaking in a new financing agreement pursuant to the following main terms:
  - a. The scope of the liabilities is about NIS 1,360 million (U.S.\$363 million the share of the CPV Group is about U.S.\$94 million), which is composed of the following loans and frameworks: a Term A loan in the amount of \$265 million, and accompanying credit frameworks in the amount of \$98 million (working capital frameworks, letters of credit frameworks, etc.).
  - b. The final repayment date of the loans and accompanying credit frameworks is June 30, 2029.
  - c. The rate and scope of the repayment of the loan principal changes up to the final repayment date, based on a combination of the repayment schedule and a "targeted debt balance cash sweep" that cumulatively amounts to about 30.5% over the period of the loan. In addition, an additional cash sweep mechanism (from 25% up to 100%) will enter into effect during the period if Towantic does not comply with the cumulative defined minimum revenue requirements pursuant to the new financing agreement. As at the date of the report, Towantic estimates that it will comply with the said defined revenue requirements.
  - d. The interest rate on the loan principal and the accompanying credit frameworks is a SOFR-based rate plus a margin of 3.75% (4% in the fifth year from the closing date of the agreement<sup>42</sup>.
- (7) It is noted that as part of the financing agreements, an historical debt-service coverage ratio financial covenant of 1:1 during the last four quarters was determined for Shore. As at the date of the report, Shore is in compliance with the covenant (1.24).

For details regarding disclosure included in the financial statements of Shore as at June 30, 2024, which are attached to the Company's interim financial statements, relating to circumstances that raise material doubts with respect to the ability of Shore to continue to operate as a "going concern" – see Note 11 to the interim financial statements.

- (8) The rate (%) of the Cash Sweep mechanism is in accordance with the estimate of the CPV Group and it could change based on the provisions of the financing agreements of the projects.
- (9) Includes balances of debt and cash in the Company and cash in ICG Energy Inc. (available for use for all the Group's needs).

It is clarified that the said estimate of the CPV Group includes "forward-looking" information as it is defined in the Securities Law, regarding which there is no certainty it will be realized and its realization depends on market terms, energy prices, availability of hedging transactions as well as additional factors that are not under the CPV Group's control. Ultimately, the scope of the cash-sweep could apply in full and there could also be an increase in the margin, as stated below.

42 An additional cumulative margin could be added during the period if Towantic does not comply with the defined minimum revenue requirements under the new financing agreement.

### 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

### A. Compositions of the adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

 $The following table details the \underline{adjusted} \ financial \ debt, net, as \ at \ December \ 31, 2023 \ (in \ millions \ of \ NIS) \ (Cont.):$ 

Name of project	Method of presentation in the Company's financial statements	Debt (including interest payable and deferred expenses)	Cash and cash equivalents and deposits (including restricted cash used for debt service)	Derivative financial instruments for hedging principal and/or interest	Net debt
Rotem	Consolidated	-	9	_	(9)
Hadera	Consolidated	642	98	37	507
Zomet	Consolidated	1,111	94	-	1,017
Gat	Consolidated	434	12	_	422
Headquarters and others – Israel	Consolidated	202	160	-	42
Total Israel		2,389	373	37	1,979
Keenan	Consolidated	285	1	18	266
Mountain Wind	Consolidated	256	11	4	241
Financing construction of renewable					
energy projects	Consolidated	329	327	(7)	9
Total renewable energy		870	339	15	516
Fairview	Associate	334	25	6	303
Towantic	Associate	339	44	7	288
Maryland	Associate	304	26	8	270
Shore	Associate	599	105	19	475
Valley	Associate	708	66	-	642
Three Rivers	Associate	271	21	20	230
Total energy transition		2,555	287	60	2,208
Headquarters and others – U.S.	Consolidated	-	12	-	(12)
Total U.S.		3,425	638	75	2,712
Total Energy headquarters		1,853	336	_	1,517
Total		7,667	1,347	112	6,208

### B. Interest and linkage bases

 $For additional\ information\ regarding\ the\ interest\ and\ linkage\ bases-see\ Part\ 9B\ of\ the\ Report\ of\ the\ Board\ of\ Directors\ for\ 2023.$ 

### C. Financial covenants

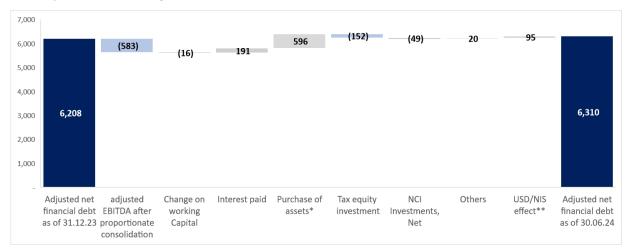
The Company and its investee companies are subject to financial covenants provided in their financing agreements and trust certificates. As at the date of the financial statements, the Company and its investee companies were in compliance with all the financial covenants provided. For detail regarding the covenants for violation, relating to significant loans and debentures – see Note 7C to the interim statements<sup>43</sup>.

On July 28, 2024, a rating of 'ilA-' was reconfirmed for the Company and for its debentures by S&P Global Ratings Maalot Ltd. and the rating outlook was updated from negative to stable due to an improvement of the financial ratios (Reference No.: 2024-01-077268).

For a description of the main provisions of material loans of the Company and the investee companies – see Note 16 to the annual financial statements.

### 9. Adjusted financial debt, net (Cont.)

Movement in the adjusted financial debt, net, for the period ended June 30, 2024 (in NIS millions):



- (\*) Includes the amount of about NIS 101 million in respect of current payments and the amount of about NIS 495 million in respect of payments relating to construction projects.
- (\*\*) In respect of translation of the net financial debt of the U.S. which is denominated in dollars into the Company's functional currency.

### 10. Additional events in the Company' areas of activities in the period of the report and thereafter

#### Activities in Israel

- A. Hadera 2 further to that stated in Section 7.3.15 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, on April 17, 2024 the Government of Israel rejected the plan. Subsequent to the period of the report, Hadera 2 submitted a petition to the High Court of Justice for cancellation of the Government's decision. For additional details see Note 10F to the interim statements.
- B. Sorek tender further to that stated in Section 7.3.6 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023, on March 18, 2024 the Electricity Authority published a decision regarding "qualification of bidders in the Sorek tender to receive a generation license considering sectorial and economy-wide business concentration aspects" whereby it was decided that OPC Power Plants is in compliance with the requirements of the Electricity Sector Regulations (Advancement of Competition in the Generation Sector) (Temporary Order), 2021 regarding the Sorek tender, and the Authority accepted the recommendation of the Business Concentration Committee and determines that the bidders (including OPC Power Plants) comply with the requirements regarding considerations of economy-wide business concentration considerations. In addition, the submission date for the tender was updated by the Tenders Committee to September 26, 2024.

### Activities in the U.S.

C. <u>Undertaking in an agreement for acquisition and a memorandum of understanding with an increase in holdings in two power plants in the energy transition area in the U.S.</u> – on July 19, 2024, the CPV Group signed a non-binding memorandum of understanding with another party that includes a binding exclusivity period of 90 days ("the Memorandum of Understanding") and also signed a binding acquisition agreement with another party ("the Acquisition Agreement") for acquisition, on a cumulative basis, of additional holdings in the Shore power plant (which should bring the total holdings of the CPV Group in the project to about 75%) and the Maryland power plant (which should bring the total holdings of the CPV Group in the project to about 75%) ("the Transactions").

The total amount necessary in connection with the Transactions (if completed) is expected to amount to about \$210 million to \$240 million (as at the approval date of the report about NIS 790 million to about NIS 900 million; where most of the amount is in connection with the potential increase of the holdings that is the subject matter of the Memorandum of Understanding)<sup>45</sup>.

As at the date of the report, the conditions of the transaction that is the subject matter of the acquisition and the conditions of the transaction expected pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding are consistent with the usual conditions for transactions of this type, taking into account the fact that the CPV Group has existing holdings in the power plants, as stated, and it provides them management services. As at the date of the report, the transaction that is the subject matter of the Memorandum of Understanding is subject to signing of a binding acquisition agreement, and completion of the Transactions is subject to conditions including receipt of regulatory approvals, which are expected to occur in the second half of 2024.

D. <u>Undertaking in binding agreements with Harrison Street for investment of \$300 million in renewable energy activities in the U.S.</u> – for details, see Note 10J to the interim statements.

4 As at the date of the report, the Acquisition Agreement was signed with reference to acquisition of 25% of the Maryland power plant.

The above-mentioned amount includes an estimated amount for purposes of reduction of the leverage expected to be provided by the CPV Group (including amounts from the Company), as the holder of the equity rights in the enlarged holdings in Shore (if completed). As at the date of the report, there is no certainty regarding the amount that will be provided by the holders of the equity rights in order to reduce the leverage as stated. For additional details – see Note 11 to the interim financial statements.

#### 11. Debentures (Series B, Series C and Series D)

In the period of the report, there were no material changes in the details of the outstanding series of debentures issued by the Company and that were offered to the public based on a prospectus, the details of the trustees for the debentures, the conditions for calling the debentures for immediate repayment, the Company's compliance with these conditions and the collaterals for the debentures, except for issuance of new debentures (Series D), as detailed in Part 10 to the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023 and Note 17 to the annual financial statements.

As at the date of the report, the Company is in compliance with all the conditions of the debentures (Series B, Series C and Series D) and the trust certificates. The Company was not required to take any action in accordance with the request of the trustees for the said debentures.

For additional details regarding the rating of the Company as published subsequent to the date of the report - see Section 9C above.

### 12. Impacts of changes in the macro-economic environment on the Group's activities and its results

For details – see Part 11 of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

### 13. The significance of the war in Israel to the Group's business activities

For details regarding the main consequences of the War to the Group's business activities in Israel since the outbreak of the War – see Part 12 of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

As at the approval date of the report, there is significant uncertainty regarding the development of the War, its scope and duration. Furthermore, there is significant uncertainty with respect to the impacts of the War on macro-economic and financial factors in Israel, including the situation in the Israeli capital market. Accordingly, at this stage it is not possible to estimate the extent of the impact of the War on the Group and on its results.

As a group operating in Israel, continuation of the War, expansion of the scope thereof and/or a worsening of the defense (security) situation in Israel could well have an unfavorable impact on the Group's activities, results and liquidity, including due to impacts, as stated, on significant suppliers and customers of the Group and/or on macro-economic factors and the capital market. For additional details regarding the risk factors to which the Company is exposed, including as a result of risks relating the defense (security) situation in Israel, changes in the currency exchange rates, instability and/or access to the capital market and macro-economic changes – see Section 19 of Part A of the Periodic Report for 2023.

### 14. Corporate Governance

#### A. Internal Auditor

On August 13, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors approved, after receiving the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the appointment of Mr. Eyal Baasch, from the Office of Rosenbloom – Holzman, CPAs, as the Company's Internal Auditor. Set forth below are details regarding the Internal Auditor:

Name of the Internal Auditor Mr. Eyal Baasch ("the Internal Auditor")

Education and professional experience Certified Internal Auditor (C.I.A.); Certified Risk Management Auditor (CRMA).

Bachelor's degree in Corporate Sciences (Extended Economics) – Hebrew University in Jerusalem; Master's degree in Business Administration (MBA)

(specialization in accounting and finance) from the College of Administration.

Since 2012 he is a partner in the area of risk management and economics in the Office of Rosenbloom - Holzman, CPAs. Possesses extensive

professional experience in the area of internal auditing.

Start date of service August 13, 2024.

Compliance with legal requirements To the best of the Company's knowledge, according to the declaration of the Internal Auditor, the Internal Auditor meets the requirements of

Section 146(B) of the Companies Law and the provisions of Section 8 of the Internal Audit Law, 1992.

Employment format The Internal Auditor provides the Company internal audit services and he is not an employee of the Company in a full-time position. In addition, he

does not hold an additional position in the Company aside from his service as the Internal Auditor.

Manner of appointment The appointment of the Internal Auditor was approved by the Board of Directors on August 13, 2024, after a recommendation of the Audit Committee

on August 11, 2024.

The Company's Audit Committee and Board of Directors examined his qualifications, education and experience in internal auditing.

Other relationships the Internal Auditor has with the Company To the best of the Company's knowledge, the Internal Auditor does not hold securities of the Company.

The Internal Auditor is not an interested party in the Company or a relative of an interested party in the Company and is not a relative of the auditing

CPA or a party on its behalf.

Remuneration The fee of the Internal Auditor in respect of the services he will provide to the Company, will be paid to him on an hourly basis and the scope thereof

that will be determined based on the scope of the work hours determined in accordance with the annual work plan.

For additional details regarding the service of the Internal Auditor in accordance with the Fourth Addendum of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970, with respect to which there was no material change as a result of replacement of the Company's Internal Auditor – see Section 16 of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

#### 14. Corporate Governance (Cont.)

Further to that stated in Section 8.18 of Part A of the Periodic Report (Human Resources of the CPV Group):

In May 2024, it was decided to appoint Mr. Sherman Knight (presently the President and Deputy CEO of Commerce) to the position of CEO of the CPV Group, who will replace Mr. Gary Lambert in this position – this being effective starting from January 1, 2025. Commencing from the said date, Mr. Lambert will serve as the Executive Vice-Chairman to the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the CPV Group.

<u>Undertaking to purchase an insurance policy covering directors and officers</u> – on March 31, 2024, a decision of the Board of Directors entered into effect (after approval by the Remuneration Committee) in connection with renewal of the Company's undertaking to purchase an insurance policy covering directors and officers <sup>46</sup>, this being in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Regulations (Leniencies in Transactions with Interested Parties), 2000<sup>47</sup> and the provisions of the Company's remuneration policy <sup>48</sup>. For additional details – see the Company's Immediate Report dated March 31, 2024 (Reference No.: 2024-01-035499).

48 Regarding the Company's remuneration policy, including provisions relating insurance of officers' liability - see Appendix A (including Section 17.1 of the policy) to the Report Summoning the General Meeting published by the Company on June 6, 2021 (Reference No.: 2021-01-035761), which is included herein by means of reference.

Including Side A coverage.

Regulation 1B(1) and Regulations 1A(1)–1B(5) of the Leniency Regulations with respect to the Company's CEO and officers that the controlling shareholder could be considered as having a personal interest in their 47

#### 15. Contributions policy

The Company has a policy for making contributions that places emphasis on activities in the periphery and non-profit organizations that operate in the field of education.

The Group's expenses in respect of contributions in the period of the report amounted to about NIS 2.3 million.

Set forth below is detail of contributions of more than NIS 50 thousand and indication of the relationship to the recipient of the contribution (in NIS thousands):

Recipient of the Contribution	Amount of the Contribution	Relationship to the Recipient of the Contribution
"Password for Every Student" Society	1,000	"Password for Every Student" also receives contributions from parties related indirectly to the Company's controlling shareholder (including from the Israel Corporation Group). The Company's CEO is a representative of the project's Steering Committee without compensation.
"Rahashei Lev" Society		For the sake of good order, it is noted that as the Company was informed, commencing from November 2022, the daughter of Mr. Yosef Tena, an external director of the Company, is employed by the Tel-Aviv Medical Center in the name of Sorosky.
"Running to Give" Society	120	For the sake of good order, it is noted that a relative of the Company's CEO serves as Chairman of the Society without compensation.

### 16. Material valuations

### Acquisition of the Gat power plant transaction

Further to that stated in Note 25E(1) to the annual financial statements, in the period of the report the Company completed the valuation for determination of the fair value of the identified assets and liabilities of the Gat Power Plant and determination of the amount of the goodwill and the manner of allocation thereof to the cash-generating units, by means of an external independent appraiser (BDO Ziv Haft), without there having been a change in allocation of the acquisition cost compared to December 31, 2023. For details with respect to the valuation – see Section 13A of the Report of the Board of Directors for 2023.

-				
	Yair Caspi	<u></u>	Giora Almogy	
	Chairman of the Board of Directors		CEO	
Date: August 18, 2024				
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#### Appendix A

Additional Information regarding Activities of the Energy Transition Segment in the U.S.

### EOX Forecast of Natural Gas and Electricity Prices up to the end of 2024 and for 2025 – 2026

As additional background with respect to the activities of the Energy Transition Segment in the U.S. and in order to assist regarding accessibility to additional available external data, presented below are forecasts of electricity and natural gas prices in the regions in which the power plants of the CPV Group in the Energy Transition segment in the U.S. operate, which were prepared by the EOX Company<sup>49</sup> and it is based on future market prices of electricity and natural gas.

The data in the tables below reflect forecasts of the electricity and natural gas prices as received from EOX, where with reference to the forecast of the electricity prices the information was processed by the CPV Group in the following manner:

In the peak hours electricity is sold in the maximum scope; Sale of the balance of the electricity is made in the off-peak hours.

The electricity margin appearing in the table below is calculated based on the following formula:

Electricity margin (\$/MWh) = the electricity price (\$/MWh) - [the gas price (\$/MMBTU) X the thermal conversion ratio\* (heat rate) (MMBTU/MWh)]

\* Assumption of a thermal conversion ratio (heat rate) of 6.9 MMBTU/MWh for Maryland, Shore and Valley, and a thermal conversion ratio (heat rate) of 6.5 MMBTU/MWh for Three Rivers, Towantic and Fairview.

The data included in this Appendix below is based on forecasts of electricity and gas prices made by EOX – a market consulting company that provides information and data services in the area of the Company's activities in the U.S. in the Energy Transition area, and it is presented as additional background and in order to assist accessibility to available external data regarding the area of activities. It is clarified and emphasized that in light of the fact these are market forecasts, quite naturally the Company is not able to make (and did not make) an independent examination of the forecasts or the underlying data. It is clarified that there are additional entities that provide similar information services that might provide forecasts that differ from these prices. The Company does not undertake to update data as stated.

In addition, it is emphasized that forecasts are involved regarding which there is no certainty with respect to the accuracy or actual viability thereof. The electricity and natural gas prices (in the market, in general, and of the power plants of the CPV Group, in particular) might be different, even significantly, from that presented as a result of various factors, including, macro-economic factors, regulatory changes, geopolitical events (including global events) that impact the supply and demand of natural gas and electricity, weather events, events relating to the electricity sector in the U.S. (demand, availability of power plants, operational events, proper functioning of the electricity grid, transmission infrastructures) and/or failures in (problems with) the assumptions and estimates that form the basis of the forecast.

EOX is a subsidiary of a commodity broker, OTC Global Holdings, which publishes forward prices for the electricity and natural gas markets based on trading data in the futures markets. The futures prices are an objective way of estimating the future expectation with respect to electricity and natural gas prices since they represent transactions with entities operating in these markets involving buying and selling futures contracts at specific prices.

### Appendix A (Cont.)

Additional Information regarding Activities of the Energy Transition Segment in the U.S.

 $EOX\ Forecast\ of\ Natural\ Gas\ and\ Electricity\ Prices\ until \ the\ end\ of\ 2024\ and\ for\ 2025-2026$ 

Power Plant	For the six-month period July – December 2024	For the year 2025	For the year 2026
1 ower 1 rant	2024		2020
Fairview			
Gas price (Texas Eastern M2, as of 2026: M3)	1.86	2.56	3.51
Electricity price (AEP Dayton (AD))	42.56	44.68	46.70
Electricity margin	30.47	28.02	23.87
Towantic			
Gas price (Algoniquin City Gate)	3.62	5.64	5.92
Electricity price (Mass Hub)	54.33	66.92	62.97
Electricity margin	30.81	30.25	24.51
<u>Maryland</u>			
Gas price (Transco Zone 5)	2.95	3.99	4.36
Electricity price (PJM West Hub)	48.22	50.81	53.95
Electricity margin	27.86	23.30	23.87
Shore			
Gas price (Texas Eastern M3)	2.13	3.16	3.51
Electricity price (PJM West Hub)	48.22	50.81	53.95
Electricity margin	33.51	29.02	29.72
Valley			
Gas price (Texas Eastern M3 – 70%, Dominion South Pt – 30%)	2.05	2.96	3.28
Electricity price (New York Zone G)	47.30	56.65	59.97
Electricity margin	33.15	39.21	37.31
Three Rivers			
Gas price (Chicago City Gate)	2.52	3.40	3.69
Electricity price (PJM ComEd)	41.47	42.49	43.97
Electricity margin	25.10	20.40	19.97

Set forth below is gross (raw) data as included in the forecast of EOX (without processing)

Transco Zn5 Dlvd M2M Fwd	Chicago CG M2M	Texas Eastern M-2 M2M Fwd	Algonqui n CG M2M Fwd	Dominion S Pt M2M Fwd	Texas East ern M-3 M2M Fwd	Mass Hub M2M OPk	Mass Hub M2M Pk	Contract Date
2.93	1.98	1.59	1.77	1.65	1.68	28.14	47.22	01/06/24
3.09								
2.85								
2.62								
2.62								
2.86								01/11/24
3.67	3.86							01/12/24
5.61	4.73							01/01/25
5.56								
3.70								01/03/25
3.27								01/04/25
3.62								
3.50								
3.61	3.06							
3.53								
3.20								
3.28								
3.94								01/11/25
5.02								01/12/25
6.30								
5.65								
4.60								
3.70								
3.88								
3.85								
4.08								
3.97								
3.52								
3.52								01/10/26
3.75								
5.47	4.71	3.59	9.60	3.47	5.01	65.22	79.99	01/12/26
				73				

OPC Energy Ltd. Report of the Board of Directors

East NY ZnG M2M OPk	East NY ZnG M2M Pk	PJM ComEd M2MS OPk	PJM ComEd M2MS Pk	AEP- Dayton M2M OPk	AEP- Dayton M2M Pk	PJM West M2M OPk	PJM West M2M Pk	Contract Date
27.49	44.33	18.96	36.27	23.17	39.27	22.53	40.75	01/06/24
36.32	61.63	30.02	59.94	31.12	62.93	32.70	65.84	01/07/24
34.66	56.18	28.63	54.38	30.12	56.54	31.20	60.03	01/08/24
28.61	43.58	22.17	42.41	27.09	46.93	29.22	50.26	01/09/24
28.09	37.08		37.99	29.86	43.21			01/10/24
39.99	48.52		39.39	36.28	44.12	38.79	47.76	01/11/24
57.51	68.06	33.18	44.04	39.92	48.04	43.62	52.81	01/12/24
91.77	103.16	44.53	57.46	50.25	62.17	57.75	70.05	01/01/25
77.79	92.15	35.18	48.09	40.89	52.19	48.39	60.37	01/02/25
45.37	52.79	30.32	39.43	37.70	44.22	38.26	47.90	01/03/25
37.89	45.80	24.77	36.83	32.66	42.41	33.32	44.79	01/04/25
32.63	41.87	25.79	39.99	31.17	45.37	31.79	48.11	01/05/25
34.43	44.71	24.66	44.71	28.26	48.62	30.32	51.52	01/06/25
41.78	76.31	33.49	66.61	35.49	68.79	37.85	72.60	01/07/25
35.94	56.54	29.43	60.65	31.23	61.72	33.13	64.52	01/08/25
31.92	48.90		45.69					01/09/25
33.47	40.94	25.14	39.67					01/10/25
45.42	58.27	30.35	41.16	36.87	46.70	40.61		01/11/25
66.90	73.98	33.74	43.11	41.40	49.62			01/12/25
94.83	114.87	45.04	58.91	51.26	65.32	60.56		01/01/26
90.56	95.72		49.49					01/02/26
45.31	53.74		40.54					01/03/26
36.78	44.16		38.59					01/04/26
35.02	43.06		41.85					01/05/26
38.30	49.30		47.54					01/06/26
49.39	76.44	32.82	69.27					01/07/26
46.82	70.85		61.17					01/08/26
36.82	50.22		46.85					01/09/26
38.10	42.57		40.66					01/10/26
44.36	55.35		41.75					01/11/26
63.76	76.47	35.59	45.62	45.17	53.26	50.55	58.94	01/12/26
				74				

Exhibit 99.2

OPC Energy Ltd.

**Condensed Consolidated Interim** 

**Financial Statements** 

As of June 30, 2024

(Unaudited)

### Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements as of June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

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Somekh Chaikin Millennium Tower KPMG 17 HaArba'a St., P.O.B. 609 Tel Aviv 6100601 +972-3-684-8000

### Review Report of the Independent Auditors to the Shareholders of OPC Energy Ltd.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying financial information of OPC Energy Ltd. (hereinafter – the "Company") and its subsidiaries, including the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and the condensed consolidated interim statements of profit and loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-and three-month periods then ended. The Board of Directors and management are responsible for preparing and presenting financial information for these interim periods under Chapter D of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion regarding the financial information for these interim periods based on our review.

#### Review scope

We conducted our review in accordance with Review Standard (Israel) 2410 - "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Institute of Certified Public Accountants in Israel. A review of financial information for interim periods consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially smaller in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Israel and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might have been identifiable in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the aforementioned financial information was not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

In addition to that mentioned in the previous paragraph, based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the aforementioned financial information does not comply, in all material respects, with the disclosure requirements of Chapter D of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970.

Somekh Chaikin Certified Public Accountants

August 18, 2024

KPMG Somekh Chaikin, an Israeli registered partnership and a member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a private English company limited by guarantee.



Somekh Chaikin Millennium Tower KPMG 17 HaArba'a St., P.O.B. 609 Tel Aviv 6100601 +972-3-684-8000

To

The Board of Directors of OPC Energy Ltd. (hereinafter - the "Company")

Dear Sirs/Madams,

### Re: Letter of Consent in Connection with the Company's Shelf Prospectus of May 2023

This is to inform you that we agree to the inclusion in the shelf prospectus (including by way of reference) of our reports listed below in connection with the shelf prospectus of May 2023:

- (1) Independent auditors' review report of August 18, 2024 on the Company's condensed consolidated financial information as of June 30, 2024 and for the six- and three-month periods then ended.
- (2) Independent auditors' special report of August 18, 2024 on the Company's separate interim financial information as of June 30, 2024, in accordance with Regulation 38D to the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970 and for the six- and three-month periods then ended.

Respectfully,

Somekh Chaikin Certified Public Accountants

KPMG Somekh Chaikin, an Israeli registered partnership and a member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a private English company limited by guarantee.

	June 30 2024 (Unaudited) NIS million	June 30 2023 (Unaudited) NIS million	December 31 2023 (Audited) NIS million
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	722	818	1,007
Short-term restricted deposits and cash	5	60	2
Trade receivables	360	277	247
Other receivables and debit balances	365	169	404
Short-term derivatives	13	14	12
Total current assets	1,465	1,338	1,672
Non-current assets			
Long-term restricted deposits and cash	58	58	59
Long-term receivables and debit balances	183	187	190
Investments in associates	2,661	2,496	2,550
Deferred tax assets	38	25	57
Long-term derivatives	60	63	51
Property, plant & equipment	6,680	6,135	6,243
Right-of-use assets and deferred expenses	622	601	631
Intangible assets	1,168	1,067	1,165
Total non-current assets	11,470	10,632	10,946
Total assets	12,935	11,970	12,618

	June 30 2024 (Unaudited) NIS million	June 30 2023 (Unaudited) NIS million	December 31 2023 (Audited) NIS million
Current liabilities			
Loans and credit from banking corporations and financial institutions (including current maturities)	146	183	391
Current maturities of debt from non-controlling interests	29	33	32
Current maturities of debentures	202	113	192
Trade payables	319	377	257
Payables and credit balances	438	487	403
Short-term derivatives	7	3	8
Total current liabilities	1,141	1,196	1,283
Non-current liabilities			
	2.000	2.555	2.045
Long-term loans from banking corporations and financial institutions	2,880 469	2,555 400	2,865 422
Long-term debt from non-controlling interests  Debentures		1.735	
	1,756	,	1,647
Long-term lease liabilities	201	209	204
Long-term derivatives	45 567	-	58
Other long-term liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	495	146 479	399 498
Defened tax natinues	495	479	498
Total non-current liabilities	6,413	5,524	6,093
Total liabilities	7,554	6,720	7,376
Equity			
Share capital	2	2	2
Share premium	3,211	3,210	3,210
Capital reserves	619	645	523
Retained earnings	115	8	113
Total equity attributable to the Company's shareholders	3,947	3,865	3,848
Non-controlling interests	1,434	1,385	1,394
Total equity	5,381	5,250	5,242
Total liabilities and equity	12,935	11,970	12,618
	12,900	11,770	12,010
Yair Caspi Giora / Chairman of the Board of Directors Cl	Almogy	Ana Berenshtein Shvar CFO	rtsman

Approval date of the financial statements: August 18, 2024

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ Interim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

	For the six-month per	riod ended June 30	For the three-month p	period ended June 30	For the year ended December 31
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million
Revenues from sales and provision of services	1,311	1,120	673	601	2,552
Cost of sales and services (excluding depreciation and amortization)	(911)	(834)	(481)	(470)	(1,827)
Depreciation and amortization	(155)	(110)	(81)	(62)	(288)
Gross income	245	176	111	69	437
General and administrative expenses	(119)	(117)	(58)	(58)	(212)
Share in profits of associates	86	100	14	15	242
Business development expenses	(22)	(30)	(10)	(15)	(58)
Compensation for loss of income	26	-	-	-	41
Other income (expenses), net	(52)	(5)	4	(5)	(16)
Operating profit	164	124	61	6	434
Finance expenses	(172)	(110)	(96)	(63)	(240)
Finance income	23	37	8	8	43
Finance expenses, net	(149)	(73)	(88)	(55)	(197)
Profit (loss) before taxes on income	15	51	(27)	(49)	237
Tax benefit (income tax expenses)	(27)	(12)		9	(68)
Profit (loss) for the period	(12)	39	(27)	(40)	169
Attributable to:					
The Company's shareholders	2	39	(16)	(24)	144
Non-controlling interests	(14)		(11)	(16)	25
Profit (loss) for the period	(12)	39	(27)	(40)	169
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to the Company's owners					
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share (in NIS)	0.01	0.18	(0.07)	(0.10)	0.63

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ Interim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

	For the six-month per	riod ended June 30	For the three-month ne	the three-month period ended June 30		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	December 31 2023	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	
Profit (loss) for the period	(12)	39	(27)	(40)	169	
Other comprehensive income items that, subsequent to initial recognition in						
comprehensive income, were or will be transferred to profit and loss						
Effective portion of the change in the fair value of cash flow hedges	25	17	7	13	(40)	
Net change in fair value of derivatives used to hedge cash flows recognized in the cost of the						
hedged item	-	(4)	-	(1)	(5)	
Net change in fair value of derivatives used to hedge cash flows transferred to profit and loss	(8)	(11)	(6)	(7)	(20)	
Group's share in other comprehensive loss of associates, net of tax	(56)	(14)	5	4	(48)	
Foreign currency translation differences in respect of foreign operations	159	215	94	102	126	
Tax on other comprehensive income (loss) items	(7)	(12)	(3)	(6)	1	
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	113	191	97	105	14	
Total comprehensive income for the period	101	230	70	65	183	
Attributable to:						
The Company's shareholders	95	190	58	56	169	
Non-controlling interests	6	40	12	9	14	
Comprehensive income for the period	101	230	70	65	183	
The accompanying notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an in						

The accompanying notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part thereof.

	Attributable to the Company's shareholders								
	Share capital NIS million	Share premium  NIS million	Capital reserves NIS million	Hedge fund NIS million	Foreign operations translation reserve NIS million (Unaudited)	Retained earnings (retained loss) NIS million	Total NIS million	Non-con- trolling interests NIS million	Total equity NIS million
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2024									
Balance as of January 1, 2024	2	3,210	248	25	250	113	3,848	1,394	5,242
Investments by holders of non-controlling interests in equity of subsidiary Share-based payment Exercised options and RSUs	- - *.	1	- 4 (1)		:		. 4	34	34 4
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of tax Profit (loss) for the period			· ·	(27)	120	2	93	20 (14)	113 (12)
Balance as of June 30, 2024	2	3,211	251	(2)	370	115	3,947	1,434	5,381
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023									
Balance as of January 1, 2023	2	3,209	77	91	159	(31)	3,507	859	4,366
Investments by holders of non-controlling interests in equity of subsidiary Share-based payment	- -	- -	- 5	-	- -	-	- 5	196 1	196 6
Exercised options and RSUs Restructuring - share exchange and investment transaction with Veridis	*_	1	(1)	-	-	-	163	289	452
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of tax Profit for the period	-	-		(8)	159	39	151 39	40	191 39
Balance as of June 30, 2023	2	3,210	244	83	318	8	3,865	1,385	5,250

 ${}^*$  Amount is less than NIS 1 million. The accompanying notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part thereof.

	Attributable to the Company's shareholders								
	Share capital NIS million	Share premium  NIS million	Capital reserves NIS million	Hedge fund NIS million	Foreign operations translation reserve NIS million (Unaudited)	Retained earnings NIS million	Total NIS million	Non-con- trolling interests NIS million	Total equity NIS million
For the three-month period ended June 30, 2024									
Balance as of April 1, 2024	2	3,210	249	(5)	299	131	3,886	1,388	5,274
Investments by holders of non-controlling interests in equity of subsidiary Share-based payment		<u>.</u>	- 3	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>.</u> 3	34	34 3
Exercised options and RSUs Other comprehensive income	*-	1	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-
for the period, net of tax Loss for the period	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		3	71	(16)	74 (16)	23 (11)	97 (27)
Balance as of June 30, 2024	2	3,211	251	(2)	370	115	3,947	1,434	5,381
For the three-month period ended June 30, 2023									
Balance as of April 1, 2023	2	3,209	244	78	243	32	3,808	1,341	5,149
Investments by holders of non-controlling interests in equity of subsidiary	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	34	34
Share-based payment Exercised options and RSUs	- *_	-	1 (1)	-	-	-	1	1	2
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	-	_	(1)	5	75	<del>-</del>	80	25	105
Loss for the period			<u> </u>			(24)	(24)	(16)	(40)
Balance as of June 30, 2023	2	3,210	244	83	318	8	3,865	1,385	5,250

\* Amount is less than NIS~1~million. The accompanying notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part thereof.

	Attributable to the Company's shareholders								
	Share capital NIS million	Share premium  NIS million	Capital reserves NIS million	Hedge fund NIS million	Foreign operations translation reserve NIS million (Audited)	Retained earnings (retained loss) NIS million	Total NIS million	Non-con- trolling interests NIS million	Total equity NIS million
For the year ended December 31, 2023									
Balance as of January 1, 2023	2	3,209	77	91	159	(31)	3,507	859	4,366
Investments by holders of non-controlling interests in equity of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	231	231
Share-based payment Exercised options and RSUs	-	- 1	9 (1)	-	-	-	9	1	10
Restructuring - share exchange and investment transaction with Veridis	-	-	163	-	-	-	163	289	452
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of tax Profit for the year				(66)	91	144	25 144	(11) 25	14 169
Balance as of December 31, 2023	2	3,210	248	25	250	113	3,848	1,394	5,242

<sup>\*</sup> Amount is less than NIS 1 million.

The accompanying notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part thereof.

	For the six-month per	iod ended June 30	For the three-month pe	riod ended June 30	For the year ended December 31
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit (loss) for the period	(12)	39	(27)	(40)	169
Adjustments:					
Depreciation and amortization	162	117	85	66	303
Diesel fuel consumption	8	19	4	18	32
Finance expenses, net	149	73	88	55	197
Income tax expense (tax benefit)	27	12	-	(9)	68
Share in profits of associates	(86)	(100)	(14)	(15)	(242)
Other income (expenses), net	52	5	(4)	5	16
Share-based payment transactions	10	17	4	8	(7)
	310	182	136	88	536
Changes in trade and other receivables	(101)	17	(140)	(75)	(22)
Changes in trade payables, service providers, other payables and long-term liabilities	96	(38)	64	44	(25)
	(5)	(21)	(76)	(31)	(47)
Dividends received from associates	26	4	8	4	13
Income tax paid	(4)	(5)	(4)	(4)	(7)
Net cash provided by operating activities	327	160	64	57	495
Cash flows used for investing activities					
Cash flows used for investing activities					
Interest received	12	15	5	9	35
Change in restricted deposits and cash, net	(1)	(18)	(1)	(33)	48
Withdrawals into short-term deposits	-	125	-	-	125
Release (provision) of short-term collateral, net	7	73	(3)	-	110
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	-	(893)	•	(625)	(1,172)
Investment in associates	(28)	(8)	(18)	(4)	(29)
Subordinated long-term loans to Valley	-	(87)	-	(87)	(87)
Purchase of property, plant, and equipment, intangible assets and long-term deferred					
expenses	(505)	(540)	(251)	(317)	(1,223)
Proceeds for derivatives, net	1	9	1	3	8
Other		8		1	19
Not and a second for the second secon	(514)	(1.210)	(2(7)	(1.052)	(2.160)
Net cash used for investing activities	(514)	(1,316)	(267)	(1,053)	(2,166)

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ Condensed \ Consolidated \ Interim \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ thereof.$ 

	For the six-month period ended June 30		For the three-month period ended June 30		For the year ended December 31	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	NIS million	
Cash flows provided by financing activities						
Proceeds of debenture issuance, net of issuance costs	198	-	-	-	-	
Receipt of long-term loans from banking corporations and financial institutions, net	35	895	2	351	1,242	
Receipt of long-term debt from non-controlling interests	24	45	11	10	110	
Investments by holders of non-controlling interests in equity of subsidiary	34	196	34	34	231	
Proceed in respect of restructuring - share exchange and investment transaction with Veridis	-	452	-	-	452	
Change in short term loans from banking corporations, net	(205)	-	(2)	-	231	
Tax equity partner's investment in US-based renewable energy projects	152	-	152	-	304	
Interest paid	(119)	(59)	(53)	(25)	(152)	
Repayment of long-term loans from banking corporations and others (*)	(126)	(46)	(64)	(22)	(144)	
Repayment of long-term loans as part of the acquisition of Gat	-	(303)	-	-	(303)	
Repayment of long-term debt from non-controlling interests	(9)	(74)	-	(38)	(123)	
Repayment of debentures	(96)	(16)	-	-	(31)	
Proceeds for derivatives, net	5	3	3	2	9	
Repayment of principal in respect of lease liabilities	(5)	(4)	(3)	(2)	(9)	
Other	(7)	-	(2)	-	=	
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	(119)	1,089	78	310	1,817	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(306)	(67)	(125)	(686)	146	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	1,007	849	838	1,503	849	
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalent balances	21		9	1	12	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	722	818	722	818	1,007	

<sup>(\*)</sup> In the reporting period includes a partial early repayment of the long-term loans in Hadera amounting to approx. NIS 25 million, further to receipt of compensation from the Construction Contractor at the end of 2023 as detailed in Note 28A4 to the Annual Financial Statements.

The accompanying notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part thereof.

#### NOTE 1 - GENERAL

#### The Reporting Entity

OPC Energy Ltd. (hereinafter – "the Company") was incorporated in Israel on February 2, 2010. The Company's registered address is 121 Menachem Begin Road, Tel Aviv, Israel. The Company's controlling shareholder is Kenon Holdings Ltd. (hereinafter - the "Parent Company"), a company incorporated in Singapore, the shares of which are dual-listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange Ltd. (hereinafter - the "TASE").

The Company is a publicly-traded company whose securities are traded on the TASE.

As of the report date, the Company and its investees (hereinafter - the "Group") are engaged in the generation and supply of electricity and energy through three reportable segments. For details regarding the Group's operating segments during the reporting period, see Note 27 to the Financial Statements as of the date and year ended December 31, 2023 (hereinafter – the "Annual Financial Statements").

#### NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### A. Statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 (hereinafter – "IAS 34") - "Interim Financial Reporting" and do not include all of the information required in complete Annual Financial Statements. These statements should be read in conjunction with the Annual Financial Statements. In addition, these financial statements were prepared in accordance with the provisions of Chapter D of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports) 1970.

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements were approved for publication by the Company's Board of Directors on August 18, 2024.

#### B. Functional and presentation currency

The New Israeli Shekel (NIS) is the currency that represents the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. Accordingly, the NIS is the Company's functional currency. The NIS also serves as the presentation currency in these financial statements. Currencies other than the NIS constitute foreign currency.

#### C. Use of estimates and judgments

In preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with the IFRS, the Company's management is required to use judgment when making estimates, assessments and assumptions that affect implementation of the policies and the amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. It is clarified that the actual results may differ from these estimates.

Management's judgment, at the time of implementing the Group's accounting policies and the main assumptions used in the estimates involving uncertainty, are consistent with those used in the Annual Financial Statements.

#### D. Reclassification

The Group carried out immaterial classifications in its comparative figures such that their classification will match their classification in the current financial statements.

#### E. Seasonality

The revenues of the Group companies from the sale of energy in Israel are mostly based on the generation component, which constitutes part of the demand side management tariff, which is supervised and published by the Israeli Electricity Authority. The year is broken down into three seasons: summer (June through September), winter (December, January and February) and transitional (March through May and October through November), with each season having a different tariff for each demand hour cluster.

In the United States, the electricity tariffs are not regulated and are affected by the demand to electricity, which is generally higher than average during the summer and winter; electricity tariffs are also materially affected by natural gas prices, which may generally be higher in winter than the annual average. In addition, with regard to wind-powered renewable energy projects, the speed of the wind tends to be higher during the winter and lower during the summer, whereas in solar-powered projects solar radiation tends to be higher during the spring and summer months and lower during the fall and winter months.

### NOTE 3 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Group's accounting policies in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the same as the policies applied to the Annual Financial Statements.

### B. New standards not yet adopted

### IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

This standard supersedes IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements. The objective of the standard is to provide improved structure and content to the financial statements, specifically the Statement of Profit and Loss. The standard includes new disclosure and presentation requirements, and requirements which have been retained from IAS 1 with slight changes in wording. Generally, expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss shall be classified into three categories: operating income, investment income, and finance income. The standard also includes requirements to provide separate disclosure in the financial statements regarding the use of NON-GAAP measures, and specific guidance on aggregation and disaggregation of items in the financial statements and the notes.

The standard will be initially applied for annual periods commencing on January 1, 2027; early application is permitted.

The Group is studying the effects of the standard on the Financial Statements.

### NOTE 4 – SEGMENT REPORTING

Further to that which is stated in Note 27 to the annual financial statements, during the reporting period there were no changes in the composition of the Group's reportable segments, or in the manner of measuring the results of the segments by the chief operating decision maker.

_		For the six	-month period ended Ju	ne 30, 2024		
	Israel	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA	Other activities in the USA	Adjust-ments to consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - total
In NIS million				ıdited)		
Revenues from sales and provision of services	1,074	880	139	98	(880)	1,311
EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup>	286	288	63	(3)	(291)	343
Adjustments:						
Share in profits of associates						86
General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters						
(not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's						(43
headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments)  Total EBITDA						(8
Iviai EBIIDA						376
Depreciation and amortization						(162
Finance expenses, net						(149
Other expenses, net						(52)
Profit before taxes on income						15
Expenses for income tax						(27
Loss for the period						(12)
-						
			-month period ended Ju		Adjust-ments to	
_	Israel	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA	Other activities in the USA	Adjust-ments to consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - total
In NIS million	Israel	Energy Transition	Renewable energies in the USA	Other activities in		Consoli-dated - total
In NIS million  Revenues from sales and provision of services	Israel	Energy Transition	Renewable energies in the USA	Other activities in the USA		Consoli-dated - total
Revenues from sales and provision of services	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120
		Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unau	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated	
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup> Adjustments:	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120 224
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup> Adjustments:	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120 224
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments)	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120 224 100 (18)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120 224 100 (18 (47
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments)	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120 224 100 (18 (47 (13
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments)	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120 224 100 (18 (47 (13 246
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120 224 100 (18) (47) (13) 246 (117)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120 224 100 (18) (47) (13) 246 (117) (73) (5)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net Other expenses, net	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120  224  100 (18  (47  (13) 246  (117  (73) (5) (195)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120  224  100 (18  (47  (13) 246  (117  (73) (5) (195)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net Other expenses, net	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120  224  100 (18) (47) (13) 246 (117) (73) (5) (195)
Revenues from sales and provision of services  EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation¹  Adjustments: Share in profits of associates Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net  Profit before taxes on income	998	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA (Unat	Other activities in the USA adited)	consoli-dated (748)	1,120

For a definition of EBITDA following adjusted proportionate consolidation, see Note 27 to the Annual Financial Statements.

### NOTE 4 – SEGMENT REPORTING (cont.)

		Energy Transition	ee-month period ended Ju Renewable energies	Other activities in	Adjust-ments to	
	Israel	in the US	in the USA	the USA	consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - tota
In NIS million	197401	III the es	(Unau		conson dated	conson duted total
Revenues from sales and provision of services	542	362	79	52	(362)	67
EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup>	116	109	35	2	(110)	15
Adjustments: Share in profits of associates						]
General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters						
(not allocated to segments)						(1
General and administrative expenses at the Company's						(
headquarters (not allocated to segments)						
Total EBITDA						1-
Depreciation and amortization						G
Finance expenses, net						Ò
Other income, net						
						(10
Loss before income taxes						(2
Loss for the period						(;
_		For the thre	e-month period ended Ju	ne 30, 2023		
		Energy Transition	Renewable energies	Other activities in	Adjust-ments to	
	Israel	in the US	in the USA	the USA	consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - tota
In NIS million			(Unau	lited)		
Revenues from sales and provision of services	534	251	40	27	(251)	60
EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup>	92	87	12	(3)	(87)	10
Adjustments:						
Share in profits of associates						
Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters						(
						(
(not allocated to segments)						(
(not allocated to segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's						
(not allocated to segments)  General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)						
(not allocated to segments)  General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA						
(not allocated to segments)  General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization						
(not allocated to segments)  General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization  Finance expenses, net						((
(not allocated to segments)  General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization  Finance expenses, net						((
(not allocated to segments) General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments) Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization Finance expenses, net Other expenses, net						(1
(not allocated to segments)  General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization  Finance expenses, net  Other expenses, net						(1
(not allocated to segments)  General and administrative expenses at the Company's headquarters (not allocated to segments)  Total EBITDA  Depreciation and amortization  Finance expenses, net  Other expenses, net  Loss before income taxes  Tax benefit						(2

### NOTE 4 – SEGMENT REPORTING (cont.)

	For the year ended December 31, 2023						
	Israel	Energy Transition in the US	Renewable energies in the USA	Other activities in the USA	Adjust-ments to consoli-dated	Consoli-dated - tota	
In NIS million			(Aud	ited)		•	
Revenues from sales and provision of services	2,283	1,525	146	123	(1,525)	2,55	
EBITDA after adjusted proportionate consolidation <sup>1</sup>	580	577	31	6	(580)	61-	
Adjustments:							
Share in profits of associates						24	
Net pre-commissioning expenses of Zomet						(1	
General and administrative expenses at the US headquarters (not attributed to US segments)						(5	
General and administrative expenses at the Company's							
headquarters (not attributed to the operating segments)						(2	
Total EBITDA						75	
Depreciation and amortization						(30	
Finance expenses, net						(19	
Other expenses, net						(1	
						(51	
Profit before taxes on income						23	
Expenses for income tax						(6	
Profit for the year						16	

### NOTE 5 - REVENUES FROM SALES AND PROVISION OF SERVICES

 $\label{lem:composition} \textbf{Composition of revenues from sales and provision of services:}$ 

	For the six-month perio	d ended June 30	For the three-month per	iod ended June 30	For the year ended December 31
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023
In NIS million	(Unaudite	d)	(Unaudit	ed)	(Audited)
Revenues from sale of energy in Israel:					
Revenues from the sale of energy to private customers	605	624	305	324	1,424
Revenues from energy sales to the System Operator and other suppliers	96	45	50	32	120
Revenues from the sale of energy to the System Operator, at cogeneration tariff	25	20	6	10	82
Income for capacity services	88	-	46	-	59
Revenues from sale of steam in Israel	30	31	13	14	59
Other income in Israel	23	43	16	35	59
Total income from sale of energy and others in Israel (excluding infrastructure services)	867	763	436	415	1,803
Revenues from private customers for infrastructure services	207	235	106	119	480
Total income in Israel	1,074	998	542	534	2,283
Revenues from sale of energy from renewable sources in the United States	125	60	69	36	136
Revenues from provision of services and other revenues in the United States	112	62	62	31	133
Total income in the USA	237	122	131	67	269
Total income	1,311	1,120	673	601	2,552
	F - 19				

#### NOTE 6 - SUBSIDIARIES

- A. Further to Note 25E1 to the Annual Financial Statements regarding the completion of the transaction for the acquisition of the Gat Power Plant on March 30, 2023, during the reporting period, the Company completed the attribution of the acquisition cost of the acquisi
- B. Further to Notes 12D and 25A4 to the Financial Statements regarding the signing of a separation agreement between OPC Israel, the Founder and the additional shareholder in Gnrgy, and further to OPC Israel's signing a non-binding memorandum of understanding for the sale of Gnrgy's shares to a third party, the memorandum of understanding with the third party did not amount to an agreement, and OPC Israel did not issue a notice about the purchase of the Founder's Gnrgy shares within the period set in the agreement, and on May 4, 2024 the right to purchase OPC Israel's Gnrgy shares within the period and under the conditions set in the agreement was transferred to the Founder.

In view of the above, the Company assessed the recoverable amount of Gnrgy as of March 31, 2024, in accordance with the provisions of IAS 36 and based on an independent external appraiser, using the fair value method net of costs to sell, and based on the expected discounted cash flows (DCF), a long-term growth rate of 3% and a weighted discount rate of 21.5%. Since Gnrgy's recoverable amount is lower than its carrying amount, an approx. NIS 21 million impairment loss (which is mostly attributed to goodwill) was recognized in the net other expenses line item.

On July 3, 2024, the Founder served OPC Israel a notice in accordance with the separation agreement regarding their undertaking to purchase all Gnrgy shares held by OPC Israel. The completion of the Sale Agreement is subject to the approval of the Competition Commissioner (hereinafter - the "Commissioner") in connection with a third party, which engaged with the Founder in an agreement for the purchase of Gnrgy shares.

Insofar as the sale transaction will be completed, the Company's Financial Statements will not be materially affected due to its investment in Gnrgy. As of the report approval date, it is uncertain that such approval by the Competition Commissioner will be received, and that the Sale Agreement will be completed.

### NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY

### A. Significant events during and subsequent to the reporting period

#### 1. Issuance of Debentures (Series D)

In January 2024, the Company issued Debentures (Series D) with a par value of approx. NIS 200 million (hereinafter – "Debentures (Series D)"), with the proceeds of the issuance to be used for the Company's needs, including to refinance current financial debt. The debentures are listed on the TASE, are not CPI-linked and bear annual interest of 6.2%. The principal and interest for Debentures (Series D) will be repaid in unequal semi-annual payments (on March 25 and September 25 of each year), starting from March 25, 2026 in relation to the principal and September 25, 2024 in relation to interest. The issuance expenses amounted to approx. NIS 2 million.

For details regarding additional terms and conditions of Debentures (Series D), see Note 17C to the Annual Financial Statements.

#### 2. Banking financing agreements in OPC Israel

On August 11, 2024 (hereinafter - the "Financial Closing Date") OPC Israel (hereinafter - the "Borrower") - engaged in a financing agreement with Bank Hapoalim Ltd. and a financing agreement with Bank Hapoalim Ltd. and a financing agreement with Bank Leumi le-Israel B.M. (hereinafter - the "Lenders") for the provision of loans at the total amount of approx. NIS 1.65 billion, which served mainly for early repayment of the existing project financing of Zomet and Gat as detailed in Note 16B1 to the Annual Financial Statements, and for the financing of the Borrower's activity as defined in the financing agreements.

On the Financial Closing Date, Zomet and Gat each served an irrevocable notice of early repayment of the project financing advanced to it, and the early repayment amounts, including accrued interest and early repayment fee, stand at approx. NIS 1,144 million for Zomet and approx. NIS 443 million for Gat. Most of the amount required for the Early Repayment of the Project Credit was advanced to Zomet and Gat by the Borrower thorough intercompany loans.

In respect of the abovementioned early repayment the Company is expected to recognize in the third quarter of 2024 one-off finance expenses totaling approx. NIS 49 million, of which approx. NIS 12 million are in respect of early repayment fees including in the above repayment amounts, and approx. NIS 37 million in respect of deferred finance costs (not involving cash flows).

### $NOTE\ 7-CREDIT\ FROM\ BANKING\ CORPORATIONS\ AND\ OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES\ AND\ EQUITY\ (cont.)$

- A. Significant events during and subsequent to the reporting period (cont.)
  - 2. <u>Banking financing agreements in OPC Israel</u> (cont.)

### Set forth below are the key principles of the Financing Agreements<sup>2</sup>

Loan provision date	The Total Financing Commitments were advanced to the Borrower on the Financial Closing Date. The financing withdrawal and the actual execution of the Early Repayment of the Project Credit will take place on August 15, 2024.
Principal terms	Principal of Financing Agreement 1: NIS 850 million. Principal of Financing Agreement 2: NIS 800 million.  The loans' principal will be repaid in quarterly installments from March 25, 2025 through December 25, 2033, as follows:0.5% in every quarter in 2025; 0.75% in every quarter in 2026; 1% in
	every quarter in 2027-2029; 5% in every quarter in 2030-2032; 5.75% in every quarter in 2033.
Interest terms	The Financing Agreements bear annual interest at a rate based on Prime interest + a spread ranging from 0.3% to 0.4%.  The interest in respect of each loan will be repaid in quarterly installments from September 25, 2024 through December 25, 2033.  Furthermore, the Financing Agreements include additional interest as is generally accepted, which is payable upon the occurrence of default events (with respect to additional interest due to temporary non-compliance with financial covenants which does not constitute default, see below) and in respect of failure to make payments on time (interest on arrears).
Collateral and pledges	Under the Financing Agreements, the Borrower undertook not to place liens on, or provide collateral for, its assets, including its holdings in subsidiaries, except for certain allowed pledges as defined in the Financing Agreements, mostly for the purpose of existing and/or future project financing (for the Hadera Power Plant) (if any), under the defined terms and conditions. Furthermore, the Borrower's subsidiaries provided the Lenders with an undertaking not to take credit, excluding existing and/or future Project Credit (for the Hadera Power Plant) and except with respect to activity in the ordinary course of business, all in accordance with the defined terms and conditions. In addition, company guarantees were provided to the Lenders by certain subsidiaries in which the Borrower has a 100% stake (directly and/or indirectly).
Additional restrictions, liabilities and material conditions	The Financing Agreements include various undertakings of the Borrower and grounds, upon the fulfillment of which the Lenders will be allowed to call for immediate repayment of the loans (subject to remediation periods or to amounts set if applicable under the circumstances), <sup>3</sup> which include, among other things, failure to make payments in respect of the loan on the dates which were set for that purpose, liquidation procedures, receivership, insolvency or debt arrangements of the Borrower at set forth in the Financing Agreements, change of control in the Company or the Borrower under defined circumstances and conditions, certain events which have an adverse effect on the Borrower's activity as set forth in the Financing Agreements, restructuring - except for certain defined exceptions, a change in the area of activity of the Borrower under set conditions, restrictions on the sale of assets under set conditions, failure to comply with the following financial covenants in accordance with the terms and conditions which were set (except for cases where a certain deviation does not constitute grounds subject to the provisions regarding additional interest as detailed below), and a cross-default clause where the Borrower's debt is called for immediate repayment upon the fulfillment of certain set terms and conditions.  In addition, provisions were set with regard to fees, as is generally accepted in financing agreements, including transaction and early repayment fees. It is clarified that early repayment fees in respect of each loan (except for fees in respect of economic damage, as applicable) were set at levels which decrease gradually over the loan term, such that within a set number of years no early
	repayment fees will apply.
Conditions for distribution	Distribution by the Borrower (including repayment of subordinated shareholder loans provided to the Borrower and/or its investees, excluding the Rotem Loan) is subject to conditions generally accepted in financing agreements, and to compliance with the following financial covenants:  The ratio between the net financial debt less the financial debt designated for construction of the projects that have not yet started generating EBITDA, and the adjusted EBITDA, as defined below, shall not exceed 7.

The Financing Agreements are separate and independent of each other; however, considering their similar characteristics, they are described collectively, where relevant.

In accordance with the Financing Agreements, some of the Borrower's undertakings and grounds for immediate repayment (as detailed below) apply in respect of events of material subsidiaries of the Borrower (which include, among other things, OPC Power Plants, Rotem, Zomet, etc.).

### NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY (cont.)

#### A. Significant events during and subsequent to the reporting period (cont.)

2. Banking financing agreements in OPC Israel (cont.)

#### Financial covenants

The financial covenants will be assessed at the end of each quarter (hereinafter - the "Measurement Date"), immediately after the approval date of the financial statements of the Borrower. Following are the financial covenants applicable to the Borrower (on a consolidated basis) on each measurement date in connection with each of the Financing Agreements:

- The ratio of the net financial debt (1) less financial debt designated for construction of the projects that have not yet started generating EBITDA(2), and the adjusted EBITDA(3) shall not exceed 8 (hereinafter "Debt to EBITDA Ratio").
- The equity (4) to total assets(5) shall not fall below 20%
- The Company's equity (4) will not fall below NIS 1.1 billion.
- (1) Net financial debt Total (1) long and short-term interest-bearing debts (including the Borrower's share in such debts of associates) to banking corporations, financial entities and any other entity engaged in the provision of loans; (2) shareholder loans, excluding subordinated shareholder loans, as defined by the financing agreements, excluding the Rotem Loan; (3) plus and/or less principal and/or interest swaps at their nominal value (less and/or plus the deposits provided to secure them); and (4) net of financial assets.
  - <u>Financial assets</u> total (1) cash and cash equivalents and (2) deposits with banks and financial institutions (excluding restricted deposits provided against a guarantee), provided that they are clear and free of any pledge, incumbrance and foreclosure. It is noted that cash and cash equivalents and deposits restricted to the servicing of a financial debt shall constitute part of the financial assets.
- (2) A financial debt designated for the construction of projects which have not vet started generating EBITDA (1) financial debt provided to a special-purpose corporation as part of project credit; or (2) in a project that was not pledged the outstanding balance of a financial debt provided at an amount that does not exceed the balance of actual investment in the project, provided that the aggregate amount will not exceed on each measurement date NIS 200 million; all of the above in connection with a project that has not yet reached commercial operation.
- (3) Adjusted EBITDA EBITDA in the four quarters preceding the measurement date (including the Borrower's share in the EBITDA of associates) net of other and/or one-off expenses or income and share-based payment. Plus:
  - (a) The annualized EBITDA5 of assets which commenced commercial operation during the four quarters preceding the measurement date; and
  - (b) The annualized EBITDA of assets, which were purchased by the Borrower and/or investees as part of an acquisition and/or merger transaction, the financial debt in respect of which was recognized upon their purchase.
- (4) Equity capital as per the Borrower's consolidated financial statements attributable to the parent company's shareholders, plus subordinated shareholder loans (but excluding the Rotem Loan).
- (5) Total assets as per the Borrower's consolidated financial statements.

It is noted that if the Borrower fails to comply with any financial covenants in a certain quarter at a range which does not exceed 10% of the values set for the relevant covenant, the loan will bear additional interest at a rate set in the Financing Agreements as from the quarter in which the financial statements were published, according to which the Borrower failed to comply the relevant covenants, up to a period of 2 (two) consecutive quarters. Provided that such a deviation period will not occur more often than a frequency set in the Financing Agreements, the failure to comply with such financial covenants in the said period shall not be deemed a default event and shall not constitute grounds for calling for immediate repayment of the loan.

The actual amounts and/or ratios in respect of the abovementioned covenants as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

#### Financial covenants (consolidated)1

Borrower's equity capital
The Borrower's equity to asset ratio
The Borrower's net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio

Actual value
Approx. NIS 2,486 million

Approx. NIS 2,486 million

45% 3.0

For details regarding the shareholder loan advanced to Rotem see Note 25D2 to the Annual Financial Statements.

Annualized EBITDA - the EBITDA divided by the number of days during the period commencing on the commercial operation/purchase date and ending on the relevant measurement date, multiplied by 365.

The Borrower has a short term bank credit facility that include financial covenants that are not more stringent than the covenants detailed above.

### A. Significant events during and subsequent to the reporting period (cont.)

### 2. <u>Bank financing agreements in the US Renewable Energies Segment</u>

On August 16, 2024 a notice to proceed order was issued to the Rogue's Wind project - a wind energy power plant with a capacity of 114 MW, located in Pennsylvania United States (hereinafter - the "Project" 1). On the said date, the EPC Agreement (Engineering, Procurement and Construction) with the Project's construction contractor and the equipment purchase agreement were signed. As of the report approval date, the cost of construction is estimated at approx. NIS 1.35 billion (approx. USD 365 million).

In addition, on the said date CPV Group entered into a project financing agreement for the project at a total amount of approx. NIS 0.95 billion (approx. USD 257 million) (hereinafter - the "Financing Amount" and the "Financing Agreement", respectively), which includes, among other things, the following key conditions:

Lenders	International financial corporations (hereinafter - the "Lenders")
Total loans and credit facilities	Financing of construction (construction term loan) (will be converted into a loan on the commercial operation date (hereinafter - the "Loan Conversion Date"): Up to approx. NIS 330 million (up to approx. USD 89 million).  Ancillary credit facilities: Up to approx. NIS 105 million (approx. USD 28 million).  Bridge loan (for the investment of the tax equity partner) <sup>2</sup> : Up to approx. NIS 580 million (up to approx. USD 157 million).
	Bridge to all (for the investment of the tax equity partner). Op to approx. 143 380 minion (up to approx. 03D 137 minion).
Repayment dates	The withdrawal of the credit facilities is subject to compliance with the capital requirements as defined in the Financing Agreement.  The final repayment date of the loan principal and credit facilities: 3 years from the Loan Conversion Date.  The loan's principal shall be paid in semi-annual payments in accordance with predefined amortization schedule and amounts, over a period of three years after the Loan Conversion Date.  The final repayment date of the bridge loan (for the investment of the tax equity partner): In principle, the date is in line with the Loan Conversion Date.
Interest terms and other	The interest is accrued during the construction period and paid in semi-annual payments during the commercial operation period. The loans bear annual interest based on SOFR plus a spread, as
costs	follows: Financing of construction: SOFR+1.75%. Term loan: SOFR+1.875%.
	Ancillary credit facilities: If they will be withdrawn - interest similar to that payable on the financing of construction or the term loan, as applicable.  Bridge loan (for the investment of the tax equity partner): SOFR+1.50%.
Additional material conditions	Furthermore, fees and transaction costs will apply as is generally accepted in financing agreements of this type.  • The financing agreement includes grounds for immediate repayment that are standard in project financing agreements of this type, including, inter alia – default events, non-compliance with certain obligations, various insolvency events, winding down of the project or termination of significant parties in the project (as defined in the agreement), occurrence of certain events relating to the regulatory status of the project and holding approvals, certain changes in ownership of the project, certain events in connection with the project, and a situation wherein the project is not entitled to receive payments for capacity and electricity – all in accordance with and subject to the terms and conditions, definitions and remediation periods detailed in the financing agreement.  • The project is pledged in favor of the Lenders in order to secure the liabilities in accordance with the Financing Agreement.
	<ul> <li>It should be noted that the Keenan Financing Agreement includes, among other things, and as customary in agreements of this type, provisions regarding mandatory prepayments, fees and commissions in respect of credit facilities, annual fees relating to the issuance of LC and additional customary terms and conditions, including partial hedging of the base interest rate (SOFR) in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Financing Agreement.</li> <li>The execution of distributions is conditional upon the project's compliance with certain conditions, including compliance with a minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.20 during the four quarters that preceded the distribution (proportionately to the measurement period which is shorter than four quarters), and a condition whereby no grounds for repayment or default event exist</li> </ul>
Collaterals, liens, guarantees	(as defined in the Financing Agreement).  Collaterals and liens will be provided in favor of the Lenders on all of the projects' assets and the rights arising therefrom, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Financing Agreement.

As of the report approval date, the project is wholly-owned by CPV Group. Furthermore, the Financing Agreement includes Tax Credit arrangements as an alternative to Tax Equity.

### NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY (cont.)

#### 3. (cont.)

Furthermore, the Company advanced to the project an interest-bearing shareholder loan at the total amount of up to approx. NIS 370 million (up to approx. USD 100 million), which was designated to finance some of the project's costs to be financed from own sources, and the said Company loan is expected to be repaid after the completion of the transaction in CPV Renewables as detailed in Note 10J below, if it is indeed completed.

4. On July 28, 2024, Maalot (S&P) reiterated the rating of the Company and its debentures at 'ilA-', and upgraded the outlook from negative to stable due to improvement in the financial ratios.

### 5. Short-term credit facilities from Israeli banks:

As of the report date, the Company and OPC Israel have binding short-term credit facilities from Israeli banking corporations. For details regarding the terms and conditions of the credit facilities, see Note 16B2 to the Annual Financial Statements. Below is information regarding the amounts of the facilities and their utilization as of the report date (in NIS million):

	Facility amount	report date
The Company	300	2021
OPC Israel	250	-
The Company for CPV Group (1)	Approx. 75 (approx. USD 20 million)	Approx. 60 (approx. USD 16 million)
CPV Group <sup>(1)</sup>	Approx. 282 (approx. USD 75 million)	Approx. 228 (approx. USD 61 million)
Total	907	309

(1) For the purpose of letters of credit and bank guarantees. The facilities provided for CPV Group are backed with a Company guarantee.

Furthermore, as of the report date, unsecured credit facilities from banking corporations and financial institutions utilized in Israel for the purpose of letters of credit and bank guarantees at the total amount of approx. NIS 324 million. The utilization of unsecured facilities is subject to the discretion of any financing entity on a case-by-case basis on every utilization request date, and therefore there is no certainty as to the ability to utilize them at any given time.

#### B. Changes in the Group's material guarantees:

Further to Note 16C to the Annual Financial Statements, following are details on the main changes which took place during the reporting period in the bank guarantee amounts given by Group companies to third parties:

	As of June 30, 2024 NIS million	As of December 31, 2023 NIS million
For operating projects in Israel (Rotem, Hadera, Zomet and the Gat Power Plant)	269	244
For projects under construction and development in Israel (Sorek 2 and consumers' premises) (1)	108	47
For virtual supply activity in Israel	30	29
For operating projects in the US Renewable Energies Segment	172	189
For projects under construction and development in the USA (CPV Group) (2)	307	148
Total	886	657

(1) The increase arises mainly from the provision - to the Accountant General - of a NIS 45 million bank guarantee in connection with the financial closing of the Sorek 2 project.

(2) The increase arises mainly from the provision of bank guarantees in connection with PPAs and connection to the electrical grid in the Renewable Energies segment.

Furthermore, the Company and the Group companies provide, from time to time, corporate guarantees to secure Group companies' undertakings in connection with their activity.

### C. Financial covenants:

Further to that which is stated in Note 17C to the annual financial statements, set forth below are the financial covenants attached to Debentures (Series B, C and D), as defined in the deeds of trust, and the actual amounts and/or ratios as of June 30, 2024:

Ratio	Required value - Series B	Required value - Series C and D	Actual value
Net financial debt (1) to adjusted EBITDA (2)	Will not exceed 13 (for distribution purposes - 11)	Will not exceed 13 (for distribution purposes - 11)	5.5
		With respect to Debentures (Series C): will not fall below NIS 1	
	Will not fall below NIS 250 million (for distribution purposes -	billion (for distribution purposes - NIS 1.4 billion)	
	NIS 350 million)	With respect to Debentures (Series D): will not fall below NIS 2	Approx. NIS 3,947
The Company shareholders' equity (separate)		billion (for distribution purposes - NIS 2.4 billion)	million
The Company's equity to asset ratio (separate)	Will not fall below 17% (for distribution purposes: 27%)	Will not fall below 20% (for distribution purposes - 30%)	66%
The Company's equity to asset ratio (consolidated)	-	- Will not fall below 17%	42%

- (1) The consolidated net financial debt net of the financial debt designated for construction of the projects that have not yet started to generate EBITDA. (2) Adjusted EBITDA as defined in the deeds of trust.

As of June 30, 2024, the Company complies with the said financial covenants.

### $NOTE\ 7-CREDIT\ FROM\ BANKING\ CORPORATIONS\ AND\ OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES\ AND\ EQUITY\ (cont.)$

### C. Financial covenants: (cont.)

Further to Note 16 to the Annual Financial Statements, set forth below are the financial covenants, as defined in the said note, which apply to Group companies in connection with their financing agreements with banking corporations (including long-term loans and binding short-term credit facilities), and the actual amounts and/or ratios as of June 30, 2024:

	1.10	j
		i
	1.10	
	1.10	1
	Approx. NIS 3,947 million	
Will not fall below 20%		
	1.05	
	1.05	
	1.05	
	1.05	
	1.05	
	1.05	
	1.05	
Agreement		
Will not fall below than NIS 2,500 million	Approx. NIS 5,443 million	
Will not fall below 15%		
Will not exceed 12		
Will not fall below NIS 30 million	Approx. NIS 234 million	
Will not fall below NIS 20 million	Approx. NIS 26 million	
Will not exceed 10		
Will not fall below NIS 1,000 million	Approx. NIS 3,947 million	
Will not fall below 20%		
Will not fall below NIS 1,200 million	Approx. NIS 3,947 million	
Will not fall below 30%		
Will not exceed 12		
Will not fall below NIS 500 million	Approx. NIS 2.141 million	
Will not fall below 20%	rr , , ,	
Will not exceed 10		
	Will not fall below than NIS 2,500 million Will not fall below 15% Will not exceed 12 Will not fall below NIS 30 million Will not fall below NIS 20 million Will not fall below NIS 20 million Will not fall below NIS 1,000 million Will not fall below NIS 1,000 million Will not fall below NIS 1,200 million Will not fall below 30% Will not fall below 30% Will not fall below NIS 500 million Will not fall below NIS 500 million Will not fall below 20%	Will not fall below 20%  1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.0

### NOTE 7 - CREDIT FROM BANKING CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS, DEBENTURES, GUARANTEES AND EQUITY (cont.)

#### D. Shares issuance

Subsequent to the report date, in July 2024, the Company issued to the public 31,250,000 ordinary shares of NIS 0.01 par value each; 16,707,400 ordinary shares were issued to the Parent Company. The issuance was by way of a uniform offering with a range of quantities, and a tender on the price per unit and the quantity. The gross proceeds of the issuance amounted to about NIS 800 million. The issuance expenses amounted to approx. NIS 21 million.

### E. Equity compensation plans

1. Below is information about allotments of offered securities in the reporting period:

Offerees and allotment date	No. of options at the grant date (in thousands)	Average fair value of each option at the grant date (in NIS) (*)	Exercise price per option (in NIS, unlinked)	Standard deviation (**)	Rate of risk-free interest rate (***)	Cost of benefit (in NIS million)
Executives, March 2024	497	9.77	25.19	33.85%-35.79%	3.81%-3.91%	Approx. 5

- (\*) The average fair value of each allotted option is estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes model.
- (\*\*) The standard deviation is calculated based on historical volatility of the Company's share over the expected life of the option until exercise date.
- (\*\*\*) The rate of the risk-free interest is based on the Fair Spread database and an expected life of 4 to 6 years.
- (\*\*\*\*) This amount will be recorded in profit and loss over the vesting period of each tranche.

The Offered Securities are by virtue of the option plan as detailed in Note 18B to the Annual Financial Statements and include identical terms and conditions and provisions.

#### 2. Issuance of shares in respect of share-based payment:

During the reporting period, the Company issued an additional approx. 3 thousand ordinary shares of the Company of NIS 0.01 par value each to Group officers following the announcement of net exercise of approx. 50 thousand options.

Furthermore, during the reporting period, the Company issued a total of approx. 14 thousand ordinary shares of the Company of NIS 0.01 par value each in view of the partial vesting of some of the RSUs awarded to them as part of an equity compensation plan to Company's employees as described in Note 18B to the Annual Financial Statements.

#### F. Profit participation plan for CPV Group employees

Further to Note 18C to the Annual Financial Statements regarding a profit participation plan for CPV Group employees, during the Reporting Period CPV Group approved a 1% increase in the profit participation rights intended for a CPV Group officer. As of the report date, the Plan's fair value amounted to approx. NIS 109 million (approx. USD 29 million), estimated using the option pricing model (OPM), based on a standard deviation of 36%, risk-free interest of 4.82%, and remaining expected life until exercise of approx. 1.57 years.

As of the report date, the Group recognized - out of the Plan's fair value and in accordance with the vesting period - a liability of approx. NIS 89 million, which was included in the other long-term liabilities line item.

In March 2024, a partial exercise was carried out of the participation units awarded to CPV Group employees, by way of purchasing the units exercised by CPV Group, totaling approx. NIS 11 million (approx. USD 3 million).

#### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS, CLAIMS AND OTHER LIABILITIES

#### A. Commitments

1. On March 18, 2024, a wholly-owned partnership of OPC Israel (hereinafter - the "Partnership") engaged with a third party in an agreement for the purchase of natural gas. The agreement will terminate on June 30, 2030 or at the earlier of: the end of the consumption of the Total Contractual Quantity of approx. 0.46 BCM as set out in the agreement.

Under the agreement, the Seller undertook to provide to the Partnership a daily quantity of gas, as will be decided by the Partnership each month, in accordance with the mechanism set out in the agreement, and - for its part - the Partnership assumed a take or pay liability for a certain annual consumption as set out in the agreement. The agreement includes arrangements regarding quantities consumed above or below the minimum annual quantity. The price of the natural gas is denominated in USD and based on an agreed formula, which is linked to the generation component and includes a minimum price. Furthermore, the agreement included additional provisions and arrangements customary in agreements for the purchase of natural gas, including with regard to the natural gas's quality, supply shortage, force majeure, limitation of liability, early termination provisions under certain cases, subject to terms and conditions and reassignment.

2. Further to Note 10E(1)A to the Annual Financial Statements regarding an agreement for the construction of the Zomet Power Plant (hereinafter - the "Construction Agreement"), in March 2024 an amendment to the Construction Agreement was signed, under which, among other things, the Construction Contractor paid Zomet an approx. NIS 26 million (approx. USD 7 million) as compensation due to a delay in the commercial operation, and on the other hand Zomet paid approx. NIS 43 million in respect of milestone payments, which were delayed, net of amounts that will serve as a collateral for an additional period as set out in the agreement.

As a result of the signing of the amendment to the Construction Agreement, the Company recognized in the reporting period income of approx. NIS 26 million (approx. USD 7 million) in respect of the said compensation.

3. On May 13, 2024, a CPV Group subsidiary entered into a binding tax equity agreement with a tax equity partner in respect of the Stagecoach project (hereinafter - the "Project"), at the total amount of approx. NIS 193 million (approx. USD 52 million) (hereinafter - the "Investment Agreement"), which was completed on its signing date, after the project reached commercial operation in the second quarter of 2024.

In accordance with the investment agreement, some of the tax equity partner's investment in the project - approx. NIS 160 million (approx. USD 43 million) - was advanced on the completion date, and included under the other long-term liabilities line item, and the remaining balance - approx. NIS 33 million (approx. USD 9 million) - will be advanced subsequently as a function of the project's production, as these terms are defined in the investment agreement, and subject to the fulfillment of the conditions set in connection therewith in the investment agreement, as is generally accepted in agreements of this type.

#### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS, CLAIMS AND OTHER LIABILITIES (cont.)

In consideration for its investment in the project, the tax equity partner is expected to benefit from most of the project's tax benefits, including a production tax credit (PTC), which awards a tax benefit for each KWh generated using renewable energy over a 10-year period, and to participation in the distributable cash flow from the project (gradually, and at rates and for periods set in the investment agreement). Furthermore, the tax equity partner is entitled to most of the project's taxable income or loss for tax purposes subject to certain limitations. At the end of 9.5 years from the completion date, the tax equity partner's share in such taxable income and tax benefits decreases significantly, and CPV Group will have the option to acquire the tax equity partner's share in the project within a certain period and in accordance with a mechanism and conditions set out in the investment agreement in connection therewith.

As is generally accepted in engagements of this type, the investment agreement includes a guarantee provided by CPV Group, and an undertaking to indemnify the tax equity partner in connection with certain matters. Furthermore, the tax equity partner has certain veto rights, among other things, in respect of the creation of certain liens on the Project Partnership's assets or the entry of the Project Corporation into additional material Project agreements.

#### B. Claims and other liabilities

- 1. Further to Note 11B1f to the Annual Financial Statements regarding its successful bid in an Israel Land Authority tender for design and option to acquire lease rights in land for the construction of renewable energy electricity generation facilities in relation to three compounds of May 10, 2023, on July 23, 2024 OPC Power Plants received purchase tax assessments in connection with the project amounting to approx. NIS 29 million. OPC Power Plants disagrees with the Israel Tax Authority's position and its financial demands as included in the purchase tax assessments, due to, among other things, the Company's position that the arrangement as per the Israel Land Authority's tender does not establish a "right in land". OPC Power Plants intends to appeal the purchase tax assessment. As of the report date, the Company is of the opinion that since the chances of its position being allowed are higher than the chances that it will be dismissed, no provision was made in respect of the assessment amount.
- 2. Further to Note 28A3 to the Annual Financial Statements regarding the proposed resolution on complementary arrangements and the imposition of certain criteria on Rotem (hereinafter the "Hearing"), in March 2024, the Israeli Electricity Authority's resolution was delivered further to the Hearing (hereinafter the "Resolution"). Generally, the arrangements as per the Resolution are not materially different from the arrangements included in the Hearing, which comprise, among other things, the application of certain criteria on Rotem, including regarding deviations from consumption plans and the market model, alongside the award of a supply license to Rotem (if it applies for one and complies with the conditions for receipt thereof), in view of the Israeli Electricity Authority's intention to consolidate, in many respects, the regulation that applies to Rotem with the regulation that applies to other bilateral electricity producers, thereby allowing Rotem to operate in the energy market in a manner that is similar and equal to that of producers. The Resolution came into force on July 1, 2024 for the period that coincides with that of Rotem's generation license.

### NOTE 9 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### A. Financial instruments measured at fair value for disclosure purposes only

The carrying amounts of certain financial assets and financial liabilities, including cash and cash equivalents, short-term and long-term deposits, restricted cash, trade receivables, other receivables, trade payables and other payables, and some of the Group's long-term loans are the same as or approximate to their fair values. The fair values of the other financial assets and financial liabilities, together with the carrying amounts stated in the statement of financial position, are as follows:

	As of June	As of June 30, 2024	
	Carrying amount (*)	Fair value	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
	NIS million	NIS million	
Loans from banks and financial institutions (Level 2)	3,028	3,065	
Debt from non-controlling interests (Level 2)	498	501	
Debentures (Level 1)	1,978	1,876	
	5,504	5,442	
	As of June	As of June 30, 2023	
	Carrying amount (*)	Fair value	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
	NIS million	NIS million	
Loans from banks and financial institutions (Level 2)	2,740	2,740	
Debt from non-controlling interests (Level 2)	433	403	
Debentures (Level 1)	1,861	1,720	
	5,034	4,863	
	As of Decemb	As of December 31, 2023	
	Carrying amount (*)	Fair value	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	
	NIS million	NIS million	
Loans from banks and financial institutions (Level 2)	3,055	3,085	
Short-term credit (Level 2)	204	204	
Debt from non-controlling interests (Level 2)	454	464	
Debentures (Level 1)	1,853	1,760	
	5,566	5,513	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Including current maturities and interest payable.

For details regarding the Group's risk management policies, including entering into financial derivatives as well as the manner of determining the fair value, see Note 23 to the Annual Financial Statements.

#### NOTE 9 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont.)

### B. Fair value hierarchy of financial instruments measured at fair value

The table below presents an analysis of financial instruments measured at fair value, on a periodic basis, using a valuation method.

The evaluation techniques and various levels were detailed in Note 23 to the annual financial statements.

In NIS million	As of June 30 2024 (Unaudited)	2023	As of December 31 2023 (Audited)
Financial assets			
Derivatives used for hedge accounting			
CPI swap contracts (Level 2)	42	41	(*) 39
Cross-currency interest rate swaps (USA) (Level 2)	31	30	24
Forwards on exchange rates (Level 2)	<u></u>	1	
Total	73	72	63
Financial liabilities			
Derivatives used for hedge accounting			
CPI swap contracts (Level 2)	(2)	(3)	(*)(2)
Cross-currency interest rate swaps (USA) (Level 2)	(2)	-	(9)
Electricity price hedge contracts (the US renewable energy segment) (Level 3)	(48)	<u>-</u>	(55)
Total	(52)	(3)	(66)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The nominal NIS-denominated discount rate range in the value calculations is 3.6%-4.8% and the real discount rate range is 0.8%-2.8%.

#### NOTE 10 - SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD

- A. As of the report approval date there was no material change in the Company's assessments regarding the Iron Swords War, compared to Note 1 to the Annual Financial Statements.
- B. In the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 the Group purchased property, plant and equipment for a total of approx. NIS 512 million and approx. NIS 1,820 million, respectively, including property, plant and equipment purchased under a business combination during the six-month period ended June 30, 2023, for a total of approx. NIS 1,321 million. Furthermore, these amounts include non-cash purchases totaling approx. NIS 32 million and approx. NIS 72 million during these periods, respectively.
  - The said purchase amounts also include credit costs, which were capitalized to property, plant and equipment at approx. NIS 14 million and approx. NIS 47 million, in the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- C. Further to Note 25A3 to the annual financial statements, in the reporting period, the Company and non-controlling interests made equity investments in OPC Power Ventures LP (both directly and indirectly) totaling approx. NIS 113 million (approx. USD 30 million) and extended loans totaling approx. NIS 38 million (approx. USD 10 million), respectively, based on their stake in the Partnership. As of the report approval date, the balance of the investment commitments and advanced shareholder loans of all Partners is approx. NIS 226 million (approx. USD 60 million); the Company's share is approx. NIS 158 million (approx. USD 42 million).
- D. For further details regarding developments in credit from banking corporations and others, debentures, guarantees and equity in the reporting period and thereafter, see Note 7.
- E. For further details regarding developments in commitments, legal claims and other liabilities in the reporting period and thereafter, see Note 8.
- F. Further to Note 11B1 to the Financial Statements regarding an option to a lease agreement with Infinya Ltd. in respect of an area of approx. 6.8 hectares (adjacent to the Hadera Power Plant) for the purpose of constructing a power plant, on April 17, 2024, the Israeli government rejected National Infrastructures Plan (NIP) 20B, for the construction of a natural gas-fired power generation plant (hereinafter "Hadera 2 Project") on the said land.
  - In view of the above Government Resolution, the Company assessed the recoverable amount of the Hadera 2 Project in its financial statements in accordance with the provisions of IAS 36, and accordingly recognized an approx. NIS 31 million impairment loss.
  - In June 2024, further to the abovementioned Government Resolution, Hadera 2 filed a petition to the High Court of Justice, which is pending as of the report approval date. In addition, the Company is considering other alternatives in relation to the Hadera 2 site, in the event that it will be impossible to construct a natural gas-fired power plant.
- G. Further to Note 11b1 to the Annual Financial Statements regarding the Ramat Beka Project (hereinafter the "Previous Tender"), on June 30, 2024, it was announced that the Group through OPC Power Plants won a further tender issued by the Israel Land Authority for planning and an option to purchase leasehold rights in land for the construction of renewable energy electricity generation facilities using photovoltaic technology in combination with storage in relation to two compounds with an aggregate area of approx. 161.7 hectares (hereinafter the "Two Compounds"), which are adjacent to the compounds in respect of which the Group won the previous tender. The Group's bids in this Tender total approx. NIS 890 million, in the aggregate, for the two Compounds.

Under the Tender terms, the bids' amount shall be paid in the following manner for each of the compounds: (1) in connection with participating in the Tender, the Group has provided a NIS 5 million guarantee for each of the compounds the Tender concerns (a total of NIS 10 million), which, in accordance with the terms of the Tender, was realized upon winning and will be deducted from the first payment, as stated below. (2) Within 90 days of the notice of the win, a planning authorization agreement will be signed between the Winning Bidder and the ILA for the period prescribed in the tender documents, subject to paying an amount equal to 20% of the bid amount for each compound; (3) Upon authorizing a new outline plan, under which the project(s) may be constructed (to the extent that it is authorized), lease agreements will be signed for a period of 24 years and 11 months, to construct and operate the project(s), against payment of the remaining 80% of the bid amount per compound. To clarify, 20% of the bid amount (the first payment) will not be returned to the Winning Bidder even if the project(s)' development and planning procedures never develop into an authorized plan and lease agreements are not signed.

The proximity of the compounds, which are the subject matter of the current tender, to the compounds included in the previous tender, which is under development, constitutes a significant and unique advantage for OPC Power Plants, which intends to promote a consolidated project covering all compounds if the successful bid in respect of the compounds is realized, and subject to appropriate development procedures.

As of the report approval date, it is uncertain that approvals, consents, or actions required for the completion of the project/s will be completed with respect to any of the compounds.

H. Subsequent to the Reporting Period, Hadera signed a settlement agreement with its insurers in the construction period, under which it received a lump sum of approx. NIS 19 million (USD 5 million) in connection with events, which took place prior to the commercial operation of the Hadera Power Plant. This amount will be recognized as a revenue in the financial statements for the third quarter of 2024.

#### NOTE 10 - SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD (cont.)

I. On July 19, 2024, CPV Group entered into a non-binding memorandum of understanding with a binding exclusivity period of 90 days (hereinafter - the "Memorandum of Understanding") with one party and a binding acquisition agreement (hereinafter - the "Acquisition Agreement") with another party to acquire aggregate significant interests in the Shore power plant (which may result in CPV Group owning approx. 70% of the project) and in the Maryland power plant (which may result in CPV Group owning approx. 75% of the project) (hereinafter - the "Transactions").

The total amount required in connection with the Transactions (if completed) is expected to amount to approx. USD 210-240 million (as of the report approval date - approx. NIS 790-900 million); most of the amount is in connection with the increase in potential ownership interest, which is the subject matter of the Memorandum of Understanding). The abovementioned amount includes an estimated amount, which is expected to be provided by CPV Group for the purpose of reducing leveraging (including funds from the Company), as the owner of the equity rights in the increased holding in Shore (if completed). As of the report date, there is no certainty as to the amount which will be provided by the interest holders for the purpose of the abovementioned reduction of leveraging; for further details, see Note 11 below.

The terms of the transaction, which is the subject matter of the Acquisition Agreement, and the expected terms of the transaction under the Memorandum of Understanding as of the report date are in line with generally accepted terms for transactions of this type, taking into consideration that CPV Group has existing ownership interests in such power plants and that it provides them with management services. As of the report date, the transaction, which is the subject matter of the Memorandum of Understanding, is subject to the signing of a binding Acquisition Agreement, and the completion of the transactions is subject to conditions, including receipt of regulatory approvals.

J. On August 16, 2024, investees of CPV Group entered into binding agreements with Harrison Street, an American private equity fund operating in the field of infrastructures (hereinafter - the "Investor"), where under the Investor will invest a total of USD 300 million (hereinafter - the "Total Investment Amount") in CPV Renewables Power LP (hereinafter - "CPV Renewables") in consideration for 33.33% of the ordinary interest in CPV Renewables (hereinafter - the "Investor's Interest"), in accordance with and subject to the main terms and conditions as detailed below (hereinafter - the "Agreement" and the "Transaction", as the case may be). <sup>8</sup> The Transaction reflects a pre-money valuation of approx. USD 600 million for CPV Renewables.

In accordance with the Agreement, USD 200 out of the Total Investment Amount will be invested by the Investor on the Transaction completion date, and the remaining amount (a total of USD 100 million) will be invested no later than September 30, 2025. On the Transaction completion date the Investor's Interests will be allocated to the Investor. The Investment Agreement includes, among other things, generally accepted representations and statements by CPV Corporations and the Investor, undertakings applicable to CPV Group in the interim period (between the signing date and the Transaction completion date, if completed), whose objective is mainly to ensure normal course of business, and conditions precedent for completion of the Transaction, which include the absence of material adverse events as defined in the Agreement, and receipt of the regulator's approval within a certain period.

The interest holders agreement, which will come into effect on the Transaction completion date, sets forth arrangements between the interest holders in CPV Renewables, and Corporate Governance provisions, including, among other things, as detailed below:

- (1) Board of Directors composition the initial composition as of the completion date will include 4 board members (CPV Group and the Investor each appointing 2 directors). The voting power of the directors is based on the holding rate of the appointing interest holder.
- (2) Generally accepted restrictions on the transfer of rights (including certain restriction periods), subject to agreed conditions and exclusions.
- (3) Actions and resolutions requiring a special majority, which includes the votes of the directors appointed by the Investor including, among other things, changes in the corporation's documents, mergers, allocation of securities, liquidation, future budgets (the agreement includes arrangements regarding budgetary continuity), interested party transactions (including regarding the service agreements), certain engagements and material transactions, etc., all subject to the applicable conditions, thresholds and definitions as per the agreement. Furthermore, the replacement of the CPV Renewables' lead business officer shall require the consent of the Investor under certain conditions.
- (4) The activities of CPV Group in the field of renewable energy shall be carried out through CPV Renewables.<sup>8</sup>

Except under certain circumstances defined in the agreement.

As of the report approval date, a corporation wholly-owned by CPV Group. Prior to the completion of the Transaction: (1) CPV Renewables will change its status from a Limited Partnership to a Limited Liability Company (LLC); (2) the holdings in CPV Keenan LLC (which is part of CPV Group's renewable energy activities) shall be transferred to CPV Renewables. As of the report approval date, CPV Group is of the opinion that such a transfer is expected to trigger tax consequences, at an amount which is under assessment.

In accordance with the Agreement, a certain refund was set from CPV Renewables to CPV Group in respect of investments in 2024.

#### NOTE 10 - SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD (cont.)

#### J. (cont.)

Furthermore, the agreement stipulates that CPV Group shall provide development and asset management services to CPV Renewables in accordance with a long-term services agreement, which will include, among other things, CPV Group's undertaking to provide sufficient resources and skilled manpower for that purpose, in accordance with specific undertakings. 10

As of the report approval date, the Company is studying the accounting effects of the Transaction on its financial statements, and the issue of whether CPV Renewables shall still be consolidated in its financial statements, considering the interests, which were awarded to the Investor and to CPV Group's undertakings as part of the Transaction. As of the report approval date, the accounting treatment is being assessed by the Company. In the opinion of the Company, if CPV Renewables will not continue to be consolidated in its financial statements, a profit amounting to tens of millions of dollars may be recorded therein.

The service agreements include provisions in connection with early termination by CPV Renewables under certain circumstances.

Includes undertakings regarding skilled lead business officer and development team. A breach of some of the undertakings (as the case may be) may trigger the termination of the services agreements and the appointment of a replacement officer, and lead to other impacts on CPV Group's rights as per the interest holders agreement.

The Group attaches to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements the condensed interim financial statements of Valley, Towantic and Shore, and the condensed interim financial data of Fairview (hereinafter - "Material Associates"), including adjustments from US GAAP to IFRS presented below. According to an approval issued by the Israel Securities Authority Staff at the request of the Company, the Company shall publish the condensed interim financial statements of Fairview for the second quarter of 2024 by September 30, 2024.

According to legal advice received by CPV Group, under the relevant US law it is not required to sign the financial statements of the material associates, and the attached financial statements were approved by the competent organs, and a review report of the independent auditors was attached thereto.

The Material Associates' functional and presentation currency is the USD. As of the report date, the exchange rate is NIS 3.759 per USD.

The financial statements of the Material Associates are drawn up in accordance with US GAAP, which vary, in some respects, from IFRS. Following is information regarding adjustments made to the Material Associates' financial statements in order to make them compatible with the Company's accounting policies and rules.

The repayment date of Shore's ancillary credit facilities, which as of June 30, 2024 total approx. NIS 357 million (approx. USD 95 million) and of which approx. NIS 286 million (approx. USD 76 million) has already been utilized, is March 31, 2025 (less than 12 months from the approval date of the financial statements). In addition, the repayment date of Shore's long-term loans, which as of June 30, 2024 total approx. NIS 1.35 billion (approx. USD 388 million), is December 31, 2025. Shore's operating cash flows is its main source of liquidity. While Shore has produced cash flows that are sufficient to meet its liabilities under its financing agreements up to June 30, 2024, Shore expects that if the repayment date of the ancillary credit facilities is not extended, it will not have sufficient cash balances to repay the said credit facilities by their repayment date on March 31, 2025. If these credit facilities are not extended and Shore does not have sufficient liquid means to repay them by March 31, 2025, a cross-default scenario is expected to be triggered, which may also trigger a call for immediate repayment, on that date, of Shore's long-term loans.

Shore is seeking to refinance, with the lenders, the long-term loans as well as to extend the credit facilities prior to March 31, 2025. The CPV Group believes it reasonable that Shore will reach binding agreements with the lenders to extend the said credit facilities and/or to refinance the entire long-term debt by March 31, 2025. It is noted that the CPV Group believes that in light of the energy margins and capacity prices, and pursuant to Shore's financial performance as of June 30, 2024, particularly the coverage ratio that stands at 1.24 as of that date, it is possible that in connection with extension of the credit facilities and loans, as stated, Shore will require a certain capital injection. In the opinion of CPV Group, as of the report approval date, CPV Group's current share in the abovementioned injection (if it is required) is expected to arise from own sources, such that the Company will not be required to make an investment, whereas in relation to an acquisition of additional equity interests (if the acquisition transaction is signed and completed) as per Note 10I - its share is expected to arise from CPV Group's own sources and from the Company's investment.

As of the approval date of the financial statements, there is no certainty that the assessments of the CPV Group regarding the abovementioned events will materialize. Since the said events are not under the control of the CPV Group, there are significant doubts as to the ability of Shore to continue as a going concern.

Accordingly, Shore's interim financial statements as of June 30, 2024 include disclosure regarding the circumstances relating to Shore's ability to repay its liabilities within a period of 12 months of the approval date of the financial statements.

It is noted that Shore's interim financial statements were prepared on the assumption that it will continue as a going concern and do not include any adjustments to the values and classification of the assets and liabilities that may be necessary if Shore is unable to continue as a going concern.

# **Valley**

Statement of Financial Position:

Total liabilities and equity lens   Di	6,888 5 609,482 92,231 708,606 9,034 462,910 471,944 236,662
Restricted cash	5 609,482 92,231 708,606 9,034 462,910 471,944 236,662
Property, plant & equipment	92,231 708,606 9,034 462,910 471,944 236,662
Intangible assets   C	92,231 708,606 9,034 462,910 471,944 236,662
Other assets         92,231         —	708,606 9,034 462,910 471,944 236,662
Accounts payable and deferred expenses         A         10.639 (1,605) (2,025)           Other liabilities         464,935 (2,025)           Total liabilities         475,574 (3,630)         (163,451)           Partners' equity         A,G         400,113 (163,451)         (167,081)           Total liabilities and equity         875,687 (167,081)         (167,081)           US GAAP IN US OF A Adjustments IN USD thousand IN	9,034 462,910 471,944 236,662
Other liabilities         464,935         (2,025)           Total liabilities         475,574         (3,630)           Partners' equity         A,G         400,113         (163,451)           Total liabilities and equity	462,910 471,944 236,662
Total liabilities         475,574         (3,630)           Partners' equity         A,G         400,113         (163,451)           Total liabilities and equity	471,944 236,662
Partners' equity         A,G         400,113         (163,451)           Total liabilities and equity	236,662
Total liabilities and equity         875,687         (167,081)           As of June 30, 2023           US GAAP         Adjustments         In USD thousand         In USD           In USD thousand         In USD         In USD           Restricted cash         D         93         1,498           Restricted cash         D         1,498         (1,498)           Property, plant & equipment         A, C,G         775,365         (159,747)           Intangible assets         C         20,269         (20,269)           Other assets         57,986         -         -	
Cash and cash equivalents         D         93         1,498           Restricted cash         D         1,498         (1,498)           Property, plant & equipment         A, C,G         775,365         (159,747)           Intangible assets         C         20,269         (20,269)           Other assets         57,986         -         -	
US GAP   Adjustments   In USD thousand   In US	708,606
The desired cash equivalents	
Cash and cash equivalents         D         93         1,498           Restricted cash         D         1,498         (1,498)           Property, plant & equipment         A, C,G         775,365         (159,747)           Intangible assets         C         20,269         (20,269)           Other assets         57,986         -	IFRS
Restricted cash         D         1,498         (1,498)           Property, plant & equipment         A, C,G         775,365         (159,747)           Intangible assets         C         20,269         (20,269)           Other assets         57,986         -	D thousand
Property, plant & equipment         A, C,G         775,365         (159,747)           Intangible assets         C         20,269         (20,269)           Other assets         57,986         -	1,591
Intangible assets         C         20,269         (20,269)           Other assets         57,986         -	
Other assets 57,986	615,618
	57,986
Total assets 855,211 (180,016)	675,195
Accounts payable and deferred expenses A 12,647 (1,093)	11,554
Other liabilities         458,554         (3,109)	455,445
Total liabilities 471,201 (4,202)	466,999
Partners' equity A,G 384,010 (175,814)	208,196
Total liabilities and equity         855,211         (180,016)	675,195
As of December 31, 2023	
	IFRS
In USD thousand In USD thousand In USD	D thousand
Cash and cash equivalents D 98 1,059	1,157
Restricted cash D 1,074 (1,059)	15
Property, plant & equipment A, C,G 768,584 (150,434)	618,150
Intangible assets         C         19,935         (19,935)           Other assets         102,031         -	102,031
Total assets 891,722 (170,369)	721,353
10tal assets 691,722 (170,302)	721,353
Accounts payable and deferred expenses A 13,750 (1,155)	12,595
Other liabilities         467,005         (2,513)	
Total liabilities         480,755         (3,668)	464,492
Partners' equity A,G 410,967 (166,701)	
Total liabilities and equity         891,722         (170,369)	464,492
F - 36	464,492

# Valley (cont.)

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

		For the six	e 30, 2024	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		137,422	-	137,422
Operating expenses	A	90,807	(3,358)	87,449
Depreciation and amortization	G	13,158	(380)	12,778
Operating profit		33,457	3,738	37,195
Finance expenses	В	23,490	248	23,738
Profit for the period		9,967	3,490	13,457
Other comprehensive loss	В	(20,820)	(240)	(21,060)
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period		(10,853)	3,250	(7,603)
		For the six	month period ended Jun	e 30. 2023
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		107,951	-	107,951
Operating expenses	A	63,235	(2,515)	60,720
Depreciation and amortization	G	13,030	(3,355)	9,675
Operating profit		31,686	5,870	37,556
Finance expenses	В	21,224	(5,202)	16,022
Profit for the period		10,462	11,072	21,534
Other comprehensive loss	В	(350)	(2,094)	(2,444)
Comprehensive income for the period		10,112	8,978	19,090
	F - 37			

# Valley (cont.)

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income: (cont.)

		For the three	ne 30, 2024	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		46,693	-	46,693
Operating expenses	A	36,426	(1,605)	34,82
Depreciation and amortization	G	6,589	(190)	6,399
Operating profit		3,678	1,795	5,473
Finance expenses	В	11,638	176	11,81
Profit for the period		(7,960)	1,619	(6,341
Other comprehensive loss	В	(2,630)	(67)	(2,69
Comprehensive income for the period		(10,590)	1,552	(9,03
		For the thre	e-month period ended Ju	ne 30, 2023
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		30,033		30,033
Operating expenses	A	26,687	(1,092)	25,595
Depreciation and amortization	G	6,515	(1,678)	4,83
Operating loss		(3,169)	2,770	(399
Finance expenses	В	12,097	(3,668)	8,429
•				
Loss for the period		(15,266)	6,438	(8,828
Other comprehensive loss	В	(1,101)	(560)	(1,66)
Comprehensive loss for the period		(16,367)	5,878	(10,489
			e year ended December 31	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		219,128	-	219,128
Operating expenses	A	135,898	(9,860)	126,038
Depreciation and amortization	G	26,077	(5,718)	20,35
Operating profit		57,153	15,578	72,731
Finance expenses	В	45,029	(4,666)	40,36
Profit for the year		12,124	20,244	32,36
Other comprehensive income	В	24,791	(2,153)	22,63
Comprehensive income for the year		36,915	18,091	55,000
	F - 38			

# Valley (cont.)

Material adjustments to the statement of cash flows:

		For the six-month period ended Jun		
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the period		9,967	3,490	13,45
Net cash provided by operating activities		28,148	-	28,14
Net cash used for investing activities	D	(935)	(24,262)	(25,19
Net cash used for financing activities		2,780		2,78
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		29,993	(24,262)	5,73
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	98	1,059	1,1
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	36,114	(36,114)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	91	6,797	6,8
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	66,114	(66,114)	
			month period ended Jun	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
			In CSD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the period		10,462	11,072	
Net cash provided by operating activities		36,835	11,072	21,5
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	36,835 (1,426)		21,5. 36,8. 17,2
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	36,835	11,072	21,5 36,8 17,2
Net cash provided by operating activities  Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities  Net cash used for financing activities	D	36,835 (1,426)	11,072	21,5 36,8 17,2 (53,6
Net cash provided by operating activities  Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities  Net cash used for financing activities  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	D D	36,835 (1,426) (53,635)	11,072	21,5 36,8 17,2 (53,6
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net cash used for financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period		36,835 (1,426) (53,635) (18,226)	11,072 18,630 	21,5 36,8 17,2 (53,6
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net cash used for financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	36,835 (1,426) (53,635) (18,226)	11,072 18,630 	21,5 36,8 17,2 (53,6 4
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net cash used for financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D D	36,835 (1,426) (53,635) (18,226) 145 57,680	11,072 18,630 18,630 1,042 (57,680)	21,5 36,8 17,2 (53,6 4 1,1
Profit for the period  Net cash provided by operating activities  Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities  Net cash used for financing activities  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period  Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period  Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period  Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D D D	36,835 (1,426) (53,635) (18,226) 145 57,680	11,072 18,630 18,630 1,042 (57,680) 1,498	In USD thousand 21,5. 36,8. 17,2. (53,6. 40 1,1:

# Valley (cont.)

Material adjustments to the statement of cash flows: (cont.)

		US GAAP	e-month period ended Ju Adjustments	ne 30, 2024 IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the period		(7,960)	1,619	(6,34
Net cash provided by operating activities		(2,577)	-	(2,57
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(596)	(24,255)	(24,85
Net cash used for financing activities		23,680		23,68
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		20,507	(24,255)	(3,74
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	89	10,547	10,63
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	45,609	(45,609)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	91	6,797	6,88
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	66,114	(66,114)	
		For the thre	e-month period ended Ju	ne 30 2023
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Loss for the period		(15,266)	6,438	(8,828
Net cash provided by operating activities		851	-	85
Net cash used for investing activities	D	(1,200)	(1,359)	(2,55
Net cash used for financing activities		(8,915)		(8,915
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(9,264)	(1,359)	(10,623
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	92	12,122	12,21
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	48,771	(48,771)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	93	1,498	1,59
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	39,506	(39,506)	
		For the	e year ended December 31	, 2023
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the year		12,124	20,244	32,36
Net cash provided by operating activities		48,123	<u>-</u>	48,12
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(7,601)	21,585	13,98
Net cash used for financing activities		(62,135)		(62,13
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(21,613)	21,585	(2
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the year	D	145	1,041	1,18
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the year	D	57,680	(57,680)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the year	D	98	1,059	1,15
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the year	D	36,114	(36,114)	
	F - 40			

### **Fairview**

Statement of Financial Position:

		US GAAP In USD thousand	As of June 30, 2024 Adjustments In USD thousand	IFRS In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	73	2,569	2,64
Restricted cash	D	2,674	(2,569)	10
Property, plant & equipment	A,C	806,261	54,706	860,9
Intangible assets	C	26,318	(26,318)	
Other assets		68,235	<u> </u>	68,2
Total assets		903,561	28,388	931,9
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	18,733	(8,743)	9,9
Other liabilities		345,495	280	345,7
Total liabilities		364,228	(8,463)	355,7
Partners' equity	A	539,333	36,851	576,1
Total liabilities and equity		903,561	28,388	931,9
Total Información una equity		705,501		731,7
			As of June 30, 2023	TER G
		US GAAP In USD thousand	Adjustments In USD thousand	IFRS In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	65	6,823	6,8
Restricted cash	D	9,205	(6,823)	2,3
Property, plant & equipment	A,C	827,155	47,242	874,3
ntangible assets	C	27,189	(27,189)	
Other assets		74,925		74,9
Total assets		938,539	20,053	958,5
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	15,468	(8,790)	6,6
Other liabilities	,,	420,505	560	421,0
Total liabilities		435,973	(8,230)	427,7
Partners' equity	A	502,566	28,283	530,8
Total liabilities and equity		938,539	20,053	958,5
			As of December 31, 2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	52	265	3
Restricted cash	D	947	(265)	6
Property, plant & equipment	A,C	817,316	57,540	874,8
ntangible assets Other assets	С	26,753 80,408	(26,753)	80,4
Juici assets		80,408		80,4
Total assets		925,476	30,787	956,2
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	15,034	(5,435)	9,5
Other liabilities		399,165	420	399,5
Total liabilities		414,199	(5,015)	409,1
Partners' equity	A	511,277	35,802	547,0
1. 3				

# Fairview (cont.)

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

			For the six-month period	d ended June 30, 2024	
		US GAAP In USD thousand	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*  In USD thousand	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand
Revenues	В	143,616	(1,381)	9,841	152,076
Operating expenses	A	65,084	(4,440)	9,841	70,485
Depreciation and amortization	A	13,724	3,531	-	17,255
Operating profit		64,808	(472)	-	64,336
Finance expenses	В	7,714	(3,197)		4,517
Profit for the period		57,094	2,725		59,819
Other comprehensive loss	В	(2,038)	(1,676)		(3,714)
Comprehensive income for the period		55,056	1,049		56,105
			For the six-month perio	od ended June 30, 2023	
		US GAAP In USD thousand	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*  In USD thousand	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand
Revenues		150,875	-	9,389	160,264
Operating expenses	A	82,293	(4,430)	9,389	87,252
Operating profit		68,582	4,430	-	73,012
Finance expenses	В	13,350	(2,768)		10,582
Profit for the period		55,232	7,198		62,430
Other comprehensive income	В	4,014	(2,627)		1,387
Comprehensive income for the period		59,246	4,571		63,817

 $<sup>(*) \</sup> Represents \ adjustments \ to \ the \ Group's \ accounting \ policies \ regarding \ the \ presentation \ of \ hedging \ transactions \ regarding \ energy \ margins.$ 

### $\underline{Fairview} \; (cont.)$

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income: (cont.)

			riod ended June 30, 2024		
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	D	60,690	92	6,520	67,302
Operating expenses	B A	25,792	(2,021)	6,520	30,291
Depreciation and amortization	A A	6,864	1,765	0,320	8,629
Depreciation and amortization	A	0,804	1,765		0,029
Operating profit		28,034	348	-	28,382
Finance expenses	В	4,816	(1,030)	<u></u>	3,786
Profit for the period		23,218	1,378		24,596
Other comprehensive income	В	3,549	(1,052)	<u>-</u>	2,497
Comprehensive income for the period		26,767	326		27,093
Comprehensive income for the period		20,707			21,073
			For the three-month per	Adjustments to the	IFRS - according to
				Group's accounting	the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
		III CSD thousand	In CSD thousand	In CSD thousand	III USD tilousanu
Revenues		61,780	-	1,336	63,116
Operating expenses	A	34,068	(2,179)	1,336	33,225
Operating profit		27,712	2,179	-	29,891
Finance expenses	В	5,960	(1,389)	<del>-</del>	4,571
Profit for the period		21,752	3,568	_	25,320
Troncior the period					
Other comprehensive income	В	7,360	(1,318)	<del>_</del>	6,042
Comprehensive income for the period		29,112	2,250	<u> </u>	31,362
			For the year ended		**************************************
				Adjustments to the Group's accounting	IFRS - according to the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	256,103	3,898	17,660	277,661
Operating expenses	A	119,737	(12,985)	17,660	124,412
Depreciation and amortization	A	27,186	1,177	17,000	28,363
		27,100	1,177		20,303
Operating profit		109,180	15,706	-	124,886
Finance expenses	В	24,191	(5,416)		18,775
Profit for the year		84,989	21,122	<u> </u>	106,111
Other comprehensive loss	В	(8,032)	(9,034)		(17,066)
Comprehensive income for the year		76,957	12,088		89,045
comprehensive income for the year		10,931	12,000		03,043

# Fairview (cont.)

Material adjustments to the statement of cash flows:

			For the six-month period ended Jun	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the period		57,094	2,725	59,8
Net cash provided by operating activities		70,472	-	70,4
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(2,234)	1,219	(1,
Net cash used for financing activities		(67,132)		(67,
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,106	1,219	2,
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	52	265	
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	28,328	(28,328)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	73	2,569	2,
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	29,413	(29,413)	
		E. d. d.	month period ended Jun	- 20, 2022
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousar
Profit for the period				
Total for the period		55,232	7,198	62
Net cash provided by operating activities		55,232 98,824	7,198	62 98
•	D	·	7,198 - 9,275	
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	98,824	· -	98
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net cash used for financing activities	D	98,824 (633)	· -	98 8 (102
let cash provided by operating activities let cash provided by (used for) investing activities let cash used for financing activities let increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	D D	98,824 (633) (102,037)	9,275	98 8 (102
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net cash used for financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period		98,824 (633) (102,037) (3,846)	9,275	98 8 (102
Net cash provided by operating activities	D	98,824 (633) (102,037) (3,846)	9,275 9,275 1,370	98 8

# Fairview (cont.)

Material adjustments to the statement of cash flows: (cont.)

	US GAAP	For the three-month period ended Jun US GAAP Adjustments		
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	IFRS In USD thousand	
	23,218	1,378	24,59	
	29,305	-	29,30	
D	(1,327)	(1,607)	(2,9	
	(26,462)		(26,4	
	1,516	(1,607)	(9	
D	82	2,651	2,7	
D	27,888	(27,888)		
D	73	2,569	2,64	
D	29,413	(29,413)		
	For the three	e-month period ended Ju	ne 30, 2023	
	US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS	
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
	21,752	3,568	25,32	
	41,687	-	41,68	
D	(473)	146	(32	
	(35,305)	<del></del>	(35,30	
	5,909	146	6,05	
D	57	776	83	
D	28,681	(28,681)		
D	65	6,823	6,8	
D	34,582	(34,582)		
	For the	e year ended December 31	r 31, 2023	
	US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS	
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
	84,989	21,122	106,1	
	138,604	-	138,60	
D	(3,967)	8,971	5,00	
	(144,750)	<del></del>	(144,75	
	(10,113)	8,971	(1,14	
D	89	1,370	1,4	
D	38,404	(38,404)		
			2	
D	52	265	3	
	D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	In USD thousand   23,218   29,305   (1,327)   (26,462)   (15,27)   (26,462)   (26,462)   (26,462)	In USD thousand	

### Towantic

Statement of Financial Position:

D D A,C	99 12,660	12,160	
A,C	12 660	-=,100	12,25
	12,000	(12,160)	500
	728,721	80,725	809,44
C	49,578	(49,578)	
	74,561		74,56
	865,619	31,147	896,76
٨	12 084	(1.910)	10,17
71	325,753	(510)	325,24
	337,837	(2,420)	335,41
A	527,782	33,567	561,34
	965 610	21 147	896,766
	803,019		870,700
			TER C
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	IFRS In USD thousand
D	100	8,328	8,428
D	8,371	(8,328)	4.
A,C	752,496	80,820	833,310
C	53,087	(53,087)	
	135,796		135,79
	949,850	27,733	977,583
٨	13 486	(2.189)	11,297
71	496,760	(140)	496,620
	510,246	(2,329)	507,91
Λ	430 604	30.062	469,666
A			
	949,850	27,733	977,58
			IFRS
	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
D	100	1,946	2,04
D	2,004	(1,946)	5
A,C	740,844	80,810	821,65
C	51,333	(51,333)	
	131,405		131,40
	925,686	29,477	955,16
A	14,167	(2.107)	12,06
-	412,217	(105)	412,112
	426,384	(2,212)	424,172
A	499,302	31,689	530,99
	925,686	29,477	955,16
	D D A.C C  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A	325,753  337,837  A 527,782   865,619   US GAAP In USD thousand  D 100 D 8,371 A,C 752,496 C 53,087 135,796  A 13,486 496,760  A 13,486 496,760  510,246  A 439,604  A 439,604  D 100 D 2,004 A,C 740,844 C 51,333 131,405  925,686  A 14,167 412,217 426,384 A 499,302	325,753   (510)     337,837   (2,420)     337,837   (2,420)     337,837   (2,420)

### $\underline{Towantic}\;(cont.)$

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

			For the six-month perio	od ended June 30, 2024	
		US GAAP In USD thousand	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand
Revenues	В	218,992	(17,292)	-	201,700
Operating expenses	A	130,903	(4,277)	-	126,626
Depreciation and amortization	A	14,454	2,804	<u> </u>	17,258
Operating profit		73,635	(15,819)	-	57,816
Finance expenses	В	10,149	(2,611)		7,538
Profit for the period		63,486	(13,208)		50,278
Other comprehensive loss	В	(35,006)	15,085		(19,921
Comprehensive income for the period		28,480	1,877		30,357
·			For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023		
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		186,658	1,838	5,309	193,805
Operating expenses	A	93,402	(4,298)	5,309	94,413
Depreciation and amortization	A	14,415	2,804	<del>-</del>	17,219
Operating profit		78,841	3,332	-	82,173
Finance expenses	В	12,677	(2,885)		9,792
Profit for the period		66,164	6,217		72,381
Other comprehensive income (loss)	В	3,433	(4,758)	<u> </u>	(1,325
Comprehensive income for the period		69,597	1,459		71,056

<sup>(\*)</sup> Represents adjustments to the Group's accounting policies regarding the presentation of hedging transactions regarding energy margins.

### $\underline{Towantic}\;(cont.)$

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income: (cont.)

			For the three-month per	iod ended June 30, 2024	
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues Operating expenses		84,648 47,511	(2,085) (1,910)	=	82,563 45,601
Depreciation and amortization	A A	7,227	1,402	-	45,601 8,629
Depreciation and amortization	A	1,221	1,402		0,027
Operating profit		29,910	(1,577)	-	28,333
Finance expenses	В	5,710	(1,529)	<u>-</u>	4,181
Profit for the period		24,200	(48)	<u></u>	24,152
Other comprehensive loss	В	(15,862)	978		(14,884
Comprehensive income for the period		8,338	930		9,268
			For the three-month per	iod ended June 30, 2023	
				Adjustments to the Group's accounting	IFRS - according to the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues		72,772	1,838	6,805	81,415
Operating expenses	A	36,852	(2,189)	6,805	41,468
Depreciation and amortization	A	7,206	1,402	<u> </u>	8,608
Operating profit		28,714	2,625	-	31,339
Finance expenses	В	6,007	(1,495)	<u> </u>	4,512
Profit for the period		22,707	4,120		26,827
Other comprehensive income	В	7,399	(3,351)		4,048
Comprehensive income for the period		30,106	769		30,875
			For the year ended December 31, 2023		
				Adjustments to the Group's accounting	IFRS - according to the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	380,081	19,039	15,698	414,818
Operating expenses	A	198,011	(8,765)	15,698	204,944
Depreciation and amortization	A	28,843	5,609		34,452
Operating profit		153,227	22,195	-	175,422
Finance expenses	В	19,317	(7,346)		11,971
Profit for the year		133,910	29,541		163,451
Other comprehensive loss	В	(4,815)	(26,455)		(31,270
Comprehensive income for the year		129,095	3,086		132,181

 $<sup>(*) \</sup> Represents \ adjustments \ to \ the \ Group's \ accounting \ policies \ regarding \ the \ presentation \ of \ hedging \ transactions \ regarding \ energy \ margins.$ 

# Towantic (cont.)

Material adjustments to the statement of cash flows:

		US GAAP	US GAAP Adjustments In USD thousand In USD thousand	IFRS In USD thousand
		In USD thousand		
Profit for the period		63,486	(13,208)	50,27
Net cash provided by operating activities		69,401	-	69,40
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(575)	44,087	43,51
Net cash used for financing activities		(102,700)	<u> </u>	(102,70
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(33,874)	44,087	10,21
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	100	1,946	2,04
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	46,767	(46,767)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	99	12,160	12,25
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	12,894	(12,894)	
		For the sta	month period ended Jun	- 20, 2022
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Profit for the period		66.164	6.217	72.3
Profit for the period		66,164	6,217	72,3
Net cash provided by operating activities	D	54,710	·	54,7
•	D	·	6,217 - 29,267	54,7 29,1
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	54,710 (75)	·	54,7 29,1 (115,7
Net cash provided by operating activities  Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities  Net cash used for financing activities	D D	54,710 (75) (115,794)	29,267	54,7 29,1 (115,7
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net cash used for financing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		54,710 (75) (115,794) (61,159)	29,267	54,7 29,1 (115,7
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net cash used for financing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	54,710 (75) (115,794) (61,159)	29,267 29,267 40,230	72,3 54,7 29,1 (115,7 (31,8 40,3

# Towantic (cont.)

Material adjustments to the statement of cash flows: (cont.)

US GAAP In USD thousand  24,200  27,618 (457) (61,263)  (34,102)  98  46,997  99	Adjustments In USD thousand  (48)  45,397  45,397  866  (46,997)	27,618 44,940 (61,263 11,295
27,618 (457) (61,263) (34,102) 98 46,997	45,397 	24,152 27,618 44,940 (61,263 11,295
(457) (61,263) (34,102) 98 46,997	45,397	44,940 (61,263 11,295
(61,263) (34,102) 98 46,997	45,397	(61,263 11,295 964
(34,102) 98 46,997 99	866	11,295
98 46,997 99	866	964
46,997 99		
99	(46,997)	_
12,894	12,160	12,259
	(12,894)	
For the three	e-month period ended Ju	ne 30, 2023
US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
22,707	4,120	26,827
22,267	_	22,267
(75)	25,073	24,998
(49,815)		(49,815
(27,623)	25,073	(2,550)
100	10,878	10,978
86,292	(86,292)	
100	8,328	8,428
58,669	(58,669)	
For the	year ended December 31,	. 2023
US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
133,910	29,541	163,451
122,769	-	122,769
(1,182)	34,787	33,605
(194,648)		(194,648)
(73,061)	34,787	(38,274
90	40,230	40,320
119,838	(119,838)	
100	1,946	2,046
	(46,767)	
	90 119,838	90 40,230 119,838 (119,838) 100 1,946

### **Shore**

Statement of Financial Position:

			As of June 30, 2024	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	49	1,610	1,659
Restricted cash	D	3,780	(1,610)	2,170
Derivatives	F	223	7,863	8,086
Property, plant & equipment	A, C,H	571,913	(67,091)	504,822
Intangible assets	C	14,425	(14,425)	
Right-of-use assets	E	88,151	137,496	225,647
Other assets	F	105,607	(8,027)	97,580
Total assets		784,148	55,816	839,964
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	29,660	(1,303)	28,357
Long-term lease liability	E	75,114	142,524	217,638
Other liabilities	L	455,975	8,667	464,642
Total liabilities		560,749	149,888	710,637
Partners' equity	A, E,F	223,399	(94,072)	129,327
Total liabilities and equity		784,148	55,816	839,964
			As of June 30, 2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	41	4,947	4,988
Restricted cash	D	4,947	(4,947)	
Property, plant & equipment	A, C,H	593,026	(65,942)	527,084
Intangible assets	C	14,973	(14,973)	
Right-of-use assets	Е	89,790	144,614	234,404
Other assets		130,158	(808)	129,350
The boll and the		922.025	C2 901	905 936
Total assets		832,935	62,891	895,826
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	11,462	(976)	10,486
Long-term lease liability		76,466	145,745	222,211
Other liabilities		452,702	7,864	460,566
Total liabilities		540,630	152,633	693,263
Partners' equity	A,E	292,305	(89,742)	202,563
Total liabilities and equity		832,935	62,891	895,826
			As of December 31, 2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Cash and cash equivalents	D	48	5,400	5,448
Restricted cash	D	7,529	(5,400)	2,129
Derivatives	F	-	14,304	14,304
Property, plant & equipment	A, C,H	582,326	(66,842)	515,484
Intangible assets	C	14,699	(14,699)	220.022
Right-of-use assets	E	88,979	141,044	230,023
Other assets		126,619	(15,638)	110,981
Total assets		820,200	58,169	878,369
Total assets		21,652	(2,615)	19,037
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	A	21,032	(2,013)	
Accounts payable and deferred expenses Long-term lease liability	A	75,775	144,152	219,927
Accounts payable and deferred expenses	А			219,927
Accounts payable and deferred expenses Long-term lease liability	А	75,775	144,152	219,927 471,389
Accounts payable and deferred expenses Long-term lease liability Other liabilities	A A, E,F	75,775 463,073	144,152 8,316	219,927 471,389 710,353
Accounts payable and deferred expenses  Long-term lease liability  Other liabilities  Total liabilities		75,775 463,073 560,500	144,152 8,316 149,853	219,927 471,389 710,353 168,016

### Shore (cont.)

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

			For the six-month perio	od ended June 30, 2024	
		US GAAP In USD thousand	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand
Revenues	В	83,882	(737)	-	83,145
Fuels and other	E	57,681	(7,973)	-	49,708
Other operating expenses	A	33,587	(2,880)	-	30,707
Depreciation and amortization	A, E,H	10,985	7,739		18,724
Operating loss		(18,371)	2,377	-	(15,994
Finance expenses	В,Е	14,096	5,902		19,998
Loss for the period		(32,467)	(3,525)	<del>_</del>	(35,992)
Other comprehensive loss	В	(3,834)	1,138	<del>_</del>	(2,696)
Comprehensive loss for the period		(36,301)	(2,387)	<del>_</del>	(38,688)
			For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023		
		US GAAP In USD thousand	IFRS adjustments In USD thousand	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies* In USD thousand	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies In USD thousand
Revenues	В	28,788	1,443	-	30,231
Fuels and other	E	31,604	(7,973)	-	23,631
Other operating expenses	A	37,477	(14,636)	-	22,841
Depreciation and amortization	A, E,H	10,983	4,485	<u>-</u> _	15,468
Operating loss		(51,276)	19,567	-	(31,709)
Finance expenses	B,E	13,381	3,977		17,538
•					
Loss for the period		(64,657)	15,590		(49,067
Loss for the period Other comprehensive loss	В	(64,657) (2,691)	15,590 (3,076)		(49,067)

<sup>(\*)</sup> Represents adjustments to the Group's accounting policies regarding the presentation of hedging transactions regarding energy margins.

### $\underline{Shore}\ (cont.)$

Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

			For the three-month per	iod ended June 30, 2024	
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	Adjustments to the Group's accounting policies*	IFRS - according to the Group's accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
	_				
Revenues	B E	39,330	(297) (3,987)	=	39,033
Fuels and other Other operating expenses	A A	25,878 18,718	(1,281)	-	21,891 17,743
Depreciation and amortization	A, E,H	5,495	3,870	-	9,365
Depreciation and amortization	71, 11,11	3,473	3,070		
Operating loss		(10,761)	1,101	-	(9,660)
Finance expenses	В,Е	7,161	2,897		10,058
Loss for the period		(17,922)	(1,796)	<u> </u>	(19,718)
Other comprehensive loss	В	4,790	479		5,269
Comprehensive loss for the period		(13,132)	(1,317)		(14,449)
			For the three-month per	iod ended June 30, 2023	
				Adjustments to the	IFRS - according to
				Group's accounting	the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	16,614	1,443		(18,057)
Fuels and other	E	10,309	(3,987)		6,322
Other operating expenses	A	18,757	(8,227)	_	10,530
Depreciation and amortization	A, E,H	5,489	2,966	-	8,455
Operating loss		(17,941)	10,691	-	(7,250)
Finance expenses	B,E	6,764	1,990		8,754
Loss for the period		(24,705)	8,701		(16,004)
Loss for the period		(24,703)	0,701		(10,004)
Other comprehensive loss	В	150	(2,242)	-	(2,092)
Comprehensive loss for the period		(24,555)	6,459		(18,096)
•			For the year ended	December 31, 2023	
			Tor the year chief	Adjustments to the	IFRS - according to
				Group's accounting	the Group's
		US GAAP	IFRS adjustments	policies*	accounting policies
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Revenues	В	112,217	749	-	122,966
Fuels and other	E	80,782	(15,947)	-	64,835
Other operating expenses	A	66,611	(18,196)	-	48,415
Depreciation and amortization	A, E,H	21,969	12,225		34,194
Operating loss		(57,145)	22,667		(34,478)
Operating 1000		(57,143)	22,007	-	(34,470)
Finance expenses	B,E	27,863	8,312		36,175
Loss for the year		(85,008)	14,355		(74,653)
Other comprehensive loss	В	(14,945)	(3,783)		(18,728)
Comprehensive loss for the year		(99,953)	10,572		(89,381)

 $<sup>(*) \</sup> Represents \ adjustments \ to \ the \ Group's \ accounting \ policies \ regarding \ the \ presentation \ of \ hedging \ transactions \ regarding \ energy \ margins.$ 

### $\underline{Shore}\ (cont.)$

Material adjustments to the statement of cash flows:

		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2024		
		US GAAP Adjustments		IFRS
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand
Loss for the period		(32,467)	(3,525)	(35,992
Net cash used for operating activities		(3,417)	-	(3,417
Net cash used for investing activities	D	(298)	(6,043)	(6,341
Net cash provided by financing activities		5,969		5,969
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,254	(6,043)	(3,789
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	48	5,400	5,448
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	77,610	(77,610)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	49	1,610	1,659
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	79,864	(79,864)	
Loss for the period		US GAAP In USD thousand (64,657)	Adjustments In USD thousand	IFRS In USD thousand (49,067
Net cash used for operating activities		(6,541)		(6,541
Net cash used for investing activities  Net cash used for investing activities	D	(395)	(1,048)	(1,443
Net cash provided by financing activities	В	1,000	(1,048)	1,000
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(5,936)	(1,048)	(6,984
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	39	11,933	11,972
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	89,905	(89,905)	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	41	4,947	4,988
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	83,967	(83,967)	
	F - 54			

### $\underline{Shore}\ (cont.)$

Material adjustments to the statement of cash flows:

		US GAAP	he three-month period ended Ju Adjustments	IFRS	
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
loss for the period		(17,992)	(1,796)	(19,78	
Net cash provided by operating activities		442	-	44	
Net cash used for investing activities	D	(298)	(5,125)	(5,42	
Net cash provided by financing activities		5,100		5,10	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		5,244	(5,125)	11	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	48	1,492	1,54	
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	77,618	(77,618)		
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	49	1,609	1,65	
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	79,862	(79,862)		
		For the thre	e-month period ended Ju	ne 30, 2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS	
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
Loss for the period		(24,705)	8,701	(16,00	
Net cash used for operating activities		(460)		(40	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(368)	4.014	3,64	
Net cash used for financing activities		(4,000)		(4,00	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(4,828)	(4,014)	(81	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents of the beginning of period	D	41	5,761	5,80	
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the period	D	88,794	(88,794)		
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	D	41	4,947	4,9	
Restricted cash balance as of the end of the period	D	83,967	(83,967)		
		For the	year ended December 31	. 2023	
		US GAAP	Adjustments	IFRS	
		In USD thousand	In USD thousand	In USD thousand	
Loss for the year		(85,008)	14,355	(70,65	
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,157	-	4,15	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	D	(408)	5,763	5,3	
Net cash used for financing activities		(16,036)		(16,03	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(12,287)	5,763	(6,5	
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the year	D	39	11,933	11,9	
Restricted cash balance as of the beginning of the year	D	89,905	(89,905)		
• • •					
Balance of cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the year	D	48	5,400	5,4	

#### Below is a breakdown of the key adjustments between US GAAP and IFRS in Valley, Fairview, Towantic and Shore

- A. Maintenance costs under the Long Term Maintenance Plan (hereinafter the "LTPC Agreement"): under IFRS, variable payments which were paid in accordance with the milestones as set in the LTPC Agreement are capitalized to the cost of property, plant and equipment and amortized over the period from the date on which maintenance work was carried out until the date on which maintenance work is due to take place again. Under US GAAP, the said payments are recognized on payment date within current expenses in the statement of profit and loss.
- B. Hedge effectiveness of swaps: in accordance with the IFRS the associates recognize adjustments relating to the ineffective portion of their cash flow hedge under profit and loss. Under US GAAP, there is no part which is not effective, and the hedging results are recognized in full in other comprehensive income.
- C. Intangible assets: Under IFRS, certain intangible assets are defined as property, plant and equipment.
- D. Restricted cash: There is a difference between the presentation and classification of restricted cash in the cash flow statements and in the statements of financial position.
- E. Right-of-use assets: In IFRS, certain contracts are classified as leases. Under US GAAP, these contracts do not meet the definition of lease contracts and are recorded as an operating expense.
- F. Certain compound financial instruments are classified in full as derivatives in IFRS. Under US GAAP, these financial instruments are bifurcated between derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments.
- G. Impairment of property, plant and equipment in Valley: In 2021, prior to the acquisition date of CPV Group, indications of impairment of the property, plant and equipment were identified. Under IFRS, the carrying amount exceeded the recoverable amount (the discounted cash flows that Valley expects to generate from the asset), and consequently an impairment loss was recognized. Under US GAAP, the non-discounted cash flows that Valley expects to generate from the asset exceeded the carrying amount, and therefore no impairment loss was recognized. Since the impairment loss was taken into account as part of the excess cost allocation work as of the acquisition date of CPV Group, its subsequent reversal in Valley's financial statements, if recognized, shall not affect the Company's results.
- H. Property, plant and equipment in Shore: In Shore's financial statements the property, plant, and equipment is presented at historical cost. The adjustments to property, plant and equipment include, in addition to sections a and c above, the allocation of excess cost carried out on the acquisition date of CPV Group.